

## Nanaimo Has Won The Championship

### Deciding Game of Vancouver Island Association Football League Played at Oak Bay Park To-Day.

After a most exciting finish the Vancouver Island Association football season for 1908 closed to-day with Nanaimo the winners of the championship by a score of 2 to 0.

Ladysmith played themselves out in the first half and in the last part of the match was unable to overcome the lead Nanaimo secured. The scoring was all done in the first half.

Early in the season it became evident that the final struggle would be between Nanaimo and Ladysmith, and as the end approached all interest began to be attracted to the closing match. The marked equality of the two teams and the determination of each to win made the concluding match a difficult one to figure on.

Excellent therefore ran high last Saturday when the teams met in what was to have been the last game of the season. The admirers of each side were doomed to disappointment, however, and went home with the championship still undecided.

The excitement was now still more intense and while the storm centres, as far as excitement was concerned, was about the cities of Nanaimo and Ladysmith, Victoria, the neutral battlefield, was likewise intensely interested.

Both cities can justly feel proud of the teams which represented them during the season.

Compared with last Saturday the crowd was a poor one, the grand stand being very thinly patronized, most of the spectators choosing the sidelines. There was a slight breeze blowing in the same direction as last week, but not enough to interfere with the play which was fast throughout and kept the spectators interested all the time. Lockley, of Esquimalt, handled the whistle very effectively.

Nanaimo went into the game with their side badly crippled. Hooper had a bad cold, and his foot was in poor shape, but not too bad for him to take the penalty which gave Nanaimo the first goal. His rushing the goal-keeper and sending the ball through over his head after it was stopped was one of the features of the play.

Hewitt's knee was still stiff, and Harley's foot was so badly injured in an exhibition game last Sunday that he was unable to take part at all, Steele taking his place.

The teams both went into the game confident of victory. Farmer and Adams, the centre forwards of either side, looked in first class shape. There were no odds given in the betting, and this was warranted by the play.

The first goal was scored by Nanaimo at ten minutes from the kick off, and this put the Coal Capital supporters in a marvellously good humor. Taken on the whole, however, the crowd was nothing like as enthusiastic as last week. The military men were much in evidence on the sidelines, and they were strictly impartial in their applause.

Blundell, the youngest man on the Nanaimo team, did excellent work, showing no sign of the white feather which he is sometimes accused of displaying. Head work was used with great effect by both sides, much more so than usual, but there was a lack of combination such as is sometimes seen.

Provincs and Hooper had a slight altercation over an alleged trip and showed an intention to mix, but the referee interfered.

The second goal was put through very neatly from right in front by Cruickshank three minutes before half time, thus putting Nanaimo two in the lead, and no more scoring was done during the first half.

#### FIRST HALF.

Nanaimo won the toss and Sander-son for Ladysmith tied the leather over the centre mark against a slight breeze at 1:00 o'clock. The wind blew down the ground under conditions similar to last Saturday, but was not quite so strong and did not prove such a strong effect on the play as on Saturday.

The Nanaimo defense was put to work at once, but came strongly and Bradshaw saved well in goal. The ball was soon down the ground and shortly afterwards returned to the Nanaimo goal, when Bradshaw again showed himself in the right place and turned the leather away to the left field. Lockley, the Esquimalt goalkeeper, acting as referee, kept the play fast, although compared to Saturday the first few minutes of play was not so fast. At this period Adams played prominently. Hooper got a shot from a free for handling and rushed in after kicking the ball and by a brilliant shot snared the ball from Hartly and landed it in the net for keeps, ten minutes from play. One goal to Nanaimo.

On again the play was soon with the wind and in the Ladysmith territory again. A corner kicked by Blundell placed the ball in a good position, but Ladysmith backs, Morrison and O'Connell, prevented further damage, and passed to Clegg, who sent it forward to the other end of the ground, when Mitchell came into evidence and defended well.

Steele, who took Harley's place, was there with the goods and did good work for his side. With the help of the wind and footwork the ball passed over the ground and went out at the far end, but enroute struck Blundell hard in the abdomen, bringing him to

the ground in pain. He, however, was soon up none the worse for the mishap. The kick was a hard one from the foot of Morrison.

Ladysmith, after the first goal to Nanaimo brought all their forwards behind the centre line to aid in the defence, and their action proved of vast assistance against the strong attack of the Nanaimo forwards. The players on both sides were faulty and frequently played the men instead of the ball until they were brought to order by two penalty kicks awarded by Referee Lockley.

Play thereafter was more open and the ball travelled at a rapid pace from man to man all over the ground. It was free from special incident, and neither side showed any combination or skillful passing. A second corner to Blundell put the ball in front from where it was again headed out by Ladysmith's forward, Sanderson, who had been brought back for the defence.

The awarding of the corner to Blundell called for an objection from Peden the line man who went into the field and argued the matter with Lockley. The latter, however, decided to continue as first ordered.

Hartley saved several times in splendid style, and Blundell showed up prominently for Nanaimo in several encounters.

Provincs tripped Hooper and Lockley was called in to warn the players against becoming heated and resorting to fast cuffs.

The ball still traveled at random without any system being shown by the men.

Bradshaw kept a chance to score out of Nanaimo's goal by rushing out and punching the leather well away. The play was erratic and interfered some with what little judgment the men exercised.

Three minutes before time the play again got around the Ladysmith goal and Cruickshank got the ball well in front and sent a swift one into the exact spot as the Nanaimo fans wanted it, registering goal No. 2 for Nanaimo.

Hartley made a strong effort to prevent the shot being registered, but couldn't cover the ground quick enough and he threw himself at the ball when he saw he could not make the distance. He failed to stop the goal. Nanaimo supporters sent up some big cheers when it was noticed that the Ladysmith boys had a double hill to climb, and finished the remainder of the first half comfortably shaking hands with themselves. At the call of half time the scores were Nanaimo 2, Ladysmith 0.

#### SECOND HALF.

During the interval between halves, Hewitt found his leg, which was hurt in the first half, troublesome and it was bandaged before the re-start. From the kick-off Hooper took the ball into the Ladysmith half and shot over the line. Ladysmith then took over the ball and carried the sphere to the Nanaimo goal, where Graham and Manson were kept busy repelling determined attacks.

Contending their lead of two goals, the Coal City men massed their goal and held the Ladysmith forwards at bay. Ladysmith brought every available man to the attack and for ten minutes after the interval the ball remained in front of the Nanaimo goal. Hurren and Sawyer broke away, and by long passing carried the ball into mid-field, where Wynn repelled a promising effort on the part of Nanaimo. Adams handled Palmer, and from the free kick the ball was sent nearer to the Ladysmith goal.

Ladysmith, with the wind assisting them, worked the ball back to the centre of the field and then invaded the Nanaimo half. The enthusiasm greeted a determined attack on the Ladysmith goal, Bradshaw saving four successive shots in brilliant fashion amid thunderous cheers.

Cruickshank and Manson beat the invaders back and play was in mid-field with a cessation was necessitated by a collision between Adams and Hooper. Both men were wounded, but soon resumed.

The first place of choice combination play in the whole game came after a throw-up, the Nanaimo forwards breaking away in line, and playing the short passing game backed up by their halves, took the leather again into the Ladysmith half. Mid-field play followed, both teams striving hard to get away. Nanaimo, finding the Ladysmith forwards somewhat ineffective, applied for further honors, and, with twenty minutes to go, again took the offensive.

Playing a pretty passing game, their forwards made frequent incursions into the Ladysmith territory, but the strong defence of the latter's backs held them at bay. Adams, McKinley and Graham, for Ladysmith, worked heroically to avert the threatened disaster, but the combination of the Coal City forwards nullified the efforts of the former, who received only poor support from his wings. Nanaimo was quicker on the ball and the passing game contrasted strongly with the tendency to individualism on the part of the Ladysmith men.

What time the Ladysmith men were in the Nanaimo half they were not dangerous after the first twenty minutes of the second half. The ball was in the Ladysmith half most of the time, and the latter's chances of equalizing grew less as the end approached.

A final attack made by Ladysmith proved abortive. Hooper, by brilliant driving, beating four opponents and getting the ball to centre. From this on the Nanaimo men hopelessly outclassed their opponents, who were evidently played out. Play remained in the Ladysmith half until the blow of the whistle announced Nanaimo winners by two goals to nothing amid the wildest enthusiasm on the part of their supporters.

Nanaimo were deservedly winners, sur-

passing both in science and stability, the men of Ladysmith. The latter tried themselves in the first half in their efforts to break through the impregnable defence of Graham, Manson and Bradshaw. The latter, when called upon, proved himself a star keeper, and to him must be attributed the greatest of praise for his brilliant saves during the early stages of the second half.

#### YOUTHFUL DESPERADO.

Stabs Fifteen-Year-Old Boy For Refusing to Fight.

(Special to The Times.)

Woodstock, Ont., April 15.—Because he refused to fight when challenged, Earl Cooper, fifteen years old, was stabbed in the breast by another boy. The blade narrowly missed his heart, and his condition is critical.

## SWEEPING AWAY MONTANA TOWNS

### UNCONTROLLABLE FLOOD CAREENS THROUGH STATE

#### Enormous Smelter Said to Be Doomed—River Strewn With Debris.

Helena, Mont., April 15.—An uncontrollable flood is rapidly advancing today upon Great Falls, a city of 15,000 people, and it is believed that the Boston and Montana smelter, one of the largest in the world, is doomed to destruction.

The smelter, which is built on the river bank, employs more than 1,500 men. The employees were engaged all night in the construction of a "wing dam" around the smelter. Preparations have also been made so that the damage at the falls, from which the smelter secures its power, may be dynamited as a last resort.

Craig, Mont., probably has been wiped off the map, although as far as is known all of the 400 inhabitants escaped. Cascade, a town of 400 population, 60 miles from Helena, and 25 miles north of Craig, is now under water and in danger of being swept away. The river is thickly strewn with debris of ranch houses. Many animals are battling for their lives in the flood.

### AMASSED SEVERAL MILLIONS OF MONEY

#### Alfred H. Rennie, Well Known Flour King, Suicides at Hongkong.

(Special to The Times.)

Brookville, April 15.—A cablegram received here this morning announced the suicide of Alfred H. Rennie at Hongkong. He was formerly a resident of Brookville, but had been in Hongkong for twenty years, where he amassed several millions of money inaugurating and controlling several flour and rolling mills. He was obviously disposed and only last week gave a donation of \$15,000 to the Hongkong university.

His wife was Miss Florence Mowatt, of Brookville. He was fifty years of age and his aged mother and one brother, Dr. Rennie, reside in Hamilton.

#### Romance of Wealth.

Montreal, April 15.—Mr. Rennie, who suicided in Hongkong, was years ago private secretary to John Norquay, when the latter was Prime Minister of Manitoba. Being of an enterprising turn he started for China and the next thing heard of him he had established himself at Hongkong as agent for one of the San Francisco milling establishments, and was quite successful. In fact, he became one of the largest importers of American flour in the Chinese empire.

About two years ago he formed a milling company in one of the large Chinese cities, but apart from receiving circulars of trade little was known as to the success of venture. Mr. Rennie was considered a very enterprising and capable business man and his end will be generally deplored in these parts of Canada where he was known.

#### ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

Toronto, April 15.—The Ontario legislature was prorogued yesterday afternoon by His Honor Sir Mortimer Clarke, lieutenant-governor. A hundred and fifty-six bills were assented to. The total number which had been introduced during the session was 243. The session which terminated is the shortest known for a number of years.

#### SUCCESSFUL TO INJURIES.

Montreal, April 15.—Lawrence Price, the electrical engineer who fell down the shaft in the Algoma mine last week and who was brought to the general hospital here, died yesterday. He was the son of H. M. Price, the well known lumber king of Quebec.

#### SEEDLING IN FULL SWING.

Swift Current, April 15.—Eighty-five carloads of settlers' effects have arrived here during the past month. Seedling is in full swing. The ground is in splendid shape and June wheat is prevailing.

## MAHON BLOCK GUTTED BY FIRE

### LOSS WILL BE ABOUT EIGHTY-FIVE THOUSAND

#### Government Street Buildings Ruined by Early Morning Conflagration.

A fire causing a loss of at least \$85,000 broke out this morning at about 5:30 o'clock in the Mahon building on Government street, between Fort and Bastion streets, by which the stocks of the Ogilvie Hardware Company and Sea & Gowan, gentlemen's outfitters, were badly damaged and heavy losses sustained by both firms, while the furniture and fixtures belonging to the tenants upstairs are completely destroyed. The total estimate of loss of \$85,000 is made up by \$26,000 on the building, which sum the agents, Pemberton & Sons, say will be required to repair the damage; \$23,000 on the stock of the Ogilvie Hardware Company; 30,000 on the stock of Lea & Gowan, and about \$6,000 on the furniture and fittings of the tenants upstairs.

The losses are in many cases nearly complete, very few of the tenants upstairs having taken out any insurance as yet on their furniture. The Ogilvie Hardware Company carried insurance to about 75 per cent of their stock of \$23,000, and considerable of this stock will be saved, the damage being caused mostly by water. Sea & Gowan sustained all damage through smoke and water, which has completely ruined their whole outfit. Their spring stock, valued at nearly \$10,000, is a complete loss, and the greater portion of it has just been opened.

The tenants who occupied offices upstairs on the first story were: Dr. H. Burgess, dentist; Globe Agency Company, real estate; J. C. and A. C. Fields, real estate; Identification Company of America; Arthur Bell, timber agent; W. Blair, photographer; Cavanagh & Mannell Brothers, dentists; Ellis & Shumate, timber and realty; and Reid & Maymuth, real estate. The latter firm is the largest of the group, and had only last week completed the fitting up of their offices. They were intending to cover with insurance at once.

The building is a two-story brick with three stories on the roadway at the rear, where are located Dr. Harris, civil engineer; Gillespie and J. B. Green, B. C. land surveyors; the Conservative Club rooms, Victoria Perfumery Company, and J. L. Beckwith & Co., manufacturers agents, whose premises have escaped almost completely, suffering only from water.

The building will require retitting throughout the interior. The whole of the first and second floors of the upper story are destroyed and the ceiling of the lower story will at the rear part of the building have to be replaced.

The building is owned by Edwin Mahon, of Vancouver, and is insured for \$25,000 in three companies, the Sun, North British and the Hartford. The loss of \$25,000 is fully covered. The Ogilvie Hardware Company are covered to the extent of 75 per cent, and will probably sustain but little loss. Sea & Gowan will, however, be heavy losers, as their stock, estimated at \$30,000, is but one-third covered, and a complete loss of the fine goods is thought by them to be certain.

The building is comparatively new and has only been tenanted since December last year. The origin of the fire is at present unknown but is thought by the agents to have been caused by the fuses of electric wires. The greater portion of the damage is done in the rear of the premises where the whole of the upper floor is demolished, nothing but a few charred sticks remaining. The fire started in the vicinity of the rear entrance, travelled upstairs and took complete control of the upper story. The fire brigade was called about 5:45 this morning, and under Chief Watson quickly responded and took charge of affairs. Great difficulty was experienced in locating the seat of the fire and when the doors were broken in the building was found filled with smoke. The fire was first thought to have started in the furnace room, but an examination there showed the furnace room to be almost the only room in the building which was not damaged. The furnaces were left by the janitor of the building, J. Mariel, at 10:30 p. m. yesterday, at which time the fires were then burning out. The only other cause that can be assigned is that given by the agents.

A. E. Kent, of the Pacific Transfer Company, was among the first to see the fire. At that time flames were bursting forth from the building. He rushed to Dr. J. W. Heimeken's premises, next door to the scene, and arousing him, called upon the doctor to summon the fire department.

#### WHIRLS TO DEATH.

(Special to The Times.)  
Lanigan, Sask., April 15.—W. J. Robinson, formerly of Winnipeg, the proprietor of a saw and door factory, was instantly killed yesterday. He was caught in an engine drive wheel and belt.

#### KILLED BY EXPRESS.

Walkerville, Ont., April 15.—J. H. Churchill is dead here as the result of injuries received by being struck by a Wabash express.

## PREMIER SCOTT'S WELCOME.

Splendid Tribute to Saskatchewan's First Minister on His Return Home.

(Special to The Times.)

Regina, April 15.—Eleven hundred members of the recently organized Liberal Club gave Premier Scott a splendid welcome home in the auditorium of the city hall last night. The reception proved a fitting close to the club's campaign for membership.

#### NEW RHODES SCHOLAR.

(Special to The Times.)

Kingston, Ont., April 15.—G. S. Fire, a student at Queen's, has been awarded the Rhodes scholarship for Alberta and Saskatchewan. His father is a high school teacher in Alberta.

## SCATHING ATTACK ON TORY CLUB

### CONDUCT INSULTING TO VANCOUVER ELECTORS

#### Sir C. Tupper, Bart, Asks Is Party to Be Sacrificed to Machine Dictators?

(Special to The Times.)

Vancouver, April 15.—The row between the Tupper and the Conservative Club received another thriller today in a letter published in the News-Advertiser addressed to G. H. Barnard, president of the British Columbia Conservative Association signed by Sir Charles Tupper, Bart. After quoting the report of last week's meeting as contained in the Province, Sir Charles says regarding the club's resolution: "During over fifty years since I entered public life, never have I seen anything so insulting addressed to a body of electors. I doubt if a parallel could be found outside of Russia. In my opinion, the fullest opportunity should be given to those interested in securing the ablest representative of this important constituency at this crisis in its history."

"Does this organ of the government not know that the announcement that one of the most prominent leaders of the Conservative party, with an unblemished record of twenty-six years in parliament, has decided to devote his energies to secure the return of that party to power, has given new life to its friends all over Canada and that the expressed confidence of his fellow citizens would strengthen his hands in fighting their battle, and that one and all of those wishing him to be a candidate pledged themselves to support the nominee of the convention, who ever it might be?"

"Whether the future of the Conservative party is to be sacrificed by machine dictators or by open independent expression of the opinion of the intelligent electors of this fine city is to prevail is the great issue which has been raised and to which I beg to call your attention since the unauthorized flat as above mentioned has been sent to you."

#### Tory Club's Reply.

Charles E. Tisdall, president of the Vancouver Conservative Club, sent a reply at noon to-day to Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper as follows: "We do not believe that a discussion of the statement issued by this organization on the 10th inst. is politic, appropriate or necessary. It is not directed against any individual, but embraces all. The newspaper heading to which you refer forms no portion thereof. As to your proposed alternative course, to call a meeting of the Conservatives of the Vancouver electoral district, we have no control and offer no opinion."

#### TO VISIT VANCOUVER.

(Special to The Times.)

Ottawa, April 15.—Commissioner Henderson, of Yukon, has been given leave of absence. He wants to visit Vancouver. During his absence Gold Commissioner St. Clair will act for him.

#### VICTIM OF HEART FAILURE.

Winnipeg, April 15.—Fanny P. Moorhouse, a nurse in the family of Walter Moss, Roslyn road, was found dead in her room yesterday morning. Heart failure is said to have been the cause. Miss Moorhouse came to Winnipeg from Birmingham, England, about a year ago.

#### "DREAMERS" SUSPECTED.

Religious Sect May Have Fired Medicine Hat Residence.

Medicine Hat, April 15.—The residence of Dan Lehr, south of here, was burned on Sunday night by means of coal oil. A religious sect known as Dreamers are suspected.

The Northwest Mounted Police have gone out to investigate. Nine warrants have been issued.

#### SMALLPOX IN TORONTO.

Toronto, April 15.—Two more cases of smallpox have been discovered in the city, one on St. Joseph street, and another on Elizabeth street.

## Liberal Enthusiasm in Yale-Cariboo

### Convention at Vernon Endorses and Renominates Duncan Ross—Comprehensive Speech by Sitting Member—Renews Attack on Atty. General Bowser.

(Special to The Times.)

Vernon, April 14.—If ever a public man had occasion to realize that his services were heartily appreciated, that was the experience of Duncan Ross, M. P., at the Yale-Cariboo Liberal nominating convention here to-day. A splendid gathering of Liberals, including one hundred and ten delegates, representing almost every section of the great Dominion, electoral district of Yale-Cariboo, covering an area of 155,000 square miles, unanimously and enthusiastically endorsed his course in parliament since his election in 1904, and with equal unanimity declared him to be the only possible standard-bearer in the coming campaign.

It was a splendid tribute and demonstration in no uncertain manner the unqualified satisfaction of Yale-Cariboo Liberals with the policy of the Laurier administration.

The convention assembled at 2 p. m. in the opera house. S. C. Smith, president of the Yale-Cariboo Liberal Association, occupied the chair. A committee on credentials and resolutions was appointed and performed its duties. The convention was regularly organized with one hundred and ten delegates in attendance, which representation would have been largely increased had it not been for the unfortunate delay of the train from the west which prevented delegates from Yale, Lillooet and Cariboo and some from Kamloops putting in an appearance. The report of the resolutions committee was received and accepted unanimously as follows:

Resolved that this convention of Liberals of Yale-Cariboo electoral district expresses its profound confidence and esteem in the trusted leader of the Liberals of Canada, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, and hope he may be long spared to direct the government of Canada and to continue his policy for the permanent binding together of all parts of the British Empire. That through his policy Newfoundland may soon become a province of the Dominion and the Georgian Bay scheme may become an accomplished fact and that as soon as the conditions are favorable and satisfactory terms can be obtained whereby the All-Red line may be inaugurated and whereby British unity and inter-British trade may be maintained supreme. That we, the Liberals of Yale-Cariboo, in convention assembled, hereby pledge to the government of Sir Wilfrid Laurier our loyal and enthusiastic support in the forthcoming general elections. That we also wish to record our hearty endorsement of his course as a parliamentarian by our member, Mr. Duncan Ross, since his election in 1904. That we hereby express our strong approval of the action of the government in appointing the civil service commission and of the course of Sir Wilfrid Laurier following upon the report thereof, and we express sincere desire that, as a result of that course, so entirely in accord with Liberal principles, the civil service of Canada will in the near future, be established on a strictly non-partisan basis. That we also heartily approve of the broad and statesmanlike manner in which Sir Wilfrid Laurier has dealt with the Asiatic immigration problem.

Following the adoption of the resolutions the secretary read the following letter from Sir Wilfrid Laurier:

Ottawa, March 21, 1908.  
G. A. Harris, Esq., Secretary Yale-Cariboo Liberal District Association, Vernon, B. C.

My Dear Sir—I understand that a convention is called for the purpose of selecting a Liberal candidate in the district of Yale-Cariboo. It is an encouraging sign to see that the Liberals of your district are thus getting ready for the contest. The loyalty and enthusiasm of the Liberals of the west have always been to me an inspiration and an encouragement and I feel sure that my friends in Yale-Cariboo will see that so far as they are concerned there will be no breaks in the ranks of the solid seven from British Columbia. Your district is one of immense area and wonderful natural resources, offering a most attractive field for development. We want a supporter from this rich district to aid and advise us in connection with those problems that are incidental to the development of the west and the building up of a greater Canada.

It is not for me to interfere in the choice of the electors; this is a matter as to which they must be left absolutely untrammelled. If I may, however, be permitted to express a wish, it is that you should not be called upon to be more acceptable to myself and to the Liberal members of the House of Commons than our friend Duncan Ross, the gallant sitting member.

Yours very sincerely,

WILFRID LAURIER.

The nominations for a candidate to represent the Liberal party in the coming campaign were then called for by John D. Swanson, of Kamloops, who, in an eloquent and vigorous speech, nominated Duncan Ross, Esq., of Kelowna, seconded the nomination, which was further endorsed by stirring speeches by Dr. K. K. McDonald, Vernon; John Hyman, Vernon; Smith, ex-M. P. P. P. of Roseland, and Senator Bostock, all of whom vouched for the faithfulness and indefatigable efforts of Duncan Ross in his representation at Ottawa of the important constituency of Yale-Cariboo, special emphasis being laid upon his splendid fight for the competition

In railways in Southern British Columbia.

No other name was mentioned and with one accord and with immense enthusiasm the large audience rose and cheered Duncan Ross as the standard-bearer in Yale-Cariboo in the coming campaign.

In acknowledging the splendid testimony to the efficiency of his past services, Duncan Ross said that it fully repaid him for the four years of strenuous work he had put in at Ottawa, he reviewed at some length the standard issues of the coming campaign but deferred extended remarks until the evening meeting. The executive committee for the electoral district then organized, with Dr. K. K. McDonald as chairman; G. A. Harris, secretary, and one representative from each provincial constituency included in the Yale-Cariboo federal riding, eight in all.

Evening Proceedings.  
This evening delegates were entertained at a smoking concert in the opera house by the local Liberal Association, an important speech being delivered by Duncan Ross, who dealt very fully with the Asiatic immigration question, following up his charges against Provincial Attorney-General Bowser and substantiating them with original documents proving explicitly Bowser's trickery and bad faith in the matter of contracts made by the C. P. R. for the importation of Japanese coolie labor. Other speakers were Smith Curtis, Senator Bostock and other prominent district and visiting Liberal workers.

It would have been impossible to have held a more successful nominating convention, or one that more fully testified to the unanimity of the Liberal party and to its determination to re-elect a supporter of the Laurier administration.

If to-day's proceedings be any criterion of Liberal sentiment in British Columbia then there can be but little doubt that the Pacific province will continue to be represented at Ottawa by a solid seven.

The following is the speech delivered by Duncan Ross, M. P.:

How can I thank the good people of Vernon for the warmth of their reception to myself. Four years ago I came to you a stranger asking for your vote. You were kind to me then because in a rather close contest you established a new record in giving a majority to the Liberal candidate. Four years ago I had no personal record to justify or defend. I return to you after four years of service sometimes strenuous, always arduous, always interesting and fascinating and it is most flattering and encouraging to be received with so much kindness and enthusiasm.

(Continued on page 10.)

## MODUS VIVENDI IN NEWFOUNDLAND

### HAGUE TO ARBITRATE ON FISHERIES TREATY

#### Tribunal to Settle Whether Colonial Laws Can Interfere.

Washington, D. C., April 15.—The British and United States governments are planning to submit to the permanent court of arbitration at the Hague the task of interpreting the Newfoundland fisheries treaty of 1818. Ratification of the general arbitration treaty recently negotiated between the two countries will be necessary before the Hague tribunal can be called upon to take jurisdiction but this ratification is predicted in well informed quarters.

In settling the controversy the Hague Tribunal will have to decide whether state or colonial laws and regulations shall be permitted to interfere with the terms of a treaty. The latter question has recently confronted the American administration in the Japanese school question in California. That under the treaty of 1818 Americans were granted the same fishing rights in Newfoundland waters as British subjects is the American contention. The British view of the question is that Americans were granted such rights only as British subjects then or at any subsequent time should possess.

To accept this view the American rights would be subject to change at the will of Newfoundland expressed in the enactment of local regulations. Such regulations have been made and each has been regarded by American fishermen as a grievous curtailment of the original limited privileges in the fishery. The attempted enforcement of these rights has resulted in the accumulation of claims on the part of the aggrieved fishermen and these claims will be considered in the award of the arbitration. To this list of claims has been added those of the two American captains of fishing schooners arrested last week and fined \$100 each by the Newfoundland authorities. With the submission of this treaty to the Hague court it will, it is believed, inspire similar action by other nations.



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W. Graham, the Nanaimo right full back, is probably the most consistent full



W. GRAHAM.

back in the province of British Columbia. He is a safe man, to be depended upon always, and what is very uncommon he is a good man forward or at any other place in the field. Formerly he played for Lady Smith, but he is now proud to belong to the Nanaimo eleven. Graham is an all round athlete, excelling in baseball and in any sport in which he takes an interest.

JAMES ADAM.

James Adam, the subject of this sketch, needs no introduction to the football public of the coast. He is far and away the best known footballer in the province, and on coast fields his reputation reaches from Cumberland to San Francisco. Captain of the Lady Smith team, he is recognized as the finest centre-forward in the province. He can play the centre half position with equal success, and has more than



J. ADAMS

Captain of Lady Smith Team

once taken on all comers at full back. However, centre forward is the position he best likes to play, and the one position in which he shines most. Tall and strong, particularly in his legs, and weighing about 190 pounds, he has a rare turn of speed. He races with wonderful command of the ball; the artful dodger is not in it with him for tricks. A great dribbler, he excels even more in a close rush on goal, and few backs can hold him in front of the sticks. Always cool, he is the most dangerous of forwards around the goal mouth. He shoots equally straight with either foot, and has a terrific drive.

Born in the Old Country, he has learnt all his football in Canada. More than anybody else he has kept the game going in Ladysmith, and he has one of the best teams with him he has ever played with. Naturally he is unusually popular with the home crowd. Of course, he has his detractors, and he is frequently charged with selfish play. To a certain extent in previous years individualism has been forced upon him; but Jim always puts the interests of his side before his own. His first care is his side's success, and he finds as much satisfaction in a win to which he has not contributed a goal (a very rare occurrence) as in one in which he has saved all the points. To conclude, he is playing at the top of his form this year.

Last evening Mr. Christopher S. Hosking, of this city, and Miss Mable Smith, also of this city, were united in wedlock by Rev. G. K. B. Adams at the Metropolitan Methodist parsonage. The bride was attended by Miss L. Hosking, while Mr. J. Eccles supported the groom. The wedding party will take up their residence at 1292 North road.

**Old Wellington  
Coal**

**HEISTERMAN & CO.**

1207 Government St.

Phone 64.

**SERVES AS AN  
OBJECT LESSON****MORNING FIRE AND  
SALT WATER BY-LAW**

Mayor Hall Says it Demonstrates Necessity for High Pressure System.

This morning's fire on Government street is taken by many as illustrating the necessity for the installation of a high pressure system of fire protection, such as will be provided if the by-law to be submitted to the people to-morrow passes. It is regarded as significant that the fire should have occurred on the eve of the vote on the by-law.

When seen by a reporter for the Times this morning, Mayor Hall said: "Nothing could serve better to illustrate the necessity for a high pressure system, and to my mind it is a warning to the citizens. It demonstrates beyond question that such a system is urgently needed. The fire, however, occurred at a fortunate hour, about 6 a. m., when the whole water pressure of this city was available, as little, if any, was then being drawn off for domestic purposes, so that it was fought under the best possible conditions, and the firemen also deserve credit for their work. But had there been a wind from the southeast such as there was on Saturday, even with the comparatively good water supply that there was this morning, it would have been impossible to save a large portion of the business section of the city from destruction."

"I might point out that the reservoir which it is proposed to place on Smith's hill, would be of no practical value in fighting a fire such as this morning's would have been had there been a high wind. The best pressure we could hope for would be 75 pounds. This, however, would not be available for fighting the fire, for there would be a loss of from 5 to 10 pounds by friction in the pipes and of 10 pounds by the opening of the hydrant, while every hundred feet length of hose would take another 10 pounds. With only 15 feet of hose the pressure would fall to considerably below 50 pounds. A high pressure system would give at the very least between 50 and 60 pounds at the nozzle. The difference in these figures means that with the latter the fire could be effectively fought, while with the former it could not, and, inasmuch as property loss as well as much suffering would follow, I sincerely hope the people will take the lesson to heart."

**PUBLIC MEETING TO  
BE HELD TO-NIGHT**

By-Laws Will Be Explained at  
Spring Ridge This Evening  
—Vote To-morrow.

This evening the last meeting for the discussion of the four by-laws to be submitted to the people to-morrow will be held in Odd Fellows' hall, Spring Ridge, commencing at 8 o'clock, when it is hoped that there may be a large attendance, not only from that section, but also from other parts of the city. The council, which is submitting three by-laws, and the school board, which is submitting one, are both anxious that as many interested persons should be in attendance, especially any who may not understand the provisions or objects of any of the measures. The three measures to be submitted by the council include one for \$50,000 to provide a salt water high pressure system, another for \$20,000 for additional fire halls and equipment for the fire brigade, while the third is for \$10,000 to provide a site in the northern and the purchase of a site in the southern portion of the city.

The by-laws will be voted on to-morrow between the hours of 9 a. m. and 7 p. m. in the old market building, 618 Cormorant street. The voters' list to be used will be the property owners' names on the Mayor's list for last year, and all property owners who have notified the assessor of a change of title since then. W. W. Northcott is returning officer.

**G. T. P. STEAMER TO BE  
CALLED DISTRIBUTOR**

The New Vessel Will Likely Be  
Launched Next  
Tuesday.

A name has been selected for the new G. T. P. river steamer now building at Alex. Watson's yards on the George. She will be known as the "Distributor," which at least indicates the use to which the vessel is to be put. The Distributor will, according to arrangements, be launched next Tuesday at a very early hour in the day, shortly after 5 a. m. This hour is selected because the tide is then right for the task.

The steamer will then be towed to a convenient point in the harbor for the taking of the machinery now on the way. The Distributor will be employed as previously mentioned for the carrying of supplies from Prince Rupert up the Skeena river to various points during construction days. It will be under the command of Capt. S. B. Johnston.

There were three drunks on the docket at the police court this morning. One was remanded until to-morrow, one was fined the usual amount and the third pleaded not guilty, and was remanded until to-morrow. When he learned, however, that he would have to spend another night in the cells he willed and returning to the court pleaded guilty and was fined.

**DONDERO APPEARS  
IN POLICE COURT**

Man Accused of Robbing Tony  
Parravincini is Remanded  
Until To-morrow.

Louis Dondero, whom Detective George M. Perdue brought back from San Francisco yesterday after his extradition on a charge of stealing \$1,400 from Tony Parravincini in the Poodle Dog restaurant, in this city, on November 27th last, appeared in the police court this morning, but was remanded until to-morrow to give the police authorities time to consult with the Attorney-General's department.

Detective Perdue arrived in San Francisco for his man on February 18th, and has been delayed there since then owing to the fight against extradition that Dondero has put up and the time consumed in the forwarding of papers owing to the circuitous route they had to take between San Francisco, Washington, Ottawa and Victoria. Dondero had the best legal talent in San Francisco to fight his case for him, but Parravincini's identification was so positive that the courts granted the order for his return to this country to stand his trial.

Although Detective Perdue's visit to San Francisco was pleasant one, and he was able to renew many of the acquaintances of the days when he lived in that city, he is glad to be back in Victoria again, which he says is good enough for him.

Our Easter Lilies are very fine. Why not get one. They are cheap this year. 50c. and 75c. each. Victoria Floral Co., Fort Street.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Sarah Jane Atkinson will take place to-morrow afternoon at 1:45 o'clock from the family residence, Stanley avenue, to St. Barnabas' church, where services will be conducted by Rev. Mr. Grundy.

The second annual Congregational banquet of the Victoria West Methodist church, was held last evening in Semple's hall. There was a large attendance and the church reports showed a splendid advance over previous years. The principal address was given by the Rev. G. W. Dean, on "The Call of the World to the Christian Church."

The police station appears to have a great attraction for some men, among them James Graney and Thos. Rose, both of whom are now in the cells and will come up in the morning. Both have recently completed terms in the lockup, the former for drunkenness and the latter for vagrancy. The charges on which they are now held are the same in each case.

The case of J. E. Musgrave, who is charged by his late partner, J. D. Taylor, with appropriating to his own use goods owned by them in common, was called in the police court yesterday afternoon, but as there were not two justices of the peace on hand to hear it another adjournment until to-morrow afternoon was arranged. R. B. Mickling and T. A. Shotbolt will be asked to act.

Last Monday afternoon the funeral of the late William Hooper, of Dun-cans, who suddenly succumbed on Cormorant street last Thursday evening, took place. The funeral was held from the B. C. Funeral Furnishing Company's rooms, Government street, to the E. & N. depot. The members of Alexandra Lodge, Sons of England, of which the deceased was a member, paraded in a body to the depot, and W. P. Allen, past grand master of the lodge, accompanied the body to Dun-cans, where members of the local Odd Fellows' lodge took charge. At the Odd Fellows' hall there the services of the lodge were conducted. The corpse then proceeded to Semenos cemetery, where interment was made. There was a large number of friends present.

The marriage of George Andrews and Miss Lena Young is announced to take place this evening at 6:45 in the Victoria West Methodist church. The Rev. A. E. Roberts is to officiate.

**NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.**

LOST—Pearl sunburst, with turquoise centre, at Beacon Hill Park, Government or Douglas streets. Reward at The Posters, Belleville street.

**Easter  
Oxfords**

IN  
**Exclusive Styles  
For Ladies**

IN  
Butternut Browns, Tans, Choco-lates, Patent Leathers, Gun Metals and Vici Kid. Prices  
**\$1.75 to \$6.00**

For Gentlemen in Vici Calf, Browns, Patent Leathers and Kids. Prices \$2.25 to \$8

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**CHRISTIE'S**

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and Johnson Sts.

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WE BEG TO ADVISE OUR CUSTOMERS  
THAT WE HAVE

**Opened a Temporary Office**

In the

**IDEAL SHOE STORE**

NEXT DOOR TO OUR BURNED STORE

Where we will be pleased to take care of your orders to the best of our ability under the existing conditions.

Hoping that we may soon be able to open up again, as soon as we secure new quarters.

**OGILVIE HARDWARE, LTD.**

CARE IDEAL SHOE STORE

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GALE!

PRETTIEST FOOTGEAR  
EVER SHOWN HERE

PUMPS, COLONIALS, OXFORDS AND  
BOOTS in endless variety.

No Big Prices. All New Goods

SEE OUR EASTER DISPLAY

**IDEAL SHOE STORE**

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VICTORIA'S BEST SHOE STORE.



"Did you say a Soda  
Biscuit?" I'll call the  
waiter; he will bring  
some

**Swiss Creams**

They are fresh and  
crisp. Ask your grocer  
for them.

**THE PLACE FOR  
FISHING TACKLE**

WE HAVE EVERYTHING—but the fish, FOR  
EVERY KIND OF SPORT—FISHING.

See our special TROLLING RODS for Saanish Arm, each  
**\$1.25 and .....\$2.25**

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128 GOVERNMENT ST  
Victoria Hotel Block  
VICTORIA, B. C.

**The Mikado Bazaar.**

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A two-cylinder runabout for city lot or horse and rig. Apply "Ford," Times Office.

WANTED—Direct from owner, four to eight sections timber, on or near Knight Inlet. Send full cruise, blue print and lowest cash price. Box 27, Times Office.

WANTED—House cleaning or washing, by the day. Address Box 236, Times Office.

FOR SALE—Ideal villa land, on good road, off North Quadra street, near city limits, 400 feet frontage by 150 feet, beautiful scenery, easy walk to care, rail and city; sacrifice price \$1,500. Apply Box 294, Times Office.

WANTED—A waitress, Dominion Hotel.

WANTED—A girl and a youth; good wages. Apply Pickle Works, Johnson street.

WANTED—A young man to learn a trade, 35 weekly after two weeks; \$5 required. Room 4, 600 Fort street.

STRAWBERRY PLANTS FOR SALE. Apply Royal Dairy, 104 Broad street, or corner Tenth Ave. and Fourth street.

BOAT—Wanted to purchase a strong rowboat, 12 to 15 feet long; must be cheap. Address P. O. Drawer 68.

IF YOU CONTEMPLATE BUILDING drop me a post card. I will furnish you original plans and estimates free of charge. Will furnish plans of houses and cottages at \$15 per \$1,000 when no estimate required. James Fairall, contractor, builder and architect, 55 Springfield Ave., Victoria West.

BORN.  
ROBERTSON—In this city, at 422 Princes street, on the 14th inst., the wife of G. D. Robertson, of a son.

DIED.

ATKINSON—At the Royal Jubilee hospital, on the 14th inst., Sarah Jane, beloved wife of Henry Atkinson, a native of Sunderland, Eng., in her 70th year.

Friends please accept this intimation.

**Granite and  
Marble Works**

Monuments, Tablets, Granite Copings, etc., at lowest prices and workmanship.  
A. STEWART,  
COR. YATES AND BLANCHARD  
STREETS.

**PRICES TO PLEASE THE PU C—RAISINS**

BLUE RIBBON, AL GOLD RIBBON, 1 pk. (1 lb.) for.....35¢  
CLEANED CURRANTS, 2 lbs. for.....25¢  
FRESH DATES, per lb.....15¢  
SHELLED ALMONDS, per lb.....25¢  
SHELLED WALNUTS, per lb.....25¢

**The Victoria Rochdale Co.-Op. Assn. Ltd.**

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All Post Pens are fitted with solid 14 karat gold iridium tipped nibs.

PRICES \$4 to \$12

REDFERNS,

GLOBE FOUNTAIN PENS  
50c TO \$1.50

Government St.

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IN BARRELS  
MANUFACTURED IN ENGLAND  
THE BEST IN THE MARKET

SOLE AGENT FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA

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TEMPLE BUILDING, VICTORIA.

## GASOLINE

We have a large supply of MOTOR GASOLINE in drums and cases.

Also 70 p. c., 72 p. c., 74 p. c. and 76 p. c. in cases.

WE CAN FILL LARGE ORDERS  
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E. B. MARVIN &amp; CO.

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1206 WHARF STREET.

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We carry a full and complete range of Builders' Hardware and Furnishings in every up to date style, finish, pattern or design.

Suitable for Mansion or Cottage.

Call or write. Let us know your ideas and our experts will suggest the needs. You will be a satisfied customer with both quality and price.

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Dealers in Lumber, Sash, Doors and all kinds of Building Material.  
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## COMPLAIN OF THE RAILWAY

OBJECTION MADE TO  
LOCATION OF TRACKSW. C. T. U. Urge Council to  
Take Steps to Abate  
Social Evil.

At the last meeting of the city council among the business before the council was the question of the new store street tracks in connection with which J. Dupen of the Royal Arms hotel, appeared in person before the council having intimated his intention to do so by letter, to lay before the body the exact position in which he stood if the proposed tracks were laid out as at present being constructed.

The complaint of the Phoenix Browning Company as owners of the Royal Arms hotel, and the complaint of J. Dupen, the proprietor, in regard to the laying of the store street tracks by the E. & N. Railway Company, were taken together.

The complaints held that the track as now being laid, was only eight feet from the edge of the sidewalk, and there was not room for vehicles between the car lines and the sidewalk. The parties asked if it would not be possible to have this track altered so as not to inconvenience them in the conduct of their business. Mr. Dupen appeared and laid the matter personally before the council. It was finally decided that the interested parties and the city engineer meet and see the railway people and endeavor to adjust the matter. Councilors held that the matter could be thus settled amicably.

Ald. Gleason suggested that a copy of the complaints be sent to the C. E. B., and this was embodied in the resolution referring the matter to the city engineer to report after looking into the matter with the owners of the property and the proprietor.

A letter from the W. C. T. U., signed by Annie Thompson, president, and Bertha P. Andrews, secretary, was read at the council meeting, calling the attention of the city council to the social evil being apparently greatly on the increase in the city. The letter stated that a number of houses were being built for immoral purposes. The letter read: "We are assured also on good authority that liquor is being sold on these premises, and as both of these things are illegal we would like to know what steps the council are going to take to remedy the matter."

Ald. Gleason suggested the matter be referred to the police commissioners. He said: "They are the body to deal with this matter. I am sorry to say from my own observation that some sections of the letter are correct. I don't remember when public parading was so apparent as it is now. A few nights ago I saw seven women within two blocks and it should not be permitted. The health and morals committee recommended that steps be taken to regulate this class and prevent them from coming into the city. It appears however, they are coming in here in numbers."

The Mayor: "Are you sure of the parties? It is difficult to distinguish between the respectable and the non-respectable sometimes."

Ald. Mable: "We don't seem to get any information from the outside public. They have it but when asked to come up and give evidence and prosecute it is all off. It is a very difficult matter to prosecute and convict."

Ald. Pauline thought the W. C. T. U. should be written to and asked to lend assistance and provide definite information. He did not think that the conditions as stated in the letter could exist without some good proof could be obtained.

The Mayor: "The commissioners tried to enforce the liquor law but were thrown out in the court after obtaining convictions in the lower court. It is not at all easy sailing."

Ald. Gleason: "It is easy to see them on the street."

The Mayor: "Ald. Gleason seems to see it; others don't."

Ald. Gleason: "Well, your worship, you go down and stand by the Imperial bank for twenty minutes and you will see it."

Ald. McKeown: "We consider a sufficient police force with instructions to keep the thing down will remedy the evil. I hope private citizens won't have to find fault with this matter any more."

The matter was referred to the police commissioners.

A communication was received from Hiram Walker & Sons, distillers, enclosing a cheque for \$10 for the Old Men's Home.

Ald. Gleason opposed receiving the cheque, saying: "The Old Men's Home did not want any funds from the distillery company. He moved that it be returned."

Ald. Henderson: "Return it and let them send a keg of whiskey instead."

On being put to the vote it was decided to accept the donation.

A certification from the agricultural council was received, intimating that the contract for the construction of the new fair buildings had been let, and asking permission that workmen be allowed on the premises. The request will be granted.

The city solicitor also wrote stating that the form of contract prepared by Mr. Rattenbury for the construction of the buildings describes it as being on the grounds of the Victoria Agricultural Association, and that to avoid confusion in the future, it would be well for the construction to be carried out by the association contracting to build upon land belonging to the corporation with money found by the corporation as the property in any building on the land should be vested in the corporation. The city solicitor also held and manages the property for the purpose of holding an agricultural show and the city is empowered to permit by license the B. C. Agricultural Association to conduct an agricultural show. If the association has no property in the building it might, the solicitor points out, refuse to permit the holding of an industrial exhibition by the city. The city solicitor explained to the council that the above letter was written before it was arranged that when completed the new building would be transferred to the city.

The city solicitor also wrote to the effect that the city has expressed the opinion that it is not desirable to proceed in the supreme court with the case against the E. & N. railway for the removal of the highway obstruction on the Old Esplanade road where the crossing was closed to the public by order of the railway commission, and it will be necessary to renew the city's application to the commission when the circumstances point to the probability of a reversal of its former decision. The matter will be considered by the streets, bridges and sewers committee.

The contract for the supply of poles for the electric light department was let to John Watt at \$2.50 per pole being the lowest tender. Delivery at the rate of twelve poles per week to be made for two months. A report from the police commissioners recommended the purchase of twenty uniforms at \$22 each; 12 belts and clubs at \$2.50 each; twenty helmets with badges complete, at \$3 per helmet; two sets of collar numbers, also caps and 23 overcoats at \$13.50 each.

On the matter of the appointment of a superintendent of streets, seventeen applications were referred to the streets, bridges and sewers committee, in order that although may have an opportunity to examine into the qualifications of applicants.

The revenue by-law was amended to read that life insurance companies with a resident licensed agent shall pay a tax of but \$10 each six months, and those which have no resident licensed agent must pay \$5 each half year.

The change was made owing to protests of the companies doing business here who were taxed the higher fee. Other changes are also likely, and the by-law will be allowed to stand a while in consequence.

The report of the streets, bridges and sewers committee was adopted as follows:

Re petition of James Lyon et al., requesting the removal of the city pound from its present location. Recommended that the petitioners be informed that the city does not own a suitable site at present whereon to locate a pound, and until such is secured the council cannot grant their request, but that in the meantime steps will be taken to abate any nuisance now existing.

Recommended that a box drain be constructed on both sides of Belton avenue, Victoria West, estimated cost, \$150.

Re communication of W. P. Heaven, offering suggestions as to improved methods of block paving. Recommended that the writer be thanked for the information submitted.

Re communication of Capt. T. M. Meyer complaining of a drainage nuisance on Dallas road, owing to certain houses not being connected with the sewer. Recommended that the plumbing inspector and sanitary inspector to enforce the provisions of the sewer connection by-law to compel the owners of the premises complained of to connect same with the sewer.

Recommended that the plumbing inspector be requested to report to this committee all houses which are not connected with the public sewer, where such sewers have been laid in front of premises previous to December 31st, 1907.

Re petition of Joseph Henney and others, complaining of the condition of certain streets in the business section of the city and those leading to the outer wharf. Recommended that the petitioners be informed that temporary repairs will be made on several of the streets complained of, to improve their condition, and such time as the same can be paved, the necessary steps for the carrying out of this work are now being taken by the council.

Recommended that a permanent sidewalk be laid down on the south side of Rabbet street, from Kenilworth street to South Turner street, the same to be carried out under the provisions of the local improvement by-law.

Recommended that a sewer be laid on Harbinger avenue, from Richardson street southerly to the premises of George S. Brown, on the terms offered by him in his letter to the council of the 4th inst.

Re communication of W. Noble for an extension of the sewer on Grant street, also communication from Dr. P. R. Verrinder, re sewer on Verrinder avenue. Recommended that the writer be informed that there are no funds available for this purpose, but that the sewer loan bill receive the assent of the electors of the 18th ward, the several matters will receive consideration.

Recommended that repairs be made to the following streets, viz: Government street, between Hum-

EXQUISITE  
COSTUMES

CAMPBELL'S

DAINTY  
NECKWEAR

## Easter Finery

Every inch of space in our showrooms is taken up with a glorious showing of Spring and Summer finery; chief amongst which is a magnificent array of

### Exquisite Blouses



The very cream of this year's fashions, from the simple yet delicately trimmed right up to exquisite productions, massed all over with lace and embroidery. Nowhere else can you obtain such values as we are offering at \$7.50, \$5, \$4, \$3.50, \$2.75, \$2, \$1.75, \$1.50, \$1.25, right down to ..... 90¢



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THE FINEST selection of Ladies' and Children's Gloves on the Pacific Coast, including:  
DENT'S SPECIAL WALKING GLOVE, per pair ..... \$1.00  
FOWNE'S - DRESSED KID GLOVES, per pair ..... \$1.25  
FOWNE'S HEAVY ENGLISH walking gloves, per pair ..... \$1.50  
MAGGIORI, extra fine kid gloves, per pair ..... \$1.50  
LONG GLOVES, 12, 16 and 20 buttons, per pair, from \$3.75 down to ..... \$1.75



### Fine Fabric Gloves

NEWLY ARRIVED, a very large and choice selection of fine fabric gloves, such as SUEDE FINISH LISLE gloves, in 12-button lengths, dome fasteners, grey, white, black, brown, tan and champagne. Per pair ..... 75¢

EXTRA FINE LISLE in all the above shades, 12-button length. Per pair ..... 75¢

WHITE LACE GLOVES, 12-button length. Per pair ..... 75¢

"THE HOME OF THE DRESS BEAUTIFUL"

ANGUS CAMPBELL &amp; CO.

LIMITED

BEAUTIFUL  
BLOUSESThe Ladies' Store  
Gov't St., VictoriaFASHIONABLE  
SKIRTS

boldt street and Belleville street (Caulway), at a cost not to exceed \$100.

Work street, between Bridge street and Point Ellice bridge, cost not to exceed \$250.

Port street, from Oak Bay avenue junction to Foul Bay road, cost not to exceed \$500.

Oak Bay avenue, from Port street to Foul Bay road, cost not to exceed \$500.

Hillside avenue, from Cedar Hill road westerly, cost not to exceed \$500.

Government street, from Pembroke street to the fountain, cost not to exceed \$250.

Recommended that the necessary steps be taken to pave with vitrified brick Wharf street from Johnson street to Government street, and Belleville street, with blocks treated with creosote, from the west side of Government street to the west side of St. John street.

Recommended that the request contained in the letter received by the council from the secretary of the Victoria Laborers' Protective Union, that the laborers employed by the city be allowed one hour daily for dinner during the summer, and half hour daily during the winter, be granted.

Re communication from city engineer enclosing letter received from Mr. John Arbuthnot in regard to the local improvement work on Rockland avenue which is now being done by the city.

Recommended that the attached communication in relation thereto be forwarded to Mr. Arbuthnot for his information.

All expenditure contemplated in the foregoing to be subject to favorable report thereon by the finance committee, and adoption of said report by the council.

### STATE OF COUNT TOLSTOI.

Moscow, April 15.—A specialist of this city left yesterday for Yasnaya, to visit Count Tolstol, who is suffering from stomach and intestinal maladies, which failed to yield to treatment.

Ferrin Gloves

have the quality that gives perfect wear and the elegance that means perfect satisfaction. Sold by best dealers. 8-08

PERRIN  
GLOVESSPECIAL SHIPMENT OF  
EASTER SUITS JUST RECEIVED  
Allen & Co.Fit-Reform  
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ONE man said, "I buy Fit-Reform Suits because I can depend on them being in good style and holding their shape." Another man said, "What I want in a suit is good, honest wear. I get it in Fit-Reform."

Whether YOU buy for looks or wear, you get both when you buy Fit-Reform garments. Let us show you the new styles in Suits at \$18, \$20 and \$22.



## The Daily Times

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Special Eastern Canadian representative, E. J. Guy, 61 Canada Life Building, Toronto.

## MR. ROSS'S NOMINATION.

The Liberals of Yale-Cariboo in convention assembled have tendered Mr. Duncan Ross, M. P., of Greenwood, a unanimous and hearty nomination as their candidate for another Parliamentary term. The many friends of Mr. Ross in Victoria and other portions of the province will extend hearty congratulations to that gentleman on the spontaneous recognition thus accorded of the valuable services he has rendered his constituency in the Dominion Parliament.

Yale-Cariboo is one of the largest of all the Parliamentary divisions in this or any of the other provinces of the Dominion. Its interests and industries are as varied as its bounds are extensive. The member for such a constituency who sincerely endeavors to do his duty by those he is elected to represent enjoys no secure. The Premier of Canada and the members of his government bear unanimous testimony to the earnestness of the endeavors of Mr. Ross to advance the interests of his constituents. When an attempt was made a few years ago to check railway monopoly, Mr. Ross fought valiantly to have that monopoly removed. He had the cordial co-operation of his fellow-representatives from British Columbia in the task to which he set his hand. He also had the active assistance and hearty goodwill of the government in the prosecution of his undertaking. The forces which fought with desperation for the

## VAIN IMAGININGS AND UNSEEMLY SQUABBLING.

Sir Charles Tupper, Bart., has joined Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, Kt., in pouring hot shot into the camp of the enemy, to wit: the camp of the McBride wing of the great Conservative party. It is indeed a pleasant thing to see brethren dwell together in unity. As a Conservative newspaper which has lately perceived some significant signs of the times would say if it were at liberty to speak frankly, there are increasing evidences of "independence within party lines." But the elder Sir Charles has his own doubts about the virtues of these unmistakable signs of independence. He says he has not encountered such evidences of intolerance, no, not even in Russia. His son, patriotic man, is anxious to devote his unquestioned talents to the noble task of redeeming the country from its blind and unreasoning devotion to the fetich of Liberalism. He has seen indications of a great political awakening, accompanied, possibly, by chances for the gratification of ambitions which have long lain dormant. It is evident there is a conviction in the mind of Sir Hibbert that these patriotic ambitions can never be gratified through the medium of a nomination in Pictou. The old constituency is not as willin' as the old member. Probably a recollection of a deplorable disregard for obvious duties at a time when the prospects of suitable rewards were very remote has engendered an antagonistic feeling in the Nova Scotia constituency. Whatever the cause, the effect is that Sir Charles is anxious to receive such a nomination in Vancouver. The McBride Conservatives are determined that he shall not receive such a nomination. They have given expression to their opinion of a man, be he Baronet, Knight, or plain yeoman, who will descend to the depths of laying underground wires in order to achieve his purposes. They claim the prospective nomination should be left free to exercise its judgment in respect to the most suitable candidate for nomination. The Baronet and the

by Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Hon. Clifford Sifton and Lord Strathcona, the signs of the times point unmistakably to the fact that the day is not far distant when the advantages of the short route will be fully realized and when the major portion of the traffic between the two continents will be landed at Canadian ports.

Monetary Times:—That the government chose the right men for the commission is proved by the tenor of their findings. The personal character of the commission included civil service, some eccentricity and much business acumen. Had Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his colleagues desired a wishy-washy band of three to paint out civil service with daubs of whitewash, Mr. J. M. Courtney, Mr. Thomas Fyche and Mr. P. J. Bazin would not have been chosen. Mr. Courtney knows the service from A to Z; he is, perhaps, the most experienced civil servant in America. Mr. Fyche, the well-known ex-bank manager, is famous for his straight verbal hits. Mr. Bazin, a prominent merchant of Quebec, has a personality quite unique. Not everything in our civil service is bad, far from it. But enough there is to make it better. Only insane party organs will make political capital out of the report.

How easy it is to talk about keeping the civil service free of politics. Read this from an exchange: "Not long ago The Nation, the weekly mouthpiece of the British Liberal party, made the statement that Liberal ministers were hampered in carrying out their promises to the electors by the hostility of some of the permanent heads of departments. They had been so long associated with Conservative chiefs that they had got quite out of sympathy with Liberal aims and politics. The situation thus openly admitted is not unknown in Canada."

Cy. Warman, the author, confesses that he is an anarchist. But we may surely assume that Cy. is not an anarchist of the militant type. If he is, then he is perhaps the only one who has done Canada the honor of becoming a resident. Nor is it likely the government of this country may think it necessary to deport Mr. Warman, confessed anarchist, to the place from whence he came, which is the United States.

To-morrow will be polling day on four civic by-laws. Ratepayers, whatever their views on any or all of the proposed laws, should not be apathetic. If all the by-laws are not considered worthy of support, come out and vote for those you think ought to be adopted. There are arguments for and against the salt water scheme. There is nothing whatever that can reasonably be urged against the sewer or the school by-laws.

London dispatch says: "Mr. W. L. Mackenzie King's presence here has directed special attention among members of Parliament to Canada's legislation for the prevention of strikes. Viscount Hemsley has given notice of a question asking Mr. Lloyd George to inform the House of the effects of this legislation, with the view to the introduction of similar legislation for the United Kingdom."

That about five thousand American settlers are expected to take up land in the provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan through the efforts of one land company alone, is the information conveyed in a letter to the head office of the Canadian Northern Railway from Mr. T. S. Darling, manager of town sites for the company.

That was a great stroke of business on the part of the Dominion government in deciding to assist the Northwest farmers to obtain good seed grain. It put the farmers of the country in good heart for their work at once, and outside Canada it is pointed to as a fine act of a live government.

The Conservative party in Victoria is going to hold a fire sale at its headquarters. The poor old failures which were carried in stock, it is to be hoped, will be replaced with better goods.

Bellefleur Intelligence:—The biggest April fools are the robins who came here so early. They couldn't eat worms in Len', anyhow.

What Other People Think  
SALT WATER BY-LAW.

To the Editor:—I am sorry to differ from the Mayor about the proposed salt water by-law. The insurance companies don't know our prospects as to improved fresh water pressure. If we only look for Elk lake and Sooke lake for our water supply, salt water pressure might be questioned. But with Goldstream water a pressure could be had which would extend over the whole city, and by a special arrangement of taps during a fire the pressure could be kept up with the fire hose all open for the seventh part of the cost of salt water for the fire limits. Seventy thousand dollars is proposed. Very few cities are so well situated for fresh water protection.

We will do well to figure out these same in cost of Sooke—possibly seventy thousand dollars for salt water; certainly one hundred thousand dollars for reservoir on Smith Hill.

I am sorry to hear from the postman that we have had a big fire in town. Well.  
HASTEN SLOWLY.  
ABSCONDING SECRETARY.

Toronto, April 15.—Captain Harbottle, the absconding secretary of the Toronto Club, has been arrested in Havana, Cuba. Extradition proceedings will be taken immediately.

## REVOLTING STORY IS TOLD TO MAGISTRATE

Hearing of Charge of Procuring Is Commenced in Police Court.

One of the most revolting cases that has ever been heard in the local police court was told this morning in connection with the case of Fred. Leger, alias John Kirby, charged with procuring. The woman in the case was his fifteen-year-old wife, to whom he has been married less than three months. After the girl had given her evidence the case was adjourned until to-morrow in order that other witnesses might be called. The girl told her story, in which she protected her husband as much as possible, without a tremor or a blush. This evening she will be sent back to her family, who live at Ballard, Wash. Although she says she will not be sixteen until June, she would be almost a legal adult for at least eighteen years of age. She is large and well developed, and has in her face none of the innocence that might be expected in the face of a girl of her age.

Leger, clerk by the magistrate and pleaded not guilty. The first witness called was Detective Harry O'Leary, who told of having arrested Leger in a sporting house at 27 Herald street, kept by a woman named Vera, at about 2.30 a.m.

The girl was the next witness. She said the color woman, "Charlie" and he, although she went under the name of Esther Jackson here. Her parents lived at Ballard. She would be sixteen in June. They had run away with Leger and they had been married by Rev. Dr. Fraser, of Vancouver, on the last day of January. They had returned to Tacoma, where Leger's parents lived, and had stayed there until April last, when they came to Victoria. Before coming she had told her husband that she intended to enter a house of ill-repute on her arrival. He asked her not to do so, but she had threatened to leave him if he did not agree. Her husband said he was going to get work in Victoria. On the way over there to the hotel on Herald street where he thought she could get into Dorothy Coleman's, at 223 Chatham street. On arrival in Victoria Dean had telephoned there to the hotel on Herald street where her husband had walked down as far as the corner of Chatham and Government streets with her. He had asked her not to become intimate with the man, and he would take her out of it. She had left the Coleman place and gone in next door for a short time, but had moved from there to the hotel on Herald street where she was found. Her husband had called on her at these places, and she had on different occasions given him money. He had, however, on each occasion asked her to leave, and had told her that as soon as he got work he would take her home again. He had on a couple of occasions said she was not his wife, and she had positive evidence as to the character of the houses in which she had been.

In cross-examination by her husband, she said that he had asked her as well as she could. He also laid particular stress on questions relating to his attempts to get her to leave the houses in which she was. She also admitted to him that she had not lived a good life previous to meeting him. It also came out that the two had lived together previous to their marriage, and it was on account of the fuss raised by the girl's parents that the ceremony had been performed.

To Magistrate Jay she told who her family were, and promised to go right back to her home as soon as released. This was the first time she had ever been in a house of the kind in which she was found. Detective O'Leary, recalled, said that he had often seen Leger loitering around the city as late as 2 or 3 o'clock in the morning.

At this stage the case was adjourned to secure further evidence, but in the meantime the girl will be sent to Seattle.

FOUR YEARS FOR FORGERY.

Montreal, April 15.—Eugene Barbeau, former clerk of the accounting department, Montreal post office, was yesterday sentenced to four years in the penitentiary for forgery and theft. It was Barbeau's duty to receive money from newspaper publishers for papers going through the mails, and through the month of January he appropriated sums to the amount of \$212.

PRAIRIE FIRES RAGING.

Lethbridge, Alb., April 15.—Prairie fires are raging in all directions, and considerable damage has been done. The mounted police are active in pursuit of those starting fires. Six arrests were made in Macleod, London's ranch near Havelock was burned with a loss of the stables and five horses.

FERRIN GLOVES  
For Riding and Driving Ferrin Gloves combine comfort and durability. Sold by best dealers.

## ITEMS SUGGESTING EASTER!

## Our Handsome Easter Novelties Just Opened

We solicit an inspection of these new arrivals. Women's Costumes. Some new imported models just opened, no two alike. To those desiring exclusive designs we suggest that these will meet their requirements.

RAJAH SILK COSTUMES, Paris models, in tan and Copenhagen; richly embroidered and beautifully trimmed, the handsomest garments we have shown this season.

LINEN COATS, the natural linen shade, very dressy and satisfactory, nothing nicer for dusty weather, handsomely trimmed and tastefully finished, specially priced at .....\$15.00

WOMEN'S SILK WAISTS, some imported models, exclusive ideas, in tan, brown, champagne, Copenhagen, light blue and black, richly trimmed. These are perfect beauties, \$14.50 and .....\$10.75

WOMEN'S NET WAISTS, some very handsome patterns, English models, rich, beautiful designs, in white, cream and fawn shades, all magnificently trimmed, no two alike. Prices range from \$30 to .....\$15

WOMEN'S NET BLOUSES, in cream figured net, some very pretty designs, nicely trimmed with heavy rich lace, several different models. Special at .....\$4.75

WOMEN'S HATS—Some very handsome styles in the Merry Widow Hats have lately arrived. This style seems to have the call this season in the millinery world.

WOMEN'S NEW PARASOLS—An extensive assortment of lace, embroidery and silk parasols just to hand, all colors, some very handsome colorings and designs in silks.

MEN'S AND WOMEN'S KID GLOVES, Dent's and Trefousse makes, in all the newest and best shades for Easter, a large and complete assortment that is bound to please.

WOMEN'S LINGERIE—WAISTS, some handsome imported models in this popular style of waists, these are neat and attractive and still rich and handsome designs. At .....\$5.75

## Correct and Attractive Footwear

In the items here mentioned will be found new and absolutely correct Footwear for all occasions. There is nothing more attractive to all than natty footwear, and it is a wise person that gives a good amount of attention to the proper clothing of the feet. We claim to have, and do have, some of the best makes of shoes, both for men and women, that are procurable, and if we don't sell you your shoes now we want to, because we know that we can please you in style, satisfy you in quality and surprise you in price.

MEN'S GUN METAL CALF OXFORD, welt sole. Per pair .....\$1.50  
MEN'S PATENT KID BLUCHER LACE BOOT, welt sole. Per pair .....\$4.00  
MEN'S KID LACE BOOT, welt sole. Per pr. \$3.50  
MEN'S PATENT COLT, BLUCHER OXFORD, elk last, welt sole. Per pair .....\$6.00  
MEN'S PATENT COLT BLUCHER OXFORD, welt sole. Per pair .....\$4.00  
MEN'S CHOCOLATE VICI KID BLUCHER, welt sole. Per pair .....\$3.75  
MEN'S RUSSIA CALF BLUCHER LACE BOOT, welt sole. Per pair .....\$5.50  
MEN'S CALF BUTT OXFORDS, hand-made, welt sole. Per pair .....\$5.00

WOMEN'S PATENT COLT, 2-BUTTON OXFORD, welt sole, military heel, matt kid top, opera toe. Per pair .....\$3.50  
WOMEN'S KID BLUCHER OXFORDS, welt sole, Pic last, military heel. Per pair .....\$2.50  
WOMEN'S GOLDEN BROWN, VICI KID LACE BOOT, welt sole, Cuban heel, whole foxed. Per pair .....\$5.50  
WOMEN'S CHOCOLATE VICI KID LACE BOOT, welt sole. Per pair .....\$5.00  
WOMEN'S CHOCOLATE KID BLUCHER LACE BOOT, Per pair .....\$2.50  
WOMEN'S MERCERIZED SILK OXFORD, in blue, brown, champagne, black, lavender, green and grey, Cuban heel covered, light sole. Per pair .....\$2.50

## Feather, Boas A NEW ASSORTMENT

We have lately received some very handsome imported Feather Boas. Nothing could be more dressy and practical than those for adding the finishing touches to your Easter outfit. They are dainty and effective. They come in different colors and prices, some of which are mentioned here.

LADIES' FEATHER BOAS—Colors white and blue, and grey and white, 60 inches long. Special .....\$3.75  
LADIES' FEATHER BOAS—Colors grey, white and black, 75 inches long. Price .....\$6.50  
LADIES' FEATHER BOAS—Extra good quality, colors blue, white and black, 70 inches long. Price .....\$13.75  
LADIES' FEATHER BOAS, 72 inches long, very fine quality and extra full. Colors white and black. Price .....\$25.00

## Men's New Spring Clothing

When you are buying your new Easter Suit or Coat don't neglect to look at what we have to show you, the makes we carry are second to none for style, fit and finish, and then again, our money-saving prices make it possible for anybody to be well dressed at a most moderate cost. We make a specialty of medium priced grades and can show you garments at prices that compare with other people's offerings will convince you that your dollars have more purchasing power in Spencer's than anywhere else. We would be only too pleased to have you look over our clothing. \$8.75 Prices start at

## DAVID SPENCER, LTD.

## THORPE'S Pale Dry GINGER ALE Medal and Diploma, World's Fair

NO BETTER EVER ISSUED.

First Crop Report of Season Is of Highly Optimistic Character.

Winnipeg, April 15.—The Canadian Pacific railway issued its first crop report of the season yesterday, giving the progress of seeding operations throughout the Canadian Northwest. One hundred and ten towns, scattered all over Manitoba and Saskatchewan, have been heard from. No more optimistic and generally satisfactory report has been compiled by the company. Everywhere exceptionally fine weather prevails. The land is in good shape, and seeding is general. Some places, particularly in new sections, report a big increase in acreage.

DOUKHOBORS TABOORED.

Toronto, April 15.—The central prison has no room to accommodate the nineteen Doukhobors sentenced at Port Arthur, and as they won't eat, work or keep clothing on, the prison officials are not at all anxious to have them.

DIED IN TORONTO.

Toronto, April 15.—Mrs. Robert Lattimer, first cousin of the late President McKinley, is dead here at the age of 85 years.



## Good Luck

depends upon good tackle and not on the moon. Get your fishing outfit from us, and then, if you don't catch fish, it will be because there are no fish to catch. We carry every essential in the way of rods, lines, reels, flies, hooks, etc., for salmon, bass, trout for lake, stream, river or salt water.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN MAKES.

J. BARNESLEY & CO.

1211 GOVERNMENT STREET.

WINNIPEG CAR CRISIS.

Winnipeg, April 15.—The conference between officers of the local street railway union and their organizer, E. Morrow, of Chicago, who is here to advise the union in negotiations with the company, is again in progress. Nothing has been given out as to the intention of the men.

TERRIBLE INJURIES.

Regina, Sask., April 15.—Herbert Clark, brakeman on the C. P. R. yard crew here, had his right leg taken off yesterday as a result of an accident. His foot caught in the guard rail as he was coupling cars, and a whole train ran over his leg. He died a few hours later.



### You're As Young As You Look

Most women know the advantage of a clear, rosy complexion. Discerning ones use

**SEMPRE GIOVINE**  
(Always Young.)

Pure vegetable oils—contains no glycerine. Suits all skins.

Ladies who have been procuring this marvelous aid to beauty from an agent will doubtless be pleased to know that it can be procured here for 50c.

**CYRUS H. BOWES**

CHEMIST  
GOVERNMENT ST.  
Near Yates.

### FOR RENT

**NINE ACRES AND  
8-ROOMED COTTAGE**

ALL  
MODERN CONVENIENCES.

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Money to Loan, Fire Insurance  
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1130 BROAD STREET

Phone 1075. P. O. Box 428.

### KOLA TONIC WINE

Contains No Drugs  
or Alcohol

It is made from Kola, Celery and Pepsin, three of the greatest medical properties nature has ever given for the benefit of the human race. Medical men for the past few years, all over the world, have prescribed KOLA WINE very freely for their patients:

Dr. J. G. Richardson, Professor in the University of Pennsylvania, states: "It is the greatest tonic and nothing is better for the nervous system."

Dr. C. F. Couture, Tingwick, Que., states: "It is the best tonic I can prescribe for my patients: a cure for indigestion, asthma, insomnia, liver complaint; by its use it purifies the blood and unclutters the system to ward off fevers and bilious headaches. It is a genuine tonic and can be truly recommended."

Call for it at your club, hotel, bar or restaurant. If your dealer cannot supply you for home use, kindly phone

**PITHER & LEISER**

WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTORS

### THE SYSTEM BUILDING TONIC BEEF, IRON AND WINE

**\$1.00 a Bottle**  
Nothing Can Equal It When Got at  
**B. C. DRUG STORE**  
J. TEAGUE,  
Old No. 27 Johnson St. New No. 44  
Phone 54.

### It Solves The Problem

It's a fine thing to be able to go out in a small yacht or boat where a fire is impossible and ice impracticable, and keep hot, nourishing drinks hot, and ice cold drinks ice cold for days at a time. The wonderful bottle that will do this is the

**THERMOS  
BOTTLE**

It is giving thousands of shop and office workers a good noon-day meal, and is an immense source of convenience in the sickroom. Unrivalled in the nursery. Invaluable to the tourist.

Two Thermos Bottles will sustain a man for several days with food and drink. Prices \$5.00 and \$7.50. Booklet telling you all about them free for the asking.

**Terry's Drug Store**

Cor. Fort and Douglas Sts.  
VICTORIA, B. C.

### AN EASTER OFFERING A Charming Modern Home

Containing 6 rooms, Bath, Sewer, H. & C. water, Electric Light, Gas, Furnace, Good Stable, Stone Foundation and basement, situated in the best residential district in the city.

PRICE ONLY \$3,650

**L. U. CONYERS & CO.**

18 VIEW STREET.  
Money to Loan—Fire Insurance  
Written.

### Local News

—Children's Bonnets in endless variety, at the Elite.

—Keys and key-fittings, 50 Fort St. Waites Bros.

—C. H. Tite & Co., painters, paper hangers, sign work, etc. Prices cheaper than ever.

Liberal Rooms, Phone 1704.

—Gasoline, Motor 74 and 76 per cent. Peter McQuade & Sons, 1214 Wharf street, Victoria, B. C.

Liberal Rooms, Phone 1704.

—Call and see the new style cabinet photographs only \$3.00 per dozen at Blair's new studio, Mahon block, 1112 Government street.

—Ladies' Waists—Lace trimmed and embroidered waists in a great variety of pleasing designs; also in Peter Pan styles. Special price \$1.00. Robinson's Cash Store, 86 Yates street.

—Largest stock of wallpaper in the city, 25c up. C. H. Tite & Co., corner Yates and Broad.

Liberal Rooms, Phone 1704.

—Don't forget Court Victoria. social dance to-night, Sir William Wallace hall.

—All the books and records of the Silica Brick & Lime Company were fortunately saved from the fire this morning in the Mahon block.

—A fancy dress ball and entertainment is to be given at Colwood hall on April 22nd in aid of the Millstream organ fund.

—Owing to the mass meeting in the Congregational church to-night, the Royal Templars have postponed their regular meeting to April 29th.

—The regular meeting of the Laborers' union will be held to-morrow evening on account of Friday the regular meeting time being a public holiday. Members are urgently requested to attend.

—This evening a meeting of the executive of the B. C. British Canadian Association will be held in the Y. M. C. A. rooms. A few new members will be received and general business transacted. President Brace will preside.

—Special Eastern music will be given by the choir at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church next Sunday morning and evening. A number of anthems, quartets and solos will be rendered. The preacher at both services will be Rev. Dr. M. P. Talling, of Toronto, who will make his discourses appropriate to the day.

—On Good Friday evening at 7.30 there will be a special choral evensong, when music appropriate to the day will be rendered, consisting of "The Passion of Jesus," written by the Bishop of Exeter, and set to music by Dr. Vincent; "The Story of the Cross" and the "Litany of the Four Last Things." The service will be held in St. Barnabas' church.

—Lace Curtains.—At house-cleaning time you will probably need some lace curtains to replenish your stock. We are showing some extremely good values in the genuine English Nottingham Lace and Fish Net Curtains, at prices from 50c. to \$1.50 pair, up. Robinson's Cash Store, 86 Yates Street.

—The city band will give an open air concert at Beacon Hill park next Sunday afternoon from 3 until 5. The programme will include among other excellent numbers, the "Great Fantasia International," which was accorded such a splendid reception at their last concert. The band will also sing and play "Canada's Song of Freedom," a national song which is entirely a Victorian composition, the words being by W. J. Dowler and the music composed by Mr. Geo. Warner. Mr. Thos. Price will render a vocal solo, "The Palm's" singing from the east side of the grand stand. Should the weather prove unfavorable the concert will be given at the Grand theatre.

—An interesting ladies' debate was held at the First Presbyterian club on Monday night, the subject being, "Is Art More Beautiful Than Nature?" The affirmative was ably taken by Miss Johnson, supported by Miss McKinnigan, while Miss McNiven and Miss Lamont took up the negative. The subject was very well handled by both sides, and the judge, Mr. Branscombe, found difficulty in deciding whether the laurels went to the affirmative or the negative; his final decision, however, was that the latter had won. The programme also contained an amusing reading by Miss McLoide, and a song by Miss Searns, both of which were heartily appreciated. Next Monday, being Easter Monday, there will be no meeting of the club, but a grand rally of young people will be held at St. Andrew's church, which all are requested to attend.

### Think Deeply.

The more you think the more you will be impressed with the values and service you can get at our store.

**SPECIAL:**  
We are overstocked with VALENCIA RAISINS and will sell for this week, 4 lbs. for 25c.  
ASHCROFT POTATOES, per sack ..... \$1.50  
CORNISH PILCHARDS, per tin ..... 25c.

**Carne's Up-to-date Grocery**

Next to C. P. R. Office, Cor. Govt. and Fort Sts.

### Buy Your Easter Suits, Hats, Ties and Gloves Now

Never have our splendid Spring Assortments been nearer to the ideal in all that pertains to a perfect stock in exclusive wearing apparel than now. All the latest concepts are here in varieties that cannot be equalled. Every suit, from our most expensive creations to the cheapest garment, has a style individuality that is characteristic only of the Finch & Finch models.

**FINCH & FINCH**  
THE EXCLUSIVE STYLE STORE  
HATTERS.  
1107 GOVERNMENT STREET.

**HON. H. E. YOUNG ON**

CULTIVATION OF ART

Minister of Education Addressed Members of Alexandra Club.

Hon. Dr. Young, minister of education, addressed the members of the Alexandra Club on the subject of "Arts and Crafts," speaking more particularly of the value to the community of a school for the cultivation of art. He did not promise that the provincial government would establish such a school, but he said it would have their sympathy, and later, if it was found possible, a money donation would be made towards it. He rather deprecated the idea that nothing should be taught to the young except that which was going to prove of commercial value. He maintained that the highest test of an education system was found in the complete development of the mind of the individual. Art, the doctor contended, laid the foundation of true manual training and was the basis of its highest development. In fact, manual training had more to do with the training of the hand, and the mere training of the hand, was not the basis of its highest development. Art was useful in training the power of observation. Thousands of pictures were every day focused on the retina of the eye that were never seen, and culture in seeing, therefore, meant the culture of the mind and not of the eye. After discussing the true work of the teacher, Dr. Young told of the work they were now doing in trying to create a provincial university, and after a good deal of discussion the gathering dispersed.

**IN THE COURTS.**  
Applications Disposed of in Chambers This Morning—Explanation of Mr. Justice Martin.

Before opening the Chambers court this morning, Mr. Justice Martin asked the registrar to read his assignment, which stated that he should be in Victoria from April 13th to the end of the month. His explanation then explained that he was unable to get here until yesterday as he was hearing evidence in the Exchequer court at Vancouver.

Probate was granted in the estate of William Smith, deceased, a resident of Salt Spring, who died in Victoria while on a visit. Also in the estate of the late Robert Watson, of this city, who died April 6th.

In B. & N. vs. Barnes, an application was made on behalf of plaintiffs for an extension of time for delivering reply. A. P. Luxton, K. C., for plaintiff, and E. E. Wootton for defendant. The application was granted.

Administration papers were granted to Polly Wilson, for the estate of James Wilson, deceased, on application of F. B. Gregory.

**PERSONAL.**  
J. E. McReynolds, of Seattle, and A. R. England, of Vancouver, lumber men, who are settling up some lumber deals here, are registered at the Balmoral.

Thomas O'Connell, Dominion Indian agent, of Nanaimo, left last night for the Mainland. He was at the Dominion yesterday.

F. M. Logan, provincial dairy commissioner, is in Vancouver on business connected with the recent horse show. He left this morning.

P. W. Kendall, and Mrs. Kendall, of Seattle, are spending a few days in Victoria. They are at the Driad.

Mr. Justice Martin, of the Supreme court, arrived from Vancouver on the Princess Royal last night.

E. J. Clark, of Vancouver, arrived on the steamer last night, and is registered at the Dominion.

S. S. Gerrard, a mining man of Graham, leaves to-day on the Amur en route for the North.

B. H. Potts, a Seattle mining man, is at the Driad. He is here on mining business.

A. W. Vowell, superintendent of Indian affairs, left on departmental business this morning.

Charles Harrison, of Graham Island, leaves to-day on the Amur for Prince Rupert.

Constable Carter, of the provincial police, returned from Vancouver last night.

P. W. Armstrong, of Vancouver, arrived on last night's boat and is at the Empress.

Captain A. F. Yates, the well known pilot, is at the Dominion from Nanaimo.

W. J. Manson, M. P. P., of Mission, is registered at the Empress.

### ENGLISH

THE EXTENSIVE SALES THAT WE HAVE FOR THE

**English Centaur  
Bicycles**

Speaks only too well for their QUALITY, as well as for the confidence the people have in them.

We are now showing several new patterns, all of which are of the highest grade manufactured.

CALL AND INSPECT THEM AT

**Harris & Smith**  
1120 BROAD STREET  
Phone 1369.

SOLE AGENTS FOR VANCOUVER ISLAND.

### PARKS BOARD NOT CONCERNED

WILL CONTINUE EVEN  
TENOR OF ITS WAY

Dispute Council's Stand Regarding Boulevarding, it Will Still Discharge Duties.

The members of the parks board do not appear particularly concerned about the action of the city council on Monday evening in refusing to pass certain boulevard work recommended by them, but are quite content to let the matter rest with the council. The action of the council means that very little, if any, boulevard work will be undertaken this year, and the board's energies will be directed chiefly toward looking after the parks.

The work which the council on Monday night turned down was discussed at the council meeting a week previous following a report from the city engineer on its cost. The ground was then taken that the parks board should have sent their recommendation direct to the council and that it should then have been introduced by resolution and put through the same as other local improvement works. In accordance with this view, Ald. Henderson, Monday night, moved a resolution that the work be undertaken. This particular work includes boulevarding on portions of the following streets: Cook, Mears, Yates, Dunedin, Linden, Ormond and Garbally road.

The total cost of the work was estimated at \$11,000, of which the city's share would have been \$3,696.71.

When asked about the council's action John Arbuthnot, chairman of the parks board, said: "Really, the council's stand does not affect us in the least. We simply did our duty in recommending this work. The council has seen fit to turn down our recommendation so that the work will not be undertaken for the present at least. We are prepared to undertake any work that the council may see fit to entrust us with, but have no desire to force the council's hand. Any petitions we receive for boulevarding work will take the usual course and will be passed on to the council by us. If the council then does not feel disposed to allow the work to be undertaken, the matter rests between them and the property owners affected. We, on our part, will stand ready and willing to take up the work the moment the council entrusts it to us. In the meantime we will continue to discharge the other duties entrusted to us. Further than this there is nothing to say regarding the attitude of the parks board."

**WEATHER BULLETIN.**  
Daily Report Furnished by the Victoria Meteorological Department.

Victoria, April 15.—5 a. m.—The pressure has given way over the North Pacific slope, and a trough of low pressure extends from British Columbia southward to Utah; rain has fallen at Winnemucca and Salt Lake City, and the weather is chiefly cloudy, with normal temperatures. East of the Rockies a vast area of abnormally high pressure is central at Winnipeg, where the barometer reads 30.70 inches; the weather is generally fair, with minimum temperatures ranging from 14 to 24.

**FORECAST.**  
For 24 hours ending 5 p. m. Thursday. Victoria and vicinity—Light or moderate winds, generally fair, with stationary or higher temperatures.  
Lower Mainland—Light or moderate winds, generally fair, with stationary or higher temperatures.

**Reports.**  
Victoria—Barometer, 29.90; temperature, 36; minimum, 35; wind, calm; weather, cloudy.  
New Westminster—Barometer, 29.92; temperature, 40; minimum, 35; wind, 4 miles E.; weather, cloudy.  
Nanaimo—Wind, calm; weather, fair.  
Kamloops—Barometer, 29.75; temperature, 34; minimum, 22; wind, calm; weather, cloudy.  
San Francisco—Barometer, 29.96; temperature, 50; minimum, 35; wind, 4 miles N.E.; weather, cloudy.  
Edmonton—Barometer, 30.10; temperature, 32; minimum, 20; wind, 20 miles S.E.; weather, cloudy.

### NEW GARAGE TO BE BUILT FOR WOODS BROS.

An Up-to-date Building for Automobiles on Wharf Street.

Woods Bros. will shortly have a modern garage built for them in a most central location, where everything connected with their business can be carried on. The increasing demands upon it have forced the firm to provide for the most up-to-date quarters and the contract has already been let for the new garage, which will be located on the corner of Broughton and Wharf streets.

The new premises will be 90 feet by 55 feet fronting on Wharf street and extending back to the premises formerly occupied by George Carter & Co. It will from the first command a view of the harbor entrance and be most conveniently situated for business.

The building is being especially constructed to suit the needs of the firm. It will be of brick with cement floors and galvanized iron roof. While the building will only be one story in height it will be so constructed as to give the appearance in front of a two-story structure. The building will have a machine room where the latest machinery for repairs will be installed. There will be a commodious store room and wash racks also provided. The store room alone will accommodate thirty cars.

Hooper & Watkins prepared the plans, and the contract has been let to H. T. Knott. The building is to be completed by June 6th.

**CLEARING HOUSE.**

Officers Elected for Local Organization—Week's Record.

The annual meeting of the Victoria clearing house was held in the rooms of the Canadian Bank of Commerce this afternoon at 4 o'clock. After the transaction of business, the election of officers for the ensuing year took place. D. Deig, of the Bank of British North America, was elected president, and R. F. Taylor, of the Merchants Bank of Canada, vice-president, and T. H. Laundry was re-elected manager and secretary. A hearty vote of thanks was accorded to A. J. C. Gallatley, the retiring president, for his services during the past year. The clearings for the week ending April 14th were \$1,124,324.

### BUY THE OLD RELIABLE EDISON Phonograph

THE FIRST TALKING MACHINE MADE AND STILL THE BEST

**Fletcher Bros.**

EDISON HEADQUARTERS

### Building Lots

FOR SALE

**Houses Built**

ON THE INSTALMENT PLAN.

**D. H. Bale**

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER.

Corner Fort St. and Stadacona Ave.

### Y.M.C.A. GYMNASTIC EXHIBITION

ASSEMBLY ROLLER RINK  
GOOD FRIDAY  
APRIL 17th

Tumbling, pyramids, horse work  
Muscular Display  
Parallel Bar Work  
And Chest Development.

### A NATIVE SON'S COMPOSITION

"THE DEATH OF  
THE NIGHTINGALE"  
SONG

Music by  
**JAMES A. DOUGLAS**

For sale at

**Waitt's  
Music House.**

1004 Government St.

# QUAKER BRAND CANNED VEGETABLES

WHOLESALE BY  
**THE HUDSON'S BAY CO.**

### W. & J. WILSON

### MEN'S EASTER MILLINERY

Cravats and  
Spring Shirts

You are contemplating the purchase of a new Hat and Furnishings. Depend upon Wilson's Furnishing Store to keep you in the latest touch with what's new and you can't go wrong. What London is wearing, what New York is wearing, is what is being shown at Wilson's and at right prices.

**HATS**—Christy's, Stetson's, Mallory's latest and most becoming blocks; soft and stiff; black, brown, fawn and grey; \$2.50 to \$5.00

**NECKWEAR**—Pim's Real Irish Poplin in all the new color harmonies; \$1 up; new "Zodiac" Cravats, 75c; other lines. A splendid variety from 50c to \$3.00.

**SHIRTS**—Newest and smartest styles in Stiff Fronts and Negligees—all the popular shades.

# WILSON'S

507-509 VICTORIA, B.C.

### Don't Miss This!

Now on the market and sold by YOUR GROCER.

**B. & K.  
CANADIAN  
WHEAT FLAKES**

Handsome Premium in each package. Rose Pattern Chinaware, imported especially by us for these Flakes. Chinaware that will grace any home.

THE "FLAKES" ARE DELICIOUS—An Ideal Breakfast Food—HOME-MADE.

**The Brackman-Ker Milling Co. Ltd.**

### DOMINION HOTEL

VICTORIA, B. C.

COMMERCIAL AND TOURIST HEADQUARTERS.  
STRICTLY FIRST CLASS—MODERATE RATES.

Two large FREE buses meet all boats and convey passengers to and from Hotel.

**AMERICAN PLAN**  
\$2.00 TO \$2.50 PER DAY.

**Stephen Jones**

### THE QUEEN'S SCHOOL

1157 Belcher St., Victoria, B. C.

Boarding School for Boys of 12 years and upwards.  
Principal—R. V. HARVEY, M.A., Canada, assisted by F. N. Creighton, M.A., Toronto.  
Terms on application. Summer term begins April 20th.

### PANDORA HOTEL

Cor. Pandora-Blanchard. Recently decorated and refitted with new modern furnishings throughout. Electric light, dining and smoking rooms. Fully licensed. Rooms by day or week. One block from Library. On car line. Phone 121.



**FOR SALE OR TO RENT**  
SIX ROOMED HOUSE, on Car Track, One-Half Acre of Ground, Sewer, Electric Light, Hot and Cold Water.  
Price ..... \$3,750

**FOR SALE**  
NEW SIX ROOMED HOUSE in James Bay District, with Every Modern Convenience, Basement with Stone Foundation, Pretty Sea View. May be bought on good terms.  
For ..... \$4,250

**BRITISH AMERICAN TRUST CO., Ltd**  
CORNER BROAD AND VIEW STREETS, VICTORIA, B. C.

## ATHLETIC CLUB GETTING BUSY

### NEW ORGANIZATION ARRANGING DATES

McLagan of Tacoma Challenges George Paris to Box in This City.

The new Provincial Professional Athletic Club of this city is already getting busy. Yesterday the president received a letter from Victor McLagan, of Tacoma, challenging George Paris, of Vancouver, to box with a thousand dollar side bet. The club is already in communication with Paris, and if arrangements can be carried out they will meet in this city May 23rd. Arrangements had been made for McLagan to box Watt Adams, but the latter's jaw was so sore after the fight with Paris that he was unable to come up to the scratch.

The club is further making arrangements to match Frank Merryfield, of this city with Brady, another local fighter, both going about 125 pounds. Merryfield has been training for a week and by May 2nd will be in splendid shape. This last has already fought 49 fights and one of these he has lost only one. The match promises to be fast and interesting. Application has already been made to the police commissioners for permission and this will probably be given this afternoon.

Some people are wondering what the Provincial Professional Athletic Club is. The club was formed some two months ago and has been working along quietly getting in shape for definite work. Already they have engaged a boxing instructor in the person of Kid McFadden, who is well known here. A temporary hall has been rented over the Hotel Canada which is now being fitted up as a gymnasium. This, however, is not sufficient for the club's needs. In the near future a brand new building will be erected as soon as the club is incorporated. This building will be of three stories, 50 feet by 240 feet, fitted with gymnasium, club rooms, and everything that a modern club can wish.

W. S. D. Smith is the president of the club with E. C. Shaughnessy secretary treasurer.

#### JOHNSON'S RECORD.

Burn's next opponent if all goes well, will be Jack Johnson, who is thirty years of age and broke into the limelight in 1901, when he beat Choyzaki and was beaten in five rounds. Then for four years he had a creditable record, meeting a lot of second-rate heavies like Armstrong, Frank Childs, Jack McCormick, Sam McVey, Sandy Ferguson, Jim Jeffords, Jack Jefferies, Hank Griffin, and Fred Russell. Some of these drew with him, but he lost to Burns and beat most of them, the first mark against him, after his defeat by Choyzaki, being to the credit of Marvin Hart. This was at San Francisco in 1905. It went twenty rounds and Hart got the decision. It is generally conceded that Johnson held his own in this bout, and that Hart wasn't entitled to better than a draw.

#### BURNS VS. SQUIRES.

London, April 15.—It is practically settled that Tommy Burns, the champion heavyweight pugilist, and Bill Squires, of Australia, will meet in a 20-round contest on May 11 at the

Stanford Bridge Athletic grounds in Chelsea. Phipps will start for Paris to-day, where he will meet "Jewey" Smith, a South African boxer, in a ten-round contest on April 18th.

#### ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL INTERMEDIATES READY.

Arrangements are now complete for the Intermediate Provincial championship football match between the Celtics, of Vancouver, and the Victoria West team of this city. The game will be played at Oak Bay on Good Friday afternoon and should prove a fast and exciting game.

The Victoria Wests are at present the intermediate champions of the province, having won out last year, and they confidently expect to be able to win again. They have a strong combination, and although according to Island rules they are not allowed to play a man over 21 years of age, they are all stocky lads and fast. They will have their last run to-night and after that will rest up until the game begins. The team will be as follows: Goal, Beane; backs, Prevost and Kinlock; half backs, McQuade, Tait and Hall; forwards, Okell, Young, Dakers, Sedger and Bridger.

#### COAST LEAGUE.

A soccer league, to be known as the Pacific Coast Soccer League, will be organized next fall, if the plans of Mr. Will Ellis, secretary of the Vancouver District League, mature. Organization of the new league will be carried on at once in order to have the first games played in September next. Teams from Vancouver, Victoria, Ladysmith, Nanaimo and Seattle will compete and it is proposed to play home and home matches. The schedule will be so arranged so as not to interfere with the regular schedule of the Island and Mainland Associations. The team to represent this city will be known as the Vancouver Nationals.

#### TRUE SPORTS (?)

The Vancouver District Soccer League officials are still in juvenile mood. They object to the dates set for the final game between the Mainland and Island champions. The officials of the league were present at Ladysmith when the meeting was held a short time ago, after one of the big matches but they refused to attend the meeting, and now they object to what was done. The published report of the meeting also speaks of other games being called off.

#### PEOPLE'S SHIELD.

Victoria is not to have a match in the People's Shield competition according to the arrangements just made and the schedule drawn up. The following from a Vancouver exchange is self-explanatory:

It is definitely decided that Calgary Caledonias will be the only team outside of British Columbia to compete for the People's Shield, emblematic of the soccer championship of Canada. In the tournament which opens next Saturday at Recreation park, The provincial teams—the Thistles of this city, champions of the Mainland, and Nanaimo and Ladysmith, the premier teams of Vancouver Island—will enter the tournament as the Alberta champions, who are the present holders of the Shield, and three games will be necessary to decide the owners of the trophy for 1906.

The schedule was drawn up at a meeting of the tournament committee held Saturday night at the National Sports Club, when it was decided to play all the games at Recreation park. The first match is booked for next Saturday, when Nanaimo and Ladysmith are drawn together.

The complete schedule is as follows: April 18—Ladysmith vs. Nanaimo, April 21—Winner vs. Vancouver Thistles.

April 25—Winner of April 21 vs. Calgary Caledonias.

All games at Recreation park, Vancouver.

#### THE ROD.

TEN-POUND RAINBOW.  
The story of the pitcher that went too often to the well is much like the story of the fish that went too much to the bait, and the proof thereof is a magnificent ten-pound rainbow trout. The festive beauty was caught by Mr. George Horne in the Millstream by the electric light works, near Nanaimo. It measured 34 inches in length, and is the same trout Mr. Horne believes that he hooked a week ago but lost, and also the same one that has carried away at least two outfits this spring since the season opened.

King's photographer, took a picture of the fish to add to his series of advertising Nanaimo by post card.

#### LACROSSE.

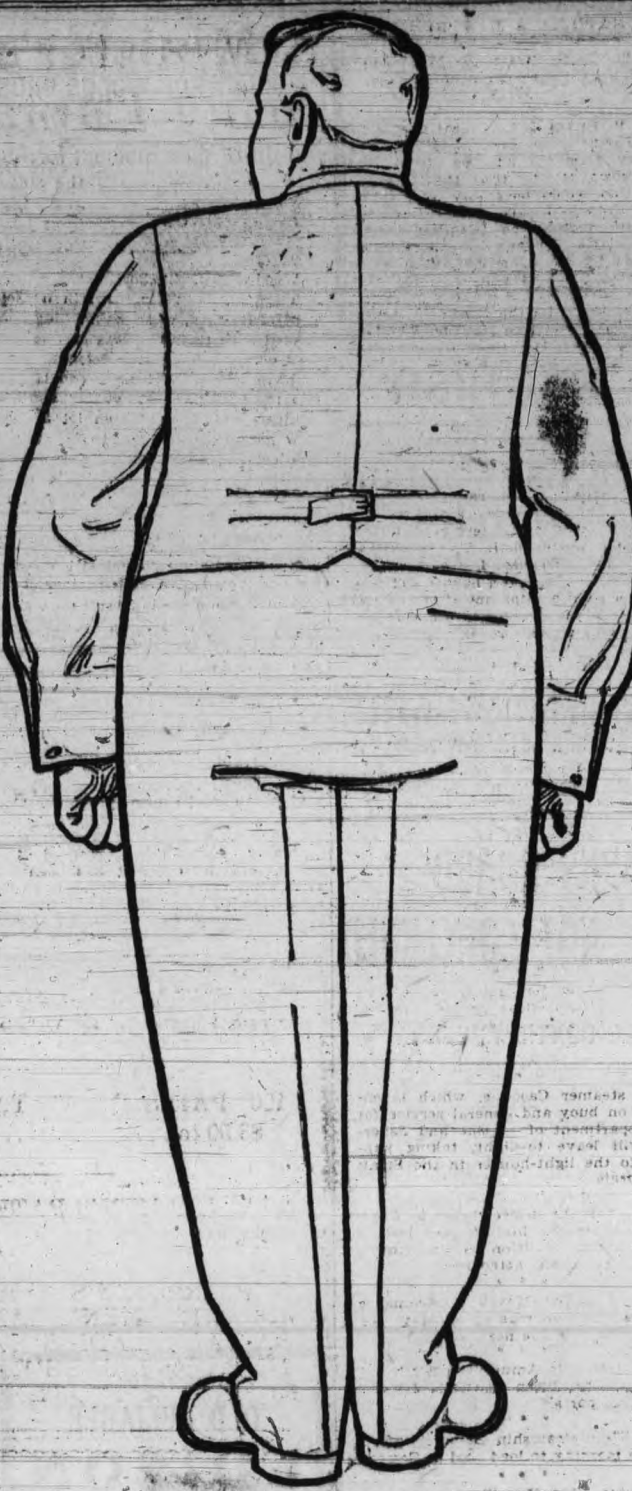
##### NOT INCORPORATED.

There is a little delay in securing incorporation papers for the Royal Victoria Athletic Club; a certain amount of red tape always being necessary in connection with an affair of this kind. Until the association has been formally incorporated, the grounds cannot be taken over as there is no one authorized to sign the lease. The moment that is done work will be commenced at once toward putting the grounds into shape.

Following the incorporation will of course come the selling of stock. Many of the business men have already been supplied on this matter and have expressed their intention of taking blocks which will start it going. It is thought that there will not be any great difficulty in disposing of sufficient to complete all the work needed this year.

#### To Open Season.

On Monday next it is proposed to have a lacrosse match between two picked teams from the best players



Big Men — Little Men  
Tall Men — Short Men  
Stout Men — Thin Men

And all the Men between these physique types are fitted with "Semi-ready" tailored clothes which are finished to their exact measure in 2 hours.

It's the new way, the modern way, and must ultimately become the universal way. Suits are made to Seven Normal Physique types, each one distinctive and different, and our system allows the quick alterations to fit a man who may not be quite normal, but is slightly

High-Shouldered or Sloping-Shouldered  
Over-Erect or Stooping-Shouldered

When we have not in our store just what will suit you, we can have a suit made to measure in four days from any fabric among the 200 patterns we can show you. They will not be any finer than the Suits and Coats we have in stock, but they will be made to your exact measure just as a tailor makes them,—only we do better.

## Semi-ready Tailoring

**B. WILLIAMS & CO.,**  
68-70 YATES STREET VICTORIA B. C.

In the city. This will give Captain Peele some idea of the material with which he has to deal. No arrangements have yet been made as to the place where the game will be played, but it will probably be at Oak Bay. Failing this, Beacon Hill grounds will be used.

One or two of the old lacrosse men in the city have not yet decided whether or not they will play this season. Fred White is a splendid man when he gets into shape, but it is rumored that there are none in the way. One or two men have had to leave town because they could not get work at their trade in the city, and an effort will be made in one or two cases to secure lucrative employment in the city so that they may return.

#### MISCELLANEOUS. MOTOR BOAT RACING.

New York, N. Y., April 15.—Postponement for one month of the international boat race for the Harmsworth cup, requested by the Motor Yacht Club of Great Britain, was refused last night at a meeting of the Motor Boat Club of America held at the Waldorf-Astoria. The refusal was based upon the fact that all arrangements for the regatta week at Huntington harbor have been completed and that the date originally set as August 1st was accepted by the British yachtmen some time ago. Announcement was

Club will be held this evening in the Pioneer hall, Broad street, commencing at 8 p. m. All members of the club are specially asked to be present.

#### GENERAL NOTES.

The B. C. Amateur Athletic Union intend to set a bounty against anyone to try to bring all the Athletic Associations in the province into the fold. The Vancouver Baseball professional team is to be known as the Beavers.

#### BRIDE TO BE KEPT UNTIL AFTER LENT

Carried Away by Masked Gang During Wedding Festivities.

Dublin, April 11.—The contest between the disconsolate bridegroom of Ballinaglera, County Leitrim, and his neighbors, who have taken up arms on behalf of a girl they have considered jilted, has entered on a new phase.

His bride was carried off by a gang of masked men during the wedding festivities, ten days ago, and he has not seen her since.

The phase of the affair has now reached an strange as was the abduction of the bride. The bridegroom must give up all hope of seeing her again until the forty days of Lent are over, and then he will be married by the priest whom he defied.

This penance is imposed in consequence of his marriage in a registry office, which is regarded as a serious offense among Roman Catholics.

In the meantime, the husband cannot go outside his house by night or day without his every movement being watched by scores of men. His bride is also strictly watched and guarded.

If he shows any intention of setting out for the place some miles away where his bride is imprisoned, horns are blown and crowds collect to stop him.

It is stated, however, that he will make a last and determined attempt to regain his wife.

#### FIGHT ON TRAIN.

Robber and Police in Conflict and Former Beaten.

Vienna, April 11.—An exciting fight between a gang of train robbers and two policemen took place on a night train running between Agroin and Brod in Croatia, yesterday.

The two policemen found an unfortunate traveler struggling with three men, two of whom were rifling his pockets, while the third was hammering him on the head.

The police at once attacked the robbers with their swords. One of them jumped off the train, which was traveling at express speed. He was killed instantaneously.

The other robbers climbed on the roof of the carriage, and as the train was passing over a bridge across the River Sava, one of them jumped clear into the water, and it is believed he escaped unhurt.

The train stopped shortly afterward, and the third robber, who was still on the roof, was arrested.

#### BIG PRICE FOR CHIPPENDALE.

Dublin, April 11.—A suite of twelve Chippendale chairs, the property of Sir John Carden, sold at the Abbey, Templemore, yesterday, realized the big price of 170 guineas. The purchasers were Messrs. Lewis and Simmons, of London.

#### KING'S GIFT TO LONDON ZOO.

London, April 11.—By command of his majesty these were dispatched yesterday afternoon from Windsor Great Park to the London Zoological Gardens seven wild sheep. After being captured in the park they were each placed in a crate and forwarded by the Great Western Railway.

## MEETING THE NEED

The West needs money and the Northern Bank has been established for this end. Its entire resources are at the service of the Western business men and farmers. Every dollar it controls is fully invested within the country. Savings depositors receive special consideration.

## THE NORTHERN BANK

Capital Paid up ..... \$1,240,000  
Rest and Undivided Profits ..... \$132,000

**GODFREY BOOTH** Local Manager **VICTORIA, B. C.**

PHONE A313 **R. MARGISON** 714 YATES ST.

## Victoria Plumbing Co.

LET US ESTIMATE ON YOUR PLUMBING  
Jobbing a Specialty All Work Promptly Attended to  
**WORKMANSHIP GUARANTEED**  
We carry a complete line of Plumbing Materials.

## ROOFING SLATE

## Pacific Slate Company

LIMITED

## UNFADING BLUE-BLACK

Non-Oxidizing  
ALL STANDARD SIZES

HEAD OFFICE—Chancery Chambers,  
YARD—Hudson's Bay Wharf.

For Prices and Particulars apply to  
**J. S. FLOYD, Secretary-Treasurer.**

## BICYCLES

We have just received a large consignment of English wheels, and can show intending purchasers something new in this line. We have never imported a cheaply gotten up wheel, but we have a high grade English wheel at a very moderate price. See our special Colonial Police model of the celebrated Humber make.

Canadian Bicycles are shown in the latest designs, and at popular prices.

Our staff of repair men are the best that good wages can secure. We sell everything for the bicycle.

## PLIMLEY AUTO CO.

BICYCLE DEPARTMENT, 813 GOVERNMENT ST., OP. P. O.

## Are You Going to Build? If—So

Save the annoyance of waiting for materials by placing your LUMBER bill with us. Large stock. Prompt delivery.

Phone A397 **JAMES LEIGH & SONS**  
Mills, office and yard, foot of Turner St. Rock Bay.



## WE HOLD THE FORT

FOR

## Oilecloth and Linoleum

FOR QUALITY, VARIETY AND PRICE WE CAN MORE THAN HOLD OUR OWN WITH ALL COMERS.

### The 50 Cent Line

IS VERY FINE AND EMBRACES ALL THE LATEST DESIGNS AND ARTISTIC EFFORTS.

See our Display in the FORT STREET WINDOW, then come inside and we will show you some more.

It costs you nothing for us to measure your floor and give you a price.

## The Capital Furniture Co., Ltd.

Cor. Fort and Douglas Sts.

BALMORAL BLOCK

VICTORIA B. C.

TELEPHONE 633



### Contracts?

If you knew a barber who would shave you for 2c a week—and guarantee never to cut you—and give you cleaner, smoother shaves than you ever had with an old fashioned razor—wouldn't you sign a life contract with him?

This is exactly the contract you sign with yourself, when you buy a Gillette Safety Razor.

The Gillette Safety Razor consists of a Triple Silver Plated Holder (will last a lifetime)—is double edged flexible blades (or best edges)—packed in velvet lined leather case—and the price is 5c. At all Jewellery, Drug, Cutlery, Hardware, Sporting Goods, and Dept. Stores. Write or ask your dealer for free booklets. If he cannot supply you, write to:

GILLETTE SAFETY RAZOR CO.,  
CANADIAN FACTORY, MONTREAL.







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**BUYING-SELLING**  
**IN B.C.**  
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OVER 100  
PROPERTIES  
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**1203 BROAD ST.**  
**RAILROAD AND INDUSTRIAL**  
**HAND BOOKS ON**  
**REQUEST.**  
**GRAIN** **COTTON**

## Machinery Wanted

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to 4 p. m. Tuesday, the 21st day of April, 1908, for Boiler, Engine, Cement Mixers, Steam Drills, as per specifications, which can be had or seen at the office of the Purchasing Agent.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT,  
Purchasing Agent.

## Synopsis of Canadian Northwest Homestead Regulations.

Any even numbered section of Dominion Lands in Manitoba or the Northwest Provinces, excepting 3 and 26, not reserved, may be homesteaded by any person the head of a family, or male over 21 years of age, to the extent of one-quarter section, of 160 acres, more or less. Application for homestead entry must be made in person by the applicant at the office of the local Agent or Sub-Agent. Entry by proxy may, however, be made on certain conditions by the father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of an intending homesteader. An application for inspection or inspection made personally at any Sub-Agent's office may be wired to the local Agent by the Sub-Agent, at the expense of the applicant, and if the land applies for is vacant on receipt of the telegram such application is to have priority and the land will be held until the necessary papers to complete the transaction are received by mail. In case of "per-ration" the entry will be summarily cancelled and the applicant will forfeit all priority of claim. An application for inspection must be made in person. The applicant must be eligible for homestead entry, and only the application for inspection will be received from an individual until that application has been disposed of.

A homesteader whose entry is in good standing, and not liable to cancellation, may, subject to approval of Department, relinquish it in favor of father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister, if eligible, but to no one else, on filing declaration of abandonment.

Where an entry is summarily cancelled, or voluntarily abandoned, subsequent to institution of cancellation proceedings, the applicant for inspection will be entitled to prior right of entry.

Applicants for inspection must state in what particular the homesteader is in default, and if subsequently the statement is found to be incorrect in material particulars, the applicant will lose any prior right of re-entry, should the land become vacant, or if entry has been granted it may be summarily cancelled.

DUTIES.—A settler is required to perform the conditions under one of the following plans:

(1) At least six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each year during the term of three years.  
(2) If the father (or mother, if the father is deceased) of a homesteader resides upon a farm in the vicinity of the land entered for by such homesteader the requirement as to residence may be satisfied by such person residing with the father or mother.

(3) If the settler has his permanent residence upon farming land owned by him in the vicinity of his homestead, the requirement may be satisfied by residence upon such land.

Before making application for patent the settler must give six months' notice in writing to the Commissioner of Dominion Lands at Ottawa, of his intention to do so.

## SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH- WEST MINING REGULATIONS.

COAL.—Coal mining rights may be leased for a period of twenty-one years at an annual rental of \$1 per acre. Not more than 2,500 acres shall be leased to one individual or company. A royalty at the rate of five cents per ton shall be collected on the merchantable coal mined.

QUARTZ.—A person eighteen years of age, or over, having discovered mineral veins, may locate a claim 1,000 to 1,500 feet.

The fee for recording a claim is \$5. At least \$100 must be expended on the claim, each year, or the claim will be forfeited. When \$500 has been expended or paid, the locator may, upon having a survey made, and upon complying with other requirements, purchase the land at \$1 per acre.

The patent for the payment of a royalty of 50 per cent. on the sales. Placer mining claims generally are 100 square feet, but may be 400 square feet.

An applicant may obtain two leases to dredge for gold or five miles each for a term of twenty years, renewable at the discretion of the Minister of the Interior. The leases shall have a dredge in operation within one season from the date of the lease for each five miles. Rental 10 per annum for each mile, of river front. Royalty at the rate of 10 per cent. collected on the output after it exceeds \$10,000.

W. W. COY,  
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.  
N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Buy the Times

## DISCUSSED THE CITY BY-LAWS

### PUBLIC MEETING WAS NOT WELL ATTENDED

Mayor, Aldermen and School  
Trustees Explained the  
Measures Submitted.

To judge by the attendance at the public meeting held in the city hall last evening the people of Victoria are not taking very much interest in the four by-laws which are to be voted upon to-morrow. The sentiment of the meeting, however, was favorable to the measures and it is safe to say that at its close, a canvas of those present, would have given a large percentage in their favor. The speakers in favor of the three by-laws being submitted by the council to raise \$70,000 for the installation of a salt water high pressure system of fire protection, \$20,000 for additional fire halls and equipment for the fire brigade and \$50,000 for sewer extension, were Mayor Hall and Aldermen Fullerton, Cameron and Hall, while Mr. Hutchinson, superintendent of the electric lighting station, explained the details of the proposed high pressure system and Chairman Jay and Trustee A. B. McNeil spoke on behalf of the new by-law. The only voice raised in opposition to any of the by-laws was that of ex-Mayor Morley, who was not satisfied with the plans for the high pressure system. He thought that the advice of Arthur L. Adams, the expert in charge of the construction of the new distribution system, should have obtained relative to the high pressure system. He was of the opinion that it would have been possible to have saved the cost of the high pressure mains by the use of the fresh water mains for salt water in case of a big fire. The danger of this was pointed out by Mayor Hall and Aldermen Fullerton and Henderson. Some questions were asked about the other by-laws but none of them bespoke any decided hostility to them. The high pressure was not very well understood and consequently may not have been very popular with those present when the meeting opened, but after the explanations by the members of the council and Mr. Hutchinson, several expressed themselves as having come to the meeting not very highly impressed but as now being nearly in accord with it. Among these was A. G. Gossage, of the Locomotive Company, who announced that he was now ready to get out and work for the passage of the by-law. Proceedings were enlivened by passages between Mayor Hall and ex-Mayor Morley.

The members of the council present were Mayor Hall and Aldermen Hall, Cameron and Henderson. The meeting, although not very largely attended, was fairly representative.

Mayor Hall presided, and in opening the meeting said that the by-laws to be discussed were particularly important to the city at the present time. He had heard therefore that anyone who had any questions to ask would not be backward in doing so for they were there to settle any doubts that there might be in the minds of any one regarding the measures. He was sorry there was not a larger attendance, but that fact would not prevent a full and free discussion.

Mr. Jay Asked Support.

He called upon Chairman Jay, of the school board first. Mr. Jay said he was glad to have an opportunity of saying a few words in favor of the by-law to raise \$70,000 for school purposes which was being submitted for the purpose of raising money with which to buy a site for a school in the northern portion of the city and to erect thereon a building and also to southern portion of the city. There should not be any necessity to say anything regarding this by-law for the people might rest assured that the trustees were alive to the situation and would not ask this money unless it was required. Under the School act the trustees were obliged to provide school accommodation for all children in the city between the ages of 6 and 16 years. It was in order to do this that they were asking the people to vote this money.

In the Central school there were now altogether over 800 boys and girls. Not only were the rooms in this building filled but pupils were being taught in out-houses, while there were 85 pupils in one room presided over by two teachers. This was a condition that should not be allowed to continue.

The proposed new school in the northern portion of the city would draw off a certain number from the Central school and so relieve the situation there to a certain extent, and they would also be enabled to close Hillside school. This latter was an old building, obsolete and condemned some years ago and should be closed for school purposes at once. As to the site in the southern portion of the city they all knew how that section was growing, so that a school there would be a positive necessity in the near future. It was therefore good policy to buy a site before the land there was sold in small lots and the price had gone up. Since 1888, some 15 years, not a cent had been spent by the city in increased school accommodation. In that year the South Park and the North Ward schools had been built. These were still good buildings, but they were now filled to their utmost capacity. The expenditure in Victoria West last year had nearly been the erection of a more modern building to replace one already in use. Two rooms were to be added to the Kingston street school this year, but this was to be done out of current revenue. This school was already overcrowded without providing for the increase in the number of scholars that would be certain to come in after the Easter and midsummer holidays, so that it was imperative that something should be done there. It was this city improved its school accommodation generally. At present there were a

number of old school buildings which were costing a large amount of money each year to keep in proper repair. He hoped that the school by-law would not only carry to-morrow, but would do so by a large majority.

Ald. Fullerton on By-Laws.

Ald. Fullerton, chairman of the fire wardens, was the next speaker and took up the city by-laws, particularly the high pressure and the fire equipment measures. After the fire last year the insurance rates had been advanced and, as a result of a letter of protest sent to the secretary of the Vancouver Island fire underwriters, the Robert Howe had been sent here to investigate and had recommended a salt water high pressure system for the heart of the city. The fire wardens had, following this, adopted plans for such a system commensurate with the city's needs. The proposed reservoir on Smith's hill would not be used for a sufficient pressure for fire-fighting purposes in the centre of the city. The proposed system, he might point out, would give protection to the whole city, in the case of a conflagration such as occurred last summer, while the salt water system was being used in the business section of the city the domestic supply could be utilized for fighting the fire in the outlying districts. The territory included in the plan was from the water front to beyond Blanchard street and from Chatham street to Broughton street. The system was such that it could be added to at any time. He was pleased at the prospect of a reduction in rates as announced in the Times but he did not look at the proposal in that light at all. To him mind the high pressure system was required for the protection of the city and it was to make no difference in insurance rates.

As to the by-law to provide money for additional fire halls and equipment for the fire brigade he did not think it necessary to say anything in its favor. The need of fire protection in the northeastern portion of the city which was growing fast was self-evident. At present by the time the brigade could get there any ordinary fire would have practically burned itself out. It was imperative also that a new fire hall should be erected to replace the present antiquated one in James Bay district. More appliances were also necessary.

No one could object to the sewer by-law. The owners of the properties benefited repaid this loan and it did not cost the city a cent. There were portions of the city which badly required sewerage and it should be supplied, especially when it cost the ratepayers at large nothing.

Mr. Bragg asked whether the reservoir on Smith's hill would provide sufficient pressure for fire-fighting purposes.

He was told it would not.

Mayor Endorses Measures.

Mayor Hall said the sewer by-law should be carried unanimously for it would not add a single cent to the city's debt charges. Only those who benefited paid. The city was sadly in need of a more complete system of sanitation. If the sewer by-law were turned down it would mean that it would cost the citizens of certain sections of the city a large amount to comply with the board of health's regulations. As matters stood, work on the sewer was at a standstill until more money was voted. All men employed on this had been laid off at noon on Thursday last.

As for the proposed high pressure system he thought it the best proposition that had ever been brought before the people of this city. Nothing in the way of adequate fire protection could be hoped for from a reservoir on Smith's hill for the best pressure that could be hoped for from that source would be 30 pounds at the lowest portions of the business districts, Ward and Store streets. This would give a pressure of more than 40 or 50 pounds at the nozzle there, which was nothing like enough for fire-fighting purposes. Further up in the business section even this small pressure could not be hoped for. This was the reason the council was submitting the high pressure proposition to the people. In case of a big fire in the heart of the city the two systems could be used, giving 25 streams instead of 14, the standard number for fire-fighting purposes.

From a financial standpoint the city would be saving money if the insurance rates were reduced on \$5,000 per year for the amount it would be required to raise annually to provide for the interest and sinking fund on this by-law would be only \$4,380 per year. On such a small reduction in insurance rates the high pressure system would thus not cost the city a single cent. Even if the city did eventually go to Goldstream or Sooke for its water supply the high pressure system would be as necessary as ever for all the water from either of these sources would come through the reservoir on Smith's hill and what he had previously said about the cost of the water from there would still apply, with the size of pipe that it was proposed to lay from the source to the reservoir. To put in a large enough pipe to guarantee an adequate supply of fresh water for fire protection would require much more money than the high pressure plant would cost. Even with a large pipe there would be a large expenditure necessary to provide additional equipment for the fire brigade in order to put it in shape to protect the city. In case of a big fire the whole city would benefit as had been pointed out by Ald. Fullerton. Now, he might add, was the time to put in the salt water system if it were ever to be put down for many of the streets in the area to be served were to be paved. If such a system were to be installed the mains should be laid before the paving was done. Otherwise the cost would be greatly increased. As to reduction in insurance rates he held in his hand a voluntary offer from the underwriters to reduce the rates as soon as the new system was ready. In connection with the by-law for additional fire halls and equipment there was no question but that it should be passed. He hoped the people would see fit to endorse all four by-laws.

Ex-Mayor Morley to Front.

Ex-Mayor Morley asked whether the opinion of Expert Adams had been secured regarding this salt water high pressure system. He had understood from Mr. Adams that the fresh water system would meet all requirements for all purposes. Mr. Hutchinson, who is a good electrical engineer, was not an

expert in water matters. He thought that Mr. Adams' advice should have been asked.

Mayor Hall, in reply, said that Mr. Adams' advice had not been asked regarding salt water system. His report on the waterworks system was merely for a domestic supply, which would give only 80 lbs. service, no matter what was done. The high pressure system was an altogether different matter.

Mr. Morley—"I don't think my question has been fairly answered."

Mayor Hall—"If you want to address the meeting you can do so after Mr. Hutchinson is through."

Mr. Morley—"Isn't this a public meeting?"

Mayor Hall—"Yes, but you can't speak now."

Mr. Morley—"Well, I'll speak later."

Mr. Bragg asked if it would be fair to tax the whole city for a system which would only benefit a portion of it?

Mayor Hall—"If it would benefit only a portion of the city it would be no reason to tax the whole city for it."

The high pressure system would, however, benefit the whole city, for in case of a big fire, while the salt water system would be in use to protect the centre of the city the fresh water system would be available for the remainder of the city. All would thus benefit.

Father of the System.

Mr. Hutchinson, superintendent of the city electric lighting station, who drew up the plans for the proposed water system, was next called upon. There was evidently, he said, a very wrong impression abroad regarding this by-law. The requirements for fire protection were totally different from those for domestic purposes. For the latter a pressure of only from 60 to 80 lbs. was required, while for fire purposes 100 to 250 lbs. was necessary. The area to be served extended from the water front to Quadra street, and from the Empress hotel to Taylor's mill, this being what was known as the congested area. The fact that the electric light station was located on the harbor front, right at the source of supply, was lucky in connection with the installation of a high pressure system. There was a good boiler plant there from which steam could be supplied to operate the plant. As long as the erecting plant was in operation, steam would be up during the whole 24 hours, so that the high pressure system would cost nothing on that account. If the erecting plant were closed down it would of course require another fireman at the light station to keep up steam for use in case of fire. The capacity of each pump would be 4,000 gallons per day, which would supply 14 nozzles with a standard pressure as required by the underwriters. The quantity thus guaranteed would be larger than the domestic supply. The system would be what was called gridiron so far as the mains were concerned. Pipes would be laid on Store, Ward, Government, Douglas and Blanchard streets, connected at either end by pipes along Broughton and Herald streets. Mr. Hutchinson then demonstrated how the fire of last summer could have been prevented from spreading had there been a high pressure system in use.

As to pressure from the reservoir on Smith's hill, it would not give fire protection. The reservoir would be only 212 feet above the sea level, which would give a head of only 175 feet at Government street, equal to 75 lbs. pressure, without allowing for any frictional losses in the pipes or reduction at the hydrant. The pressure at Douglas would be only 64 lbs., and at Blanchard street 58 lbs. From these figures must be deducted from 6 to 10 lbs. for friction in the pipes. After providing for other losses, such a pressure would be useless in case of a big fire. For example it would be absolutely valueless in case of a fire at the Driard.

Financial Standpoint.

From a financial standpoint there was every reason why the proposition should be adopted. It would require three fire engines to do the work of one of the pumps it was proposed to install. These alone would cost \$30,000, while 15,000 feet of hose that would be required would cost \$15,000. This hose would have to be replaced five or six times during the life of the mains, so that it was manifestly cheaper to lay mains and install a stationary pump than it was to trust to fire engines with long reaches of hose, such as would be necessary. As salt water would affect water mains, it was proposed to keep the pipes filled with fresh water which could be drawn off for sprinkling, thus keeping up some circulation, for there would be provision for connecting the pipes of the two systems. By keeping the pipes full it would be possible to turn on the pressure at any moment. If the pipes were allowed to stand empty it would take 30 minutes to fill them in case of fire.

The need for a high pressure system was being recognized in other places, including cities such as New York, Philadelphia, Oakland, etc., each of which possessed at present excellent domestic supplies.

In reply to W. W. Brown, Mr. Hutchinson said that it was not necessary to ask Mr. Adams' opinion in a matter of this kind. The work was simply one of ordinary everyday engineering. While he would be pleased to have Mr. Adams report on the proposition as prepared by him, still he did not think it necessary.

After being assured that the plant would be kept ready for operation at all times, Mr. Gossage said that he had come to the meeting determined to oppose the high pressure by-law, but after the explanations given he would support it from then to the time of polling to the best of his ability. He was sorry the facts had not been placed before the people earlier, for it would have made a big difference in the vote.

Trustee McNeil Spoke.

Trustee A. B. McNeil followed. He was sorry to see such a small audience, for he thought the people should take more interest in such matters. He hoped to see all the by-laws pass, but was there more particularly in the interests of the school by-law, which should be passed. The Central school at present was very much overcrowded. The necessity for teaching two classes in one room was a disgrace. Another class was being taught in a shed in the yard divided by only the thinnest kind of partition from the

(Continued on page 16).

## PREDICT RISING MARKET FOR LOGS

### Industry Has Been in Very Poor State During Winter.

(Special to the Times).

Vancouver, April 15.—Sawmill men believe that two months' time will see the advent of a slowly rising market for logs, which have been very low in price all winter. Shipments of the poorer grades of timber to the American mills of Puget Sound will probably not aggregate more than fifteen million feet. The present year was ushered in with not less than one hundred and sixty million feet of logs in water, or ready to be put in. With what mills have already used and the amount exported there remains not more than eighty million feet in the water. But little logging is now being carried on up the coast.

MISSOURI DAM BURSTS.

Helena, Mont., April 15.—Without warning, the dam at Hauser lake, on the Missouri river, 15 miles north of this city, partially gave way shortly before 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, causing damage estimated at \$25,000. So far as can be learned, no lives were lost, and at 9 o'clock last night no serious damage had been caused by the volume of water, estimated at 25 feet, which was precipitated into the channel beyond the structure. The narrowness of the river and its interwinding had impeded the headway of the water, and no great loss of property is expected in the towns and villages north of the city. Hauser Lake dam, 70 feet high and 400 feet long, was completed last year at a cost of more than \$2,000,000, and developed a horsepower of 25,000.

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# LIBERAL ENTHUSIASM IN YALE-CARIBOO

(Continued from page 14.)

A man representing a great district like Yale-Cariboo must act with strict impartiality so far as its various localities and more varied interests are concerned, but I think those who come here from other parts of the district for the purpose of nominating a Liberal candidate for the House of Commons, will join me in saying that no more attractive centre for holding the convention could be found than the beautiful city of Vernon. We who came from other parts were at once made to feel that we were among friends, and it appeared to us that partyism has given way to hospitality and that Liberals and Conservatives have combined to welcome our visitors.

I would also be ungrateful and ungrateful if I did not hasten to express my appreciation of the large number of ladies. If I were a politician I would have said beautiful ladies, but being only a plain man you must permit me to say that the ladies of this kind to me are a healthy sign to see. I have a keen interest in public affairs. Personally, I wish they only had votes, because though an extremely modest man I still have a sort of meekness idea that if the ladies of Vernon only had votes I would get them all. Let me say here and now for their influence in the coming contest.

I said a short time ago that I had no record in 1901 when I came to you. I sometimes think that the lack of record, the absence of sins of omission or commission is a distinct advantage to a public man. I do not desire to face any responsibility for my work as member for Yale-Cariboo. I tried to do my duty to the district, and to be human and I would not wish to set myself or be set on any pedestal above my fellow-men in this district of Yale-Cariboo. I gave a loyal support to the Laurier government because I considered it the best government Canada ever had and because I believed it was enthusiastic about the development of the west and development is what this great district of Yale-Cariboo most needs.

It is, therefore, incumbent upon me as bridge, as possible to review the record of the government during the last four years in matters of public policy and more particularly its record and my record so far as the district of Yale-Cariboo is concerned.

## Policy of Development.

Let me say at the outset that in a great country like Canada the development of any portion thereof directly benefits every other portion. The development of the west during the last ten years has instilled new life in the Dominion of Canada from the Atlantic to the Pacific, has lifted the country from the slough of despond into which it had fallen in the dark days of Conservative rule. Our Conservative friends give the credit to a kind Providence. So do we. No man having an appreciation of the fact that a greater than a mere human power shines out of destinies but must rest in his heart gratefulness for the blessings that have been bestowed on the country during the last ten years, and he is all the better Canadian for such feelings of gratitude. But as has been well said by Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Providence works through human agencies.

Did the Laurier government make good use of its talent since 1897? The majority of my hearers have a keen personal knowledge of the conditions of the West prior to the advent of the Laurier government to power. The fertile lands were here, climatic conditions were the same, the land hadn't become any drier, and the last ten years, but notwithstanding that nature was just as kind to Canada under Conservative as Liberal rule, no substantial progress was made. Our Conservative friends paid bonuses to encourage immigration to the Northwest, but the going out process was greater than the coming in, and the result was that the Northwest didn't remain there. Discouraged and disheartened by adverse conditions, they sought new fields in which they hoped to better themselves. Did they come to the rich Okanagan Valley with plenty of money to buy fruit and land? No, they would cross the boundary line into foreign soil and settle the Dakotas, Minnesota and other western states. But things changed when Hon. Clifford Sifton took charge of the department of the Interior. There is no man in Quebec who has been more vigorously pursued, who has been more cruelly slandered by impudently enemies than Clifford Sifton. But when the population of Canada is 50,000,000 and when the history of Canada is written Clifford Sifton will be remembered as the father of this country, as the one who originated the policy and the new development of the west.

The official figures are the most eloquent testimony to the benefits accruing from a change of policy. Let me give a few:

Homesteads.	
1892 .....	4,840
1893 .....	4,087
1894 .....	3,268
1895 .....	2,284
1896 .....	1,851
1897 .....	1,334
1898 .....	24,073
1899 .....	20,819
1900 .....	41,869
1901-nine months .....	11,517
Immigration.	
1892 .....	30,996
1893 .....	29,632
1894 .....	20,828
1895 .....	18,770
1896 .....	12,872
1897 .....	123,894
1898 .....	130,330
1899 .....	144,256
1900 .....	184,064
1901-nine months .....	124,667

Land Grants to Railways.  
Under Conservative rule, 1878 to 1896, amounted to \$1,612,584 acres.  
Lands granted to settlers in the same period were only 7,415,100 acres.  
Land granted to railways by Liberals, 1897 to 1901, amounted to 22,582,810 acres.  
Conservatives granted to colonization

companies 425,000 acres of land, and \$7,518 of land scrip. Got no settlers. The Liberals granted 250,000 acres to the Sasatchewan Valley Land Company, for which \$1 per acre was paid, and got the whole tract settled by the most desirable class from the American side, many of whom were Canadians who had gone to the United States in the dark days of Conservative rule and returned to their own country under new and better and more prosperous conditions.

## Okanagan Development.

Now, sir, this policy has done something for the Okanagan valley and the interior of the province of B. C. The first time I visited Vernon was in 1892. It was a beautiful place then, a neat little village surrounded by large cattle ranches. I remember quite well the subject agitating the minds of the people here was whether a bonus should be granted to encourage the establishment of a flour mill. No one thought of growing fruit for market in those days because it had been there was no market for it. You have received in this valley during recent years a large number of people of whom Okanagan valley should be proud, and no doubt is proud. They are the men and women who pioneered in the Northwest, and through the direct influence of the sifton policy came to their own after years of patient toil and patient waiting. They came to you with money and experience and are rapidly converting your valley into the garden not only of British Columbia, but of Canada. You were here in 1899 and before that date a fair enough and broad enough to acknowledge that it was the enormous development in the Northwest which enabled the majority of the new-comers to invest in your lands, to increase their values, to all the better the best class of the people and the highest citizenship. Would such a happy result be possible with a policy not only stagnation but retrogression?

But the East has also profited by this policy. Go into any manufacturing in the East, consult with the manager and he will tell you that the reason his factory has been working over time is that from 50 to 70 per cent of its products are going to the West, to the International Harvester Company of Hamilton, Ont., employing 2,000 men, and its management will tell you that 45 per cent of the product of its immense works are sold to the West. This policy of development has given breadth as well as length to Canada. The increasing population of the Northwest kept producing more and more wheat until the transportation companies could handle the traffic. Did the Laurier government say we are growing too fast, we must call a halt? No, they said let the good work go on. We will build another transcontinental railway. We will provide adequate transportation facilities. These growing times this development must continue and now the Grand Trunk Pacific is being built.

Until a few years ago Canada west was sometimes known as a right of way for the Canadian Pacific railway, and sometimes as a narrow strip of land north of the international boundary line. To-day Canada has breadth as well as length not only in the Northwest, but in B. C. as well. Wheat is being successfully grown 500 miles north of the international boundary line. Five million acres are now under wheat, producing about 100,000,000 bushels. One hundred million acres can be brought under cultivation, producing a billion or two billion bushels. These figures are appalling, but the policy of development has demonstrated that in Canada we have one of the greatest countries in the world which will soon become the granary of the Empire.

The construction of the C. P. R. will do much for B. C. Here is the settled portion of the province was largely south of the Canadian Pacific railway, because there was no railway north. Five-tenths of the province lies north of the C. P. R., and the G. T. P. will pass through the centre of it. Let no man think that because the northern portion has not been settled it is therefore not as rich in agricultural lands, in timber, in coal, in minerals as the settled portion. With transportation facilities provided we are going to get a development and a growing population equal to that of any other portion of the Dominion, and we are going to get more; we are going to get railways built from the G. T. P. to make them more accessible, thus opening up Cariboo and Lillooet and other intervening districts.

The East gets direct benefit from the construction of the G. T. P. not only by increased business for its manufacturing, but in opening up new areas in Ontario and Quebec in some reports of the national transcontinental engineers a few days ago. I was amazed at some figures given on the authority of those engineers. Fifteen million six hundred and eighty thousand acres of good agricultural lands will be opened up in New Ontario by the national transcontinental railway. Many of you come from the good old province of Ontario. Do you know that there are only 14,000,000 acres under cultivation in Ontario and less than 21,000,000 acres in all in the old province of Ontario, but the construction of the transcontinental railway through the clay belt of New Ontario makes over 15,000,000 acres of new agricultural land available in that province. What I want to impress on my audience, what I want to drive home is the outstanding fact that this policy of development, opening up these magnificent areas in Canada from the Atlantic to the Pacific is directly attributed to the fact that the Laurier government began an intelligent, aggressive policy of development and carried it on until to-day every portion of the Dominion gets the direct benefit. Seed I can upon the fact that you fruit-growers at Okanagan and you lumber men of other parts of this district must give credit to this policy for providing you a market?

## Scandal.

The facts and figures which I have given cannot be successfully controverted nor can they be effectively criticized. Our Conservative friends no longer attempt to offer serious criticism to the policy or the record of the Laurier government. They have abandoned the left-time functions of an opposition and have started a campaign of calumny and slander. They no longer say that the immigration policy has not been effective, they no longer say

that the transportation policy has not been crowned with success, they no longer seriously object to tariff policy, or offer any alternative, they simply shout graft and go up and down the highways and byways endeavoring to poison the minds of the people of this country by innuendo and gross misrepresentation of public men. I am not unappreciative of the danger of such a campaign, but I want to ask in all seriousness if the people of the West are going to be stampeded by wanton charges without proof and are going to vote against a government that has done so much for the West?

Let me give you one instance to show the absurd charges by our Tory friends are. We have heard something in the House of Commons and have read more in Tory newspapers regarding the awful timber scandals. What are the facts? From 1878 to 1895 when there was practically little or no settlement in the Northwest, the increasing demand for timber in the Northwest, the Conservative government gave to its friends without money and without price, 20,767 square miles of timber land. Settlement came with the advent of the Laurier government, the demand for timber enormously increased but notwithstanding this, during the eleven years of Liberal rule, only 7,915 square miles of timber were alienated, not to friends of the government but in every instance to the highest bidder in open competition. Now let me state in plain English the scandal that from the first day the Laurier government entered office until to-day not a single acre of timber has been granted to anyone except to the highest bidder after open competition. When this rule has never been broken, where is the shadow of a vestige of excuse for charges of graft?

Our Conservative friends in their anger, in their unsatiable thirst for scandal have only called attention to their own shortcomings. I hold in my hand a list of timber berths granted during the Conservative rule. Here is some of the favored ones:

- Hon. J. G. Haggart, ex-minister of railways and canals, several 100 square miles.
- Nicholas Flood Davin, 56 square miles.
- J. G. H. Bergeron, 50 square miles.
- H. McDowall, ex-M.P., 50 square miles.
- H. A. Ward, M.P., 50 square miles.
- Thos. Elricket, M.P., 50 square miles.
- Hon. W. H. Montague, M.P., 50 square miles.

And a long list of other prominent politicians. These berths were granted by order-in-council, and the Tory government giving these Tory friends large areas of the public domain free gratis for nothing. But they say in their own defence to-day, we never got the timber. Does that change the policy under which timber lands were alienated by the Tory government? And why didn't they get the timber? I will tell you.

In 1885 the Conservative friends of the administration got the greatest favor. Timber lands were given away, not sold, but given away. They were given away in this or any other country; 10,325 square miles were given away to the favored ones in the majority of cases being prominent Conservative politicians. These areas were granted largely in what was then known as the disputed territory in Ontario, along the line of the C. P. R., then under construction or about to be constructed. The Conservative government said the land belongs to us. Let us parcel it out among our friends so that they can make large money out of it when the railway is built. Sir Oliver Mowat, the premier of Ontario, said this land belongs to the people of Ontario, and we will not allow it to be parcelled out to Conservative politicians. Sir Oliver took the case to the Privy Council in England. He won. The disputed territory was awarded to Ontario; the lands were reserved for the people of Ontario and that is the reason Conservative politicians didn't get their timber lands.

But some of them got timber lands by order-in-council outside of the disputed territory. Timber lands in the Northwest. These orders-in-council were in full force and effect until the Liberals came into power. They could have disposed of the timber if they had been any one but Conservative rule, and in many instances the orders-in-council were rescinded by the Liberal government for the non-payment of the annual rental of 25 per square mile.

This was the policy of the Conservatives. This was the policy of the very people who are to-day shouting graft in connection with a policy of open competition, and in every instance awarded to the highest bidder. Their charges in this instance are as unfair, unfounded and absurd as in every other instance where they have attempted to discredit the character of the honest men and abandon criticism for the cowardly alternative of bringing up wild charges of graft and corruption without one tittle of evidence to substantiate these charges.

Let me appeal to you again, I honestly believe that we have the best government Canada ever had, and I support it. I honestly believe that it is in the best interests of Canada and particularly the west, and more particularly the great district of Yale-Cariboo, to continue the Laurier government in office, to give it an opportunity to work out its policy of further developing the West, and I therefore hope that the man who has the best interests of the West at heart will be led away by any cruel campaign of the scandal monger.

and quoting: "We want railways and plenty of them, and we want such assistance as will make possible the early construction of railways required; not because it is fashionable to knock at the treasury doors whenever a man gets a railway bee in his bonnet or a railway charter in his work-pocket, but because in the work of empire-building the resources of Yale-Cariboo are a sufficient warranty for the expenditure of public monies in securing the development of those resources. We want a railway to come from Midway to open up the tinne from Midway to open up the tinne gold, silver, copper and zinc, and we of Similkameen and Nicola, and we of the north and west of the old flag in the interests of any particular railway corporation; and we want a railway to open up a direct market in the boundless Boundary mining country for the fruit and hour and country, natural products of the north and west, northward putting new life into Golden Cariboo and minimizing if not destroying the effect of the recent international arbitration by giving us a short and direct route to the Yukon through Canadian territory, and a route that divides the water of the Kettle river opened up to the prospector, miner and farmer."

"A big programme, you will say, but not at all out of keeping with the magnificent resources of the district. Through the state-mandated policy of the Laurier government there is every reason to believe that the north will be penetrated by another transcontinental railway, but railways running north and south are also required to develop our resources and to bring mining and agricultural districts in closer touch with each other to the advantage of all."

"I do not think I will be charged with heresy or lacking in loyalty to the Liberal party when I suggest that more attention should be paid to the development of our own resources rather than to international trade. The great country to the south of us, with its 40,000,000 of people, does not enjoy its prosperity through the nourishing care of a protective tariff, but rather because there are 80,000,000 under the one flag and having the greatest possible freedom of trade within their borders."

Now, sir, these would have been idle words if nothing were done to supply this policy. I think I can claim some credit for having done something to bring about railway construction in this district, and it is complete success did not follow it was not for want of trying, and I am still hopeful that the policy which I laid down will be carried into effect by Mr. W. J. Bowser, the Midway and Vernon, money spent on local works.

## The Oriental Question.

During recent years Sir Wilfrid Laurier had to deal with some questions of grave international character, and the same reasonable, moderate statesmanlike ideals which have always actuated him in the discharge of his public duties were brought into play, with the result that satisfactory solutions were secured in all instances. One of the gravest and peculiar intricacies to the province of British Columbia, I refer to the Oriental question, and as my name has been more or less prominently associated with this question so far as it relates to the political situation in this province, I will endeavor to state the whole of it as briefly as possible explain my position and justify any statement which I made. The merits of the Oriental question itself I do not here intend to discuss. I took the opportunity of placing my views as clearly and as forcibly as I could before the parliament of Canada, and the people of the country. I took the liberty of furnishing every elector in the riding with a copy of this speech so that it will be necessary for me to go into details of the question at the present time.

But sir, when I considered the discussion of my views, I will not direct myself to Hon. Mr. Bowser, the attorney-general of this province.

Now, sir, the people of this country should demand honor and integrity in its public men. Let me make the issue clear and distinct. If my charges against Mr. Bowser are not true then I have no right to be in public life in this country; if they are true, then he should be driven from public life. There is no middle course. Any statement I made was absolutely in accordance with the facts, and I am prepared to offer unmistakable evidence that such is the case, but before doing so let me give you some of the incidents which led up to the controversy between Mr. Bowser and myself.

"In 1894 a commercial treaty between Great Britain and Japan was ratified and any of the self-governing colonies of Great Britain could have the benefits of this treaty by notifying the Japanese government of their willingness to accede to the terms of the treaty."

Mr. Ross then read the following correspondence: (Nosse to Laurier.)

Montreal, March 20th, 1902.  
In answer to my cable to the Imperial Japanese government advising them to continue the policy of restricting their people in any large numbers from entering British Columbia, I have received a cable intimation to the effect that I have to give your government the renewed assurances that the Japanese government are not desirous of forcing their people into British Columbia against the wish of the province, and that they are willing to enter into an agreement with your government by which they may bind themselves to their present policy of rigid restriction if not deemed satisfactory to your government.

(Sgd.) T. NOSSE.  
Consul-General of Japan.  
(Nosse to Laurier.)

Montreal, July 13th, 1902.  
Any number of new permits under 200 per annum cannot be said to be very large considering the fact that this number not only includes the wives and children of the old residents, but also merchants and students and even the consul and his family are included.

(Sgd.) T. NOSSE.  
(Nosse to Laurier.)

Montreal, March 19th, 1903.  
My personal explanation to you at our last interview I trust has convinced you that the Japanese government has been faithful to her promises and the

people in British Columbia have no real cause of agitation.  
(Sgd.) T. NOSSE.  
(Nosse to Laurier.)

May 6th, 1903.  
While trusting in the Canadian government's justice and good faith, the Japanese government will always adhere to their policy of voluntary restriction of their people emigrating to British Columbia.

(Sgd.) NOSSE.  
(Nosse to Fisher.)

Sept. 18th, 1905.  
Your government, I understand, proposes to restrict the immigration, consular navigation, and some other things. It is rather surprising to me that your government in spite of your statement, is going to ask for such restrictions. The Japanese government will, I am afraid, never agree to such a momentary treaty with Germany. It is a secret. This treaty with Japan which is a more binding and compromising treaty, has suddenly rushed into publicity and I think it is not unreasonable to ask what is the cause of this impetuous publicity."

"That there were also secret arrangements between the government of Great Britain and the government of Japan not revealed by the documents laid on the table of the House, is shown by an inquiry on November 19th, 1902, by Mr. Labouchere, is referred to in Vol. 114 of the British Hansard, page 1350, as follows:

"Mr. Labouchere: 'To ask the under secretary of state for foreign affairs whether His Majesty's government has given any pledges or entered into any reciprocal agreements with any foreign power in regard to China or Japan to which this House has not been made cognizant. Whether it has given such pledges or entered into any such reciprocal agreements in regard to the Mediterranean or to any foreign country abutting on it, with any foreign power, of which this House has not been made cognizant.'"

He was assured by Lord Cranbourne as follows:

"I venture to hope that the hon. gentleman will forgive me if I am only able to reply that I have no statement to make upon the inquiry which he has addressed to me. Any other reply he would allow me to say would be contrary to public interest."

Mr. Labouchere, renewing his inquiry on November 24th, 1902, and the reply thereto, is reported in the English Hansard, Vol. 115, page 235.

It is well to draw the attention of the House to the language used by Mr. Labouchere in framing his inquiry. He says: "To ask the under secretary of state for foreign affairs whether he will forgive me in asking him if there were any clauses attached to the treaty between this country and Japan, which have not been made public, and which he will allow me to ask him whether he can inform me without injury to public interest if any pledges or assurances with that treaty, have been given which are not known to parliament."

Lord Cranbourne replied as follows: "I fear I can add nothing to the reply which I gave the hon. gentleman on the 19th, and which he will see, except the present case. And his reply of the 19th, I have already given to the House."

Now, sir, why do I refer to these things? Because I want to submit to this audience, composed of intelligent and reasonable men, that it is more than probable that Sir Wilfrid Laurier was considerably made aware of the nature of these secret negotiations between Japan and Great Britain. I have no warrant for such a statement, but it is not reasonable to suppose that the representative of Canada, the leading daughter of the Empire, should be made acquainted with the terms of an international arrangement with her neighbor across the Pacific? If you accept this as a basis of my argument it is not also reasonable to suppose that every subsequent act of Sir Wilfrid was influenced by his confidential knowledge of Imperial interests involved in the agreement with Japan.

We are all good Canadians, but we are also proud to be good Britishers, and if our connection with Great Britain is not outward sham then in our treatment of other countries we must have some regard for Imperial interests.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, as representing the people of Canada, did not take the foremost part in the Imperial conference because he is not a blatant demagogue with his ear always to the ground listening to the noise of the mob but because moderation has been the keynote of all his career and the secret of all his achievements.

Mr. Williston in his life of Laurier, aptly says: "He learned at the threshold of his public life that the statesman must resist popular clamor and stand impervious to momentary gusts of popular passion, and that all enduring achievement must be based on the reason rather than the emotions of the people."

In no way has there been a more striking exemplification of this accurate description of the man than in his treatment of the Oriental question.

Our Conservative friends in this province have been endeavoring to make capital out of this question. They have twisted the statements of the premier into an insulting disrespect for the views of the people of B. C., and I think the local Conservative newspapers are guilty of misquoting him. But no one could have been with him day after day as the British Columbia members were with him discussing this question without realizing that he fully sympathized with our views. "I am ready to do anything to settle this question to the satisfaction of the people of B. C.," he said, "but don't ask me to do anything that will endanger the interests of the Empire. We will send Lemoine to Japan to find out why they haven't kept their pledges to us. If they don't intend to do so we will cancel the treaty."

"The agreement speaks for itself, and I do not know that it greatly needed the short explanatory dispatch which accompanied it, to form part of the papers, which your Lordships have already seen. I do not think the noble Lord would be entitled to ask from us information—documentary information—as to the negotiations between this country and Japan which led to the conclusion of this agreement. These communications must obviously have been of a preliminary and most confidential character, and I do not think it would be in accordance with the

sound tradition to lay papers of this kind on the table of the House."

Again, in the same Hansard on page 1163, Mr. Balfour, replying to an inquiry from Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, states that he does not think that there is any statement to be made by His Majesty's government outside of the papers laid on the table of the House.

The debate in connection with the Anglo-Japanese agreement was continued at a later date by Mr. Norman, who rather criticized the government for having made public as much as it had in this connection, in the following words, English Hansard, Vol. 102, 4th series, page 1274:

"We have had for a long time a treaty with Italy. I do not know whether it still exists or not. It has been kept secret. We have at the present moment a treaty with Germany. It is a secret. This treaty with Japan which is a more binding and compromising treaty, has suddenly rushed into publicity and I think it is not unreasonable to ask what is the cause of this impetuous publicity."

"That there were also secret arrangements between the government of Great Britain and the government of Japan not revealed by the documents laid on the table of the House, is shown by an inquiry on November 19th, 1902, by Mr. Labouchere, is referred to in Vol. 114 of the British Hansard, page 1350, as follows:

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of sensible men to get the benefit of the treaty.

Bowser Charges.  
No sooner was this arrangement affected than Mr. Bowser, the attorney-general of this province, introduced into the local legislature the Natal Act for no other reason than to further complicate the matter. As one desiring peace, rather than turmoil, I thought it was my duty to expose the hollowness and hypocrisy of Mr. Bowser's actions as a public man, and I did so. In order that there may not be any misunderstanding regarding the matter, I have put down as briefly as possible my charges against him.

1. That W. J. Bowser was solicitor for Saint Gotoh.

2. That Saint Gotoh discussed with W. J. Bowser the effect of the Canadian Alien Labor Act, upon a contract of this character and that the contract was drawn up with special reference to the Alien Labor Act.

3. That all subsequent contracts between Saint Gotoh and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company were duplicates of the contract prepared by W. J. Bowser.

4. That during the last provincial campaign W. J. Bowser used information secured as solicitor for Gotoh to convince the voters that a contract had been entered into between Saint Gotoh and a company acting for the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway to bring in 50,000 Japanese laborers to work on the Grand Trunk Pacific railway.

5. That the information contained in the election speeches and papers appearing in the Vancouver Daily British Columbian before the last general election was supplied by W. J. Bowser, since the editorial columns of the same paper in the same issue gives W. J. Bowser credit for having warned the public regarding the alleged contract.

6. That the Vice-regal speech of the morning of the election gives as a report of a speech delivered by Mr. W. J. Bowser the substance of the allegations contained in the Province article.

7. That W. J. Bowser as solicitor for Gotoh knew at the time that the Province article was published and was published solely for the purpose of deceiving the electors.

8. That as solicitor for Saint Gotoh he knew that the contract was not between Gotoh and the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company, but between Gotoh and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, a powerful political ally in the last general election.

9. That W. J. Bowser knew of the existence of the Gotoh contract when he introduced the Natal Act into the legislature on April 2nd, 1902, and that this act for which he was primarily responsible was drafted in the name of the Lieut.-Governor it could not be enforced against the Gotoh contract.

10. That under the arrangements made by the Dominion government with Japan and by the enforcement of federal regulations, no Japanese can be brought into the province under the Gotoh contract and that consequently this contract is no longer in the way of W. J. Bowser introducing a good Natal Act in the legislature.

11. That he did so for political effect and for the purpose of securing a satisfactory settlement of a serious international question.

Now, sir, these charges are true and I intend to prove them, but before doing so, let me read some of Mr. Bowser's denials so that we may have both sides of the case.

Bowser's Denials.  
Quoting from the Colonist, Friday, January 24th, 1903, Mr. Bowser is reported as follows:

"I wish, Mr. Speaker, to call attention to a dispatch which appeared in the Times of this afternoon, in connection with remarks made in the debate which took place in the Dominion parliament at Ottawa, to-day. Duncan Ross states I was retained in respect to a contract made



# For the Home Dressmaker

## SOMETHING NEW IN THE JUMPER FROCK

### Our Letter From Paris

**D**AME FASHION has insisted, despite the protests of many great artists, that the jumper should remain in fashion for the season to come, and at last they have bowed to her decree, and made costumes that are the very best of the jumper class. These are designed especially to show off the best points of the under-bouise of sheer material and lace without having it so much in evidence that the illusion is spoiled.

The least attractive parts of a blouse are usually the shoulder seams, the top of the sleeves and the gathers above the waist, where the belt holds in the figure. The new jumpers cover these uninteresting features, showing only the beautiful embroidery in front, around the neck and on the cuffs.

The four models presented are becoming to all figures, and not one of them is difficult to copy at home.

The first, of natural-colored linen, is trimmed with pearl buttons and white cotton braid half an inch wide. The belt is of white suede, while the skirt is finished in three deep tucks. The hat, of black chip, is trimmed only with the crimson osprey plume.

The plain dress is charming for a white or dark blue linen, or even a striped gingham, for the pleated jumper and skirt and two rows of buttons are very smart, and, at the same time, most becoming, especially to the short girl. The hat is of white linen, gathered into a circle and tied with a black velvet bow.

The girl in the Panama hat is clad in rose-colored pongee, hand-embroidered in the same shade, white or black. The jumper is of the ordinary type, but the black velvet is used in a new and very effective way, and finished in two black silk tassels. The blouse need not necessarily be made with poke of lace; in fact, hand embroidery is even more appropriate for the purpose.

A model in pongee or linen, with an under-bouise of dotted swiss, is made entirely without trimming, save the folds of the material around the pleated skirt.

This dress would be very smart made up in a stripe or a gingham of some dark color, the outer edge of the jumper bound in bias bands of the material.

Jumper costumes are suitable all times of the day, morning, afternoon or evening, and as they are finished costumes in themselves, they may with propriety be worn on any occasion without a coat. For this reason they are economical, for they take less material than do the coat suits, and they are far easier to make at home. Then one coat of a dark shade may be worn with all the summer dresses, and it is best made of some light broadcloth or else of lined pongee or mohair.

It all comes down to the fact that the summer girl of 1908 will need at least three jumper gowns—one of linen, another of pongee and a third of gingham.

### A Lingerie Costume

**O**NE OF the hats shown for summer is of white straw in turban shape, and around the edge next to the hair is a wreath of tiny rosebuds. The crown of the hat, however, is covered with a mass of pink plumes, while one stands erect on the left side.

The hat is appropriate only with the lightest of summer dresses, and the one made to go with it is of white handkerchief linen, heavily hand-embroidered, with bands of pink linen tucked and let in around the skirt and in a design on the waist. The parasol for the costume is rather a novelty, for it is not of silk or pongee, but of pink batiste, absolutely unadorned save for tucks around the edge just above the plain hem. The stick is of pink enamel, made in the shape of a shepherd's crook.

### The Paquin Skirt

**W**ORD comes from Paris that the Paquin skirt has not been received at all enthusiastically; in fact, the Parisienne has totally neglected it. A French dressmaker says that she saw it only once, and then on an actress.

This is not encouraging news about a fashion that has become popular in this country, but those who own skirts on this model need not repine, for the American has a place all her own, and if a style suits her, she may wear it to her heart's content, for it is her right to select any style from any country that suits her fickle fancy.

### Soutache Bolero

**A** BEAUTIFUL white bolero for a young girl is made of soutache braid pleated and woven into a fabric. It is lined with a soft white silk and it is finished around the edge in wide braid. The sleeves are shaped like bretelles.

The same idea may be carried out in a three-quarter coat made with four panels, each of woven braid. With such a coat the summer girl, be she young or old, may look with indifference upon the new lace jackets of her friends.

### Knitted Neckties

**K**NITTED neckties have become increasingly popular, and where at first they were plain shades, they are now in designs, and not plain, modest ones at that. The very newest cravats are knitted in stripes about two inches broad running diagonally across, and the shades used are peculiar—salmon and black, blue and green, red and yellow, brown and pink. It surely seems as though men's apparel was becoming almost as ornate as it was in the early nineteenth century.

### Secure Pins for Large Hats

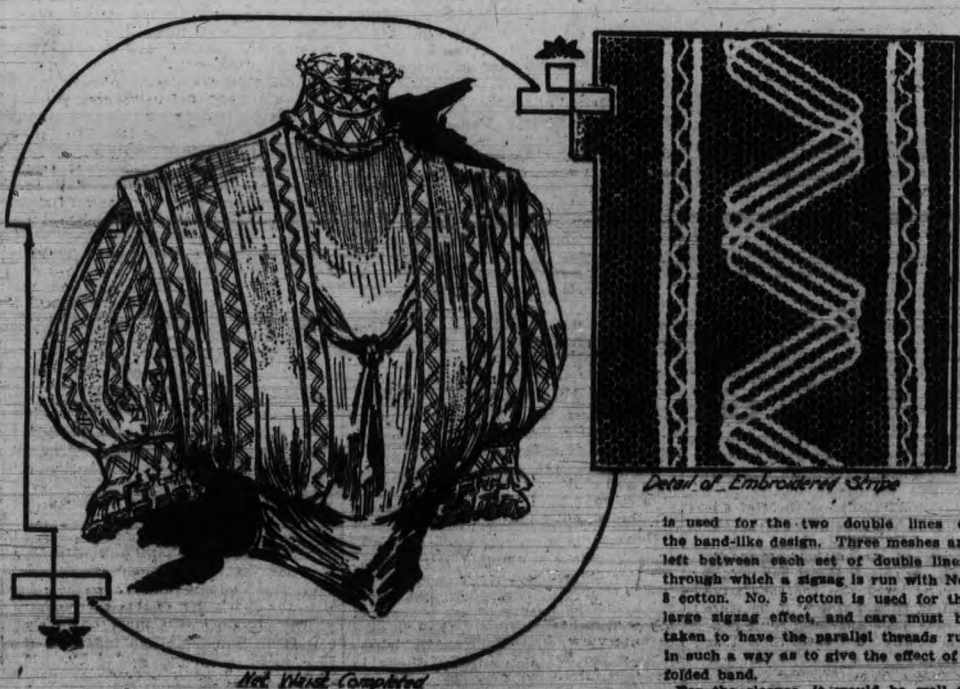
**N**EW hatpins are shown that fasten to the bandeau with small apices, and from there they run with double prongs through the hair. These novelties seem to hold the hat firmly in place, more firmly than any of their ornate cousins, and they cannot possibly do any injury to the hair.



## DARNED NET MAKES EFFECTIVE BLOUSES

**N**OWADAYS no woman considers her wardrobe complete unless it contains a fair collection of waists. The introduction of shadow embroidery was a boon to many, as it was not only a rapid worker, but required no expert embroiderer to handle it—for it was very simple, and it soon became popular.

Now there is a new kind of work in the field—at least it is an old kind revived—darned net, and it might well rival the popular shadow embroidery. The model is of white net, and mercerized cotton Nos. 3, 5 and 8 is used for the darning. The net for the blouse proper is folded on a straight line and tucks are put in to form a shallow round yoke. No. 5 cotton is used to run the tucks, and care must be taken to keep in the meshes of the net or the work will become crooked. Each tuck is ended with a French knot, the thread being securely fastened on the wrong side. It is advisable to use blunt needles in proper sizes to carry the different numbers of cotton. This is necessary to avoid fraying the cotton and pulling the net. This tucked portion is made into a simple blouse into which the sleeves are sewed. The over-bouise consists of two straight strips of the net upon each of which three rows of the band-like design are darned. Clusters of tucks are run from the shoulders, back and front, for a depth of about five inches. These tucks are run as already described, finishing with a French knot. Cotton No. 8



lay the pattern on the neck and outline with colored thread the size of the puff desired. Then arrange for as many stripes of the darned design as you desire.

A straight band is darned for the collar and one for each cuff. The little frill which finishes collar and cuffs is made by running the heaviest cotton about eight inches from the straight edge, then turning back the net and darning down with two other grades through both thicknesses of the net. This makes a firm hem as well as a pretty finish.

In working upon white net, hold it over a piece of black goods that is perfectly clean; this will facilitate the work and render it much easier for the eyes.

The darned net should find many friends, as it is simple to make and there are no applied insertions or medallions to pull away from the material.

It is not necessary to confine the work to white net alone, for some very attractive waists may be made of net in colors to match the skirt, and may be darned either in self-tones or in contrasting colors. Silk does may be used upon these colored net waists. A pretty combination would be a dark blue net, darned with dull, rich, oriental colors. Another would be net in natural pongee color, darned in shades of dull green. Still another, a dark brown, done in mauve.

Flax net, which at the moment is popular, may be substituted for the Brussels net of the illustration. For the sleeves, it would be well to

**N**OW that the time for summer dresses is almost here, the very clinging petticoat must, perforce, be discarded, as it is obvious to the most casual that the jumper pantaloons cannot be worn with sheer muslin or lace dresses. Therefore, madame must recall to a certain extent her lingerie—ruffles, plain or elaborate, according to the size of her pocketbook, but always provided with a deep flat flounce that cannot in any way spoil the straight line of her sheath skirt. For silk dresses crapes de chine may, of course, be worn, but pongee is very popular, and it may be embroidered or lace trimmed, as one may choose. Perhaps this variety is best when made with a circular ruffle embroidered in silk or mercerized cotton.

Stockinet petticoats are increasing in popularity, and they give much satisfaction when madame wishes to assume that long, lithe look that Dame Fashion so eagerly advocates this year.

The great couturiers wisely provide petticoats with their own creations, so there can be no possibility of the most ignorant foreigner making a mistake. There are many real Parisiennes who greatly admire the soft lawn skirts in violet, pink and blue; these are really attractive and dainty, and sometimes they are of striped or figured material trimmed with plain bias bands. Needless to state, all of the lingerie jumpers must be fitted like a glove almost to the knees. Petticoats are interesting and various, but the only set rule in regard to them is that they must be soft and they must allow the outer skirt to follow its own lines.

Auteuil, which has the prettiest "petasse" in France, responded only a short time ago, and the costumes seen showed that many women are adopting the negligee style, considered now to be more feminine than the trim tailor-made of the "femme nouvelle." The artistic Louis XVI fashion will evidently prevail in the dressy gowns for spring—the shawl effects, the long stoles, the draped skirts, the high-crowned hats.

One well-known Parisian appeared at Auteuil in a gown of deepest gray crepe embroidered in silver and trimmed with silver fringe. A chiffon stole of gray was draped over her shoulders, while her hat was of soft gray tulle, massed with smokes, shading from faintest pink to an almost-undated cherry color and a full aligrette of gray marabout. Her boots were of black patent leather, with gray suede tops.

### Linen Suits

**M**ANY of the new linen suits, besides being trimmed with lace, are made with a band of flax net brought from the waist line in the back straight across the shoulders to the waist line in the front, and it is decorated in designs carried out in silk cord to match the shade of the suit. So many suits this year are in light blue and pink linen that the effect of the embroidered flax is charming, and it makes the coat becoming to almost any figure. The coats are cut, as a rule, on the out-away plan, finished all the way round the outside edge with insertion and fastened in front with frogs of silk cord, usually in white. The insertion and lace is generally of cluny or torchon, these two being the only appropriate laces to use with linen, as they are both made of linen thread. Some of the flax bands, instead of being embroidered in cord, are done in soutache of a very narrow variety. This is quite an innovation, and one that seems likely to be very popular during the coming summer. The bands over the shoulders are about two inches wide and are finished in broad points at either end.

### A Novelty in Cutaways

**A** BLACK and white coat is shown in a new model. It is cut in a most peculiar way, crossing the bust and ending in a point at one side, and from there it is cut away on the bias straight around to the back, where it is finished in a point. It gives the cutaway appearance without being quite so cumbersome as the coat buttoned down the front, and it leaves one thickness at the side.

The lines of the coat are perfect for slim figures, for it is absolutely plain except for the braiding around the edge of the neck line. In the model seen the jacket is of black broadcloth and the trimming of white broadcloth, cut out in designs and applied to the black.

### Bias Bands on Skirts

**S**OME of the new skirts are made in plain materials, thickly crusted with bands of the same cut on the bias. These are placed almost as closely together as stripes and run straight down from the waist line to the hem, where they are slightly separated, owing to the fulness of the skirt.

Sometimes there are cross bands, giving the appearance of a check, and then again they are placed in curves and circles. This is a very novel method of trimming, for it necessitates no darning or shadow embroidery, and at the same time the suit is a serviceable and very handsome costume.

### A Becoming Material

**A** NEW herringbone serge has been introduced which the dressmaker is almost as fond of as a ball in width. It is a very stylish fabric, and one that would make up very attractively, for it has not a single crease, so rapidly becoming necessary, and it has the semblance of a velvet material, so becoming to the form. The material is particularly well adapted for the suit, and is shown only with long sleeves and a high collar.



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### THE COUNCIL ON ESTIMATES

#### FURTHER CONSIDERATION GIVEN TO QUESTION

#### Aldermen Decide to Provide for Public Prosecutor in Police Court.

At the last meeting of the city council some further consideration was given the civic estimates. The item providing for the appointment of a public prosecutor was about the first matter on the list and brought out a long discussion as to the necessity of the appointment of the new official. Alderman Fullerton, in bringing the matter before the council, said that they found a reduction of \$1,000 could be made in the police appropriation by the police commissioners putting on a special plain clothes man to look after the saloons. He said this would relieve the duties of the members of the force as a whole, and then asked that the council take up the matter of the police prosecutor before further consideration was given to the item of \$1,000.

Ald. Fullerton at once moved that the appropriation for a public prosecutor be struck out.

Ald. Mable said he thought the item had already been passed, but if not so then in face of the reduction of \$1,000 on the police appropriation the item for a public prosecutor should be passed.

Ald. McKewen opposed the motion that the item be struck out. He said that it would be less expensive to have a skilled man to prosecute the cases rather than break in an unskilled man. Several aldermen spoke for and against the item, and the mayor said that the item could be withdrawn, but that if it were so decided then the item of \$1,000 would have to stand. The council could not cut out both the item and reduce the police appropriation by \$1,000 also.

Ald. Gleason: "I feel this official is unnecessary."

The Mayor: "I think the official is a necessity to the council."

Ald. Gleason: "I have information that this official is not necessary."

The Mayor: "Well, we have information that the official is necessary in spite of what information Ald. Gleason may have."

A councillor referred to the new appointment and asked, when Ald. Faulkner said: "I can't see why he should be referred to as a prosecutor by the member. I think the appointment is necessary, and I will support the appointment."

Ald. Fullerton asked if the city solicitor could not be called on to do the work?

The mayor said not unless he was paid by the council for it.

Ald. Mable said he was tired of hear-

ing talk about persecution. He said such an official was a necessity, otherwise the police commissioners would not have asked for the appointment. He wanted to know how the city was going to handle the many problems that come up if they could not call on the city solicitor and had not a public prosecutor.

Ald. McKewen supported the commissioners.

Ald. Cameron remarked that it was a crying shame that a newsboy should be fined for riding on the sidewalk at 6:30 in the morning, as reported in the evening paper. He saw the boy had been fined \$2 and costs. If such was the case then the commissioners should instruct the chief of police to notify the police to cease such tactics. He said it was deplorable that young boys who had to get up so early should be arrested for such an offence. They should be allowed to ride on the sidewalk until 8:30 a. m. The law, he said, in that particular was absurd, and ought not to be enforced. There are several laws which are not being carried out, and the police would be better employed looking after those than persecuting young boys who are getting an honest living at that early hour.

Ald. Mable: "Who made the law?"

Ald. Cameron: "There is no justice in it."

Ald. Mable: "Well, I object to boys riding on streets in the morning."

Ald. Hall: "Where was it? If it was in the North ward I don't blame the boys riding on the footpath; if he rode in the road he could not do so without breaking his neck."

The Mayor: "Ald. Cameron can apply to have the by-law amended."

Ald. Norman rose to complain that people were in the habit of furiously driving over the Rock Bay bridge when the mayor said the discussion had gone far enough.

Ald. Norman protested and desired to be heard.

The mayor ordered the alderman to sit down and called the meeting to order.

The item for public prosecutor was passed in committee, and the police estimates of \$33,247.50 were passed, Ald. Mable saying that if the item for the public prosecutor were retained there would be \$1,000 which could be struck out as the chief had been authorized to dispense with the services of two patrolmen recently appointed, making the new additions to the force eight instead of ten men.

The amount for special constables had been reduced from \$1,000 to \$250. Three street alarm boxes and one for the office will be purchased at a cost of \$455, but this amount had already been provided for. The fire department estimates were passed, the total being \$22,940.

In the consideration of the estimates under the head of "maintenance," which calls for \$20,000, it was pointed out that money would have to be provided for machinery, including another steam street roller and other necessary additions as at present it costs more than it should to do the city work owing to lack of adequate mechanical appliances. The sum of \$15,000 will be added for this purpose.

The Tourist Association grant, which was put in the estimates at \$4,000 compared with \$7,500 voted last year, brought forth the suggestion from

Ald. Fullerton that the item be struck out.

Mayor Hall declared that Ald. Fullerton could hardly be in earnest in making such a suggestion. He urged the council not to decide the matter until the estimates were voted upon after the committee has reported.

Ald. Hall asked as to certain debts which stand against the association. He supposed the city was not legally liable for such, but he had an idea that the association would feel that the city was morally liable.

Ald. Henderson was willing that the item should pass provided the association agreed to spend \$3,000 of it on literature, while Ald. Cameron was of the opinion that the \$4,000 grant was conditional on \$3,000 of it being spent on literature.

The item of \$5,000 for the school board with which it is proposed to erect an addition to the Kingston street school and purchase two portable schools, called for comment from Ald. Norman who said he would vote against the item, always remain stationary as soon as erected, owing to fixed plumbing and bushwork, and are only portable while they are being brought over in sections.

The Mayor: "I question if the school board would use them."

Ald. Gleason said they had apparently made up their minds on it. "I told them they were not going to get the money." They are not portable buildings when they are once erected, he said.

The mayor in answer to a councillor, said that \$1,500 was to go to the Kingston street addition.

Ald. Cameron: "Then there will not be much left for portable schools."

The item passed.

At 11:30 p. m. the committee rose and will complete the work at a future meeting.

#### PORT OF DROMEDARIES.

Paris, April 11.—Admiral Philibert reports that during a recent engagement in Morocco fifty-six dromedaries were killed. These animals were used as cover by the French Troops, who were formed in square.

#### NEW SYMBOL FOR FRANCE

Paris, April 11.—The directors of the Paris paper, Le Journal, are offering a prize of \$20,000 for the best symbolic statue of the French republic of to-day. The figure with the Phrygian cap is considered out of date.

### The Simple Life

is best. To live naturally; work during the day, keep your temper, eat three meals and take a Beecham's Pill regularly, as required. There is no medicine for the simple life, or the strenuous, like

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### LIBERAL ENTHUSIASM IN YALE-CARIBOO

(Continued from page 10.)

In the meantime I challenge Duncan Ross to meet me on the platform at any date that may suit him, and if he refuses to meet me here I will go to his home city of Greenwood, or I will meet him in Vernon, and if he refuses to do this I will go to his district of Yale-Cariboo at the time of the next federal election campaign, and there at meetings in the district debate the question and challenge him to reply.

"Duncan Ross has either got to prove his charges or publicly retract them, sooner or later."

Again quoting from the Victoria Daily Colonist, January 29th, 1906, Mr. Bowser is quoted as follows:

He had in his hands the original C. P. R. contract which was in question, and which it appeared, had been copied from the contract entered into on the part of the Northern Pacific Railway Company in the City of Washington, and he now, as a public man, standing in this House of Parliament and upon his word of honor, declared that on Saturday last he had seen this original contract for the first time in his life, and his firm had had nothing whatever to do with the drafting of it; and a little further down the Colonist quotes him as follows:

As a public man to whom his public reputation was most dear, he was not content to remain silent under this unwarranted and scurrilous attack and he would meet that man face to face in public or somewhere or other, and force him to admit that his charges were without any warrant whatever in fact.

Bowser also read the following communications:

Vancouver, Jan. 25, 1906.

Hon. W. W. Bowser, Vancouver, B. C. Dear Sir:—In reference to your inquiry as to the present whereabouts of S. Gotch, I may say that he is at present on his way to Japan, and I do not expect him back for some months. I may further state that so far as the contract or agreement entered into between our company and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, dated June 1, 1907, for supplying of certain workmen to the railway, I, personally, drew up this contract, and that neither you nor your firm have been in any way connected professionally with the Nippon Supply Company, Limited.

(Signed)

THE NIPPON SUPPLY CO. LTD.

Per W. W. Boulton, Sec.-Treas.

Here is Gotch's answer over his own signature:

Kokubun, Yokohama, February 7, 1906.

Gotch says as follows:

Bowser did not draft his contract to bring Japanese to Canada, but as Bowser was his solicitor for over two years until October or November, 1906, Bowser knew the nature of every contract made during that time. There was a case of changing contractors name from Faruya to his company, Shoko, in

July, 1905, and Bowser recopied the contract. The contract was with the C. P. R. to supply Japanese in Vancouver.

(Signed) TAMURA.

(Signed) S. GOTCH.

The above is true fact under oath.

Because it was my bounden duty in the interests of this country, in the interests of this province and in the interests of the Empire to expose these things, the word has gone forth that I must be defeated in Yale-Cariboo. All the forces of the McBrides, and the Bowser and the cohorts of the Conservative party in the province are to be arrayed against me. Let them come on. We are not afraid. I have sufficient confidence in the fighting qualities of Yale-Cariboo to feel sure that they will not be alarmed by the bombast of my opponents. I have sufficient confidence in the good sense and sound judgment of the people of Yale-Cariboo to know that they will not desert its representative because he has exposed the deceit of the attorney-general of this province in his efforts to complicate a grave international and imperial question.

My friends, let me re-echo the clarion call used by the fighting editor of the Toronto Globe in another connection. The call of the Highland chief: "Shoulder to shoulder men of Yale-Cariboo. Shoulder to shoulder, never shot in the back, always facing the foe, we await with the assurance of victors the onslaught of our opponents."

#### SUICIDE OF A BARON.

Fear of Russian Police Evidently Prompted the Act.

Vienna, April 11.—The suicide in mysterious circumstances is reported from Lemberg of Baron Friedrich Ehrenberg, who arrived there last night from Kieff, and threw himself out of a third-story window at 2 o'clock in the morning.

Baron Ehrenberg was a bachelor, 50 years old, and lived in Vienna. He was the last representative of the Catholic branch of an ancient family dating back to the fifteenth century.

He left a letter running: "I swear by heaven I am innocent and unconscious victim of the Russian Pristava (police commissioner). I did not know before I heard it from Burley."

The remainder of the letter is blotted with tears.

He also left a key to cipher notes, according to which he had occupied a high official position.

#### BIRD SAVED BY LIFEBOAT.

Liverpool, April 11.—While the Lowestoft lifeboat was on a practice trip about two miles out at sea, a startling few into the rigging. The bird was exhausted and nearly frozen, but one of the crew warmed it by holding it in his hands and liberated it when the shore was reached.

#### VICAR ASCENDS A SPIRE.

London, April 11.—The Rev. S. F. Sykes, vicar of St. Matthew's Holbeck, Leeds, ascended the spire of the parish church on Thursday and inspected the new weather vane.

HOME FOR FAMOUS PICTURES.  
Erected By American Money. It May Become Palace of Art.

Paris, April 11.—It is reported that Mme. Grout, widow of the well-known art collector who died recently, some of whose pictures are worth great sums is negotiating with the representatives of Mme. Anna Goult, ex-countess Boni de Castellane, for the purchase of the Petit Trianon, the palatial mansion erected with the Gould millions in the Avenue des Bois de Boulogne, modeled on the famous house at Versailles.

Should the mansion become Mme. Grout's property, it is believed to be her intention to transform it into an art gallery for the reception of the Goult pictures and hand it over to the state.

#### TRAINING NEXT KAISER.

Released From Military Duties, the Crown Prince Applies Himself to Others.

Berlin, April 11.—The German Crown Prince is at the present moment one of the most studious and industrious members of German society.

Since the Kaiser released him from his military duties, in order that he might familiarize himself with German administration, to prepare himself for his future role as ruler, he has divided his time equally between the Ministry of the Interior and the Charlottenburg Technical College.

Three days a week are devoted to a course of training at the ministry, and the remaining three days to technical education.

#### ON THE MARRIAGE DAY.

Romance ceases and history begins—and corns begin to go too when "Putnam's" is applied—it takes out roots, branch and stem. Nothing so sure and painless as Putnam's Corn and Wart Extractor, try Putnam's.

### HOARD OF PIRATES IS UNEARTHED

Storm Washes Away Foreshore of Village, to Disclose Treasure Trove.

(Special Correspondence).

Lisbon, April 11.—Treasure trove scattered by Portuguese buccaniers in by-gone days has been revealed near the seaside village of Paradelha in a remarkable manner.

The village is being slowly washed away by the action of the sea and buildings have been undermined from time to time.

A storm of more than usual severity swept the coast on Thursday, and a portion of the foreshore at Paradelha was washed away.

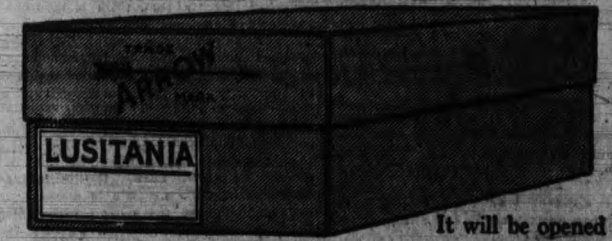
According to the Secolo, treasure of various kinds was thus exposed to the astonished fishermen, who first believed that it had been sent to them miraculously.

There were many ancient gold and silver doubloons, jeweled crosses, finger rings of quaint antique pattern, earrings, gold and silver censers, and other fragments of church plate.

All the people in the region hurried to the spot, armed with picks and spades, and have since been digging feverishly for treasure. Some of them have been rewarded with further discoveries. One man secured gold coins valued at \$900. All the male inhabitants have deserted their work, and some of the fishermen have left port since the first discovery was made.

The Portuguese buccaniers who harried the Spanish Main were in the habit of burying their booty along the coast, and the treasures unearthed at Paradelha undoubtedly form a portion of one of their hoards.

There is another New Style  
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# MUFFY SHUFFLES

by B. CORY KILVERT

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Our patient Muffy Shuffles undismayed bent o'er the page,  
Where offers still are plentiful in this ambitious age;  
And there she read how actresses were wanted right away  
For heavy parts in Corcoran's Poetic Cowboy Play!

So Muffy with the ever-faithful Reddie at her side  
Sought out the dingy stage and for a place at once applied.  
"Gee, dere's de Pattie of de Ward!" young Reddie Raffles sighed,  
As Muffy took some music up to have her singing tried.



Then Corcoran suggested it would show much better tact  
To cut coy Muffy's singing out and see how she could act.  
Then one and all they clustered round as she her lines essayed  
And faithful Reddie vowed the scene could not be better played.

Now Muffy felt her chance had come to make a lasting hit;  
She knew that it was do or die, and made the most of it.  
But one by one the sad musicians sadly wandered out.  
"Gee, how she gets dem going!" Reddie Raffles turned to shout.



But Corcoran stepped weekly up and pointed to the door.  
"I must admit, Miss Shuffles, that the trial now is o'er!  
'Twas ours, not yours, this trial!" said the big sarcastic brute;  
"You got them going, and they went—so please to follow suit!"





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## Monarchial America

THE GROWTH OF ETIQUETTE

By Sydney Brooks.  
 In the London Chronicle.

"America is fast drifting towards monarchy. In the future statesmen will have to wear buckled knee breeches when they visit the White House, and will have to bow to the president, who has set up a semi-royal ceremony. If the man who now occupies the White House is elected for another term, I have no doubt that we shall have to back out of his presence and address him as Your Royal Highness."

It was in the words of a newly-elected senator a short while ago that the high-road to monarchy, but unquestionably she is allowing her officials to surround themselves with an unwelcome ceremony, and the social life of Washington is regulated to-day by a code of etiquette that adds something to its strangeness, precision and formality with every year that passes.

### Story of an Emergence.

It is an interesting development, and one less interesting than inevitable. Things slowly come to pass as they were. Twelve years ago when I first knew the White House, it was a museum of horrors. Young married couples visited it that they might learn what to avoid in the way of furnishings and decorations. The entrance hall looked like the barroom in a second-rate restaurant. The parlours and the study had stoves to the ceiling. The room of the president's private secretary was a long gallery. There were next to no lobbies or cloak rooms, or proper seats and entrances. The president lived in a small room on the second floor. He had a private secretary, but he had to have a series of bedrooms for himself and his family had to be turned over to clerks. No guests could be put up because there was no room for them. At every moment of the day policemen, police officers, and soldiers were in the building. Privacy was as impossible as electricity.

All this, since Mr. Roosevelt's accession, has been revolutionized. The White House has been reconstructed. New wings have been thrown out. The official quarters are today absolutely separate from the residential. The rooms have been transformed into a style that is nearly the last word in taste and splendour. Two thousand five hundred guests can be accommodated at a state reception without overcrowding, and both inside and out the White House is now a masterpiece of decoration and an official residence should be. The change is revolutionary. It is the new position which Washington has assumed for the future and the various of social etiquette and manners. The beautiful and majestic city on the banks of the Potomac is no longer a place of confusion, or one of its glories. It is now a place of order and beauty. The new position which Washington has assumed for the future and the various of social etiquette and manners. The beautiful and majestic city on the banks of the Potomac is no longer a place of confusion, or one of its glories. It is now a place of order and beauty.

Washington to-day. That indeed is its great attraction. That, together with the lure and glitter of the diplomatic scene, is the reason why Washington steadily tends to become the centre of American foreign relations. A man who is really fond of a decade ago it showed few signs of becoming a rich man's city. But to-day mansions that are almost palaces are rapidly rising, and the men who build and own them care nothing for politics and are simply intent upon getting a good profit out of their money. I imagine this tendency is one that will certainly grow. A few years hence it may be as much the thing to have a house at Washington and spend the winter season there as it used to be to have a cottage at Newport; and I foresee the time when Washington will become a rich man's city, even Vienna or Madrid, rivaling itself so much about these questions in Washington. They are deluged with a heat, an intensity, and a bitterness that can hardly be matched anywhere.

It is inevitable, I suppose, that this should be so. There is no court chamberlain in Washington, and very few traditions. The consequence is that it is left to chance or individual boldness and indifference to settle the innumerable points of precedence that in Europe have long ago been decided by usage, prescription, and a fixed code. Then, again, the citizens of a rambling city, as a rule, more or less anxious about the subject of a monarchy for some mark of distinction that sets them apart from their fellows. This leads to the struggle for precedence in Washington, especially on the lower levels, an earnest and contentiousness that are directly proportioned to the lack of rules to regulate it. Finally, we have the additional complication of a constitution that gives the legislature, the judiciary and the executive on the same plane of authority, and makes each unwilling to yield to the other.

It is not, however, all chaos. Certain rules have been evolved, and certain customs established which serve to guide each other through the maze of the White House. Thus the number of state dinners and receptions that the president has to give is now definitely fixed. Thus, too, it is now pretty well

understood that an invitation to lunch or dinner at the White House is the equivalent of a command. Thus, also, it is now accepted that the president should not sit down until he has taken his place, that he should always be served first, that he cannot accept hospitality under a foreign flag, and that if he has consented to dine at the house of one of his cabinet ministers, a list of the proposed guests should be submitted to him in advance.

### Some Conundrums.

But beyond this narrow region there is a whole wilderness still to be surveyed and staked out. Should senators, for instance, be given the pass over cabinet ministers? Does the admiral of the navy rank above the secretary of the navy? What is the relative position of the speaker and of the secretary of state? The vice-president being a sort of half-transparent, ought ambassadors to follow him or precede him? What is the exact place of the judiciary in the scheme of precedence? If two senators were elected on the same day, which of them should make the first advance? And what about the status of the unmarried daughters of the great officials?

These and a hundred similar conundrums are debated in Washington with a more than monarchial fervour. The mere fact that they can be propounded shows that the American capital is still in the embryonic stage of social development. But the intensity of emotion devoted to their discussion shows also that Washington when it finally evolves a protocol will set a fine example to the world. Indeed, wherever a point in the code is definitely established it is adhered to with an almost comical tenacity. Etiquette, for instance, prescribes calls as the first of social duties, instantaneously inculcated in the Londoners and Parisians who may their calls not in person but by post, hopelessly to shame.

That, too, is a sign of a society that has not yet found itself, that is attempting the impossible, and that has not yet learned to limit and regulate its activities. But time and experience are teaching it order and restraint. Just as the tumult of the White House has been reduced to dignity, just as the old type of presidential reception at which all were welcome who chose to come is giving way before the principle of exclusiveness, so Washington in time will abandon its indiscriminate calling habits and will reproduce one by one the outward forms and customs and ways of doing things that distinguish the monarchial and aristocratic societies of the old world.

### POISONERS OF DOGS.

Seattle is at present laboring under the burden of one of the most cowardly and dastardly forms of crime—the wholesale poisoning of dogs. Dr. L. W. Brydson, who has offered to pay \$100 additional to the \$25 reward offered by the Humane Society for the conviction of the man or men responsible, is quite right when he says that he hopes to see the time when the poisoning of dogs will be made a felony under the law and the wretch responsible called upon to spend the rest of his worthless life in the penitentiary. The man who would poison a dog would beat his mother.

There is no doubt that a dog is sometimes annoying. They are not equipped by Providence with reasoning powers equal to that of human beings and they are a trifle handicapped in their decorum with a great, big reservoir of energy and animal spirits. It is true that upon occasions—especially in the springtime—they will chase madly and glissando across some new little lettuce or onion patch and they seem to be at times unable to distinguish between a bag of dandelions and a few dandelions upon a lawn. Yet children are much like that, and no one would for a moment contemplate the poisoning of a neighbor's child, simply because in the excitement of some game he happened to crash through a pot roebush.

Dogs are recognized by law and protected by law. For whatever damage a licensed dog may do his owner is responsible. A man who is really fond of a dog is almost always still fonder of his home, his lawns, his flowers and his children.

He will not allow a dog of his to do damage to the other possessions of his neighbor any more than he would allow a little boy to throw stones through a neighbor's window. Mad dogs are shot; vicious dogs are kept chained and merely mischievously destructive dogs are usually whipped until they can be made to understand. There is only one crime—the deliberate and wanton taking of human life—which calls for capital punishment among reasoning human beings and it is outrageous that the penalty of indiscriminate death should be visited upon dog-kind even with the provocation of some few minor infractions of the code of decorum and harmless conduct.

Most of us probably know in our own neighborhoods some one dog that all save his owners term a nuisance. Perhaps he howls at the moon; perhaps he ambles across freshly planted seeds or perhaps he destroys a roebush by the mere good-natured wagging of his huge tail.

In a great many instances the dog is far more beautiful than the roebush and far more valuable than the lettuce, which might or might not have specks and worms in it.

At any rate the dog doesn't mean any harm and it is far better and far easier to make him feel like the small boy with the broken heart, whom "nobody loves," with a few harsh words than it is to make a coward out of one's self and poison him.

There is another phase of this dog-poisoning which is far more serious than the mere offence of breaking some child's heart through depriving him of his pet and companion.

That is the positive danger to the lives of children through this wholesale and indiscriminate scattering of poison. Children are almost as apt to find and eat it as the dogs.

Their appetites are very much alike. Some children, like dogs, have been taught never to accept or eat anything which they do not receive at home. But some dogs, like some children, will accept anything which may be offered, no matter whether it is under what circumstances.

One theory of this present reign of dog-poisoning is that the poisoners are using lumps of sugar for their deadly work. It is the season of the year when



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St. Vitus dance is a disease that is becoming more and more frequent among school children. Young people tire the nerves with study and the nervous system sometimes breaks down. It takes the form of neuralgia, headache, nervous exhaustion, weakness of the limbs and muscles, and what we call "being run down." In other cases St. Vitus dance is the result, and the sufferer frequently loses all control of the limbs, and sometimes has a constant jerking and twitching. There is only one way to cure this trouble—through the blood which feeds and strengthens the nerves. And Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the only medicine that can make the new rich, red blood that feeds the nerves and strengthens every part of the body.

The case of Elizabeth Dean of Crowland, Ont., proves the value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Mrs. Dean says: "A couple of years ago my daughter, Elsie, was dangerously afflicted with St. Vitus dance. She became so nervous that after a time we could not let her go to school. She would not pick up a dish, lace her shoes, or make any movement to help herself. She had grown thin and very pale, and as she had been treated by several doctors without benefit I feared she would not recover. A friend advised me to give her Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and after she had used a couple of boxes I could see that they were helping her. We gave her nine boxes in all, and by that time she was perfectly well, and every symptom of trouble had passed away and she is now a strong, good-looking girl."

If your growing children are weak or nervous, if they are pale and thin, lack appetite or complain of headaches or backaches give them Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and see how speedily the rich, red blood these pills make will transform them into bright, active, robust boys and girls. You can get these pills from any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 by writing The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

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**KOEPENICKED.**  
 Paris April 11.—While a game of poker was proceeding at a house in the Avenue Margue, Paris, six men entered. The leader announced himself as the police commissary, collected \$300 which lay on the table, and warned the party to appear in the police court on the following day. When they did so they were informed that their visitors were swindlers.

**BARE BOARDS FOR POLICEMEN.**  
 London, April 11.—Married policemen in the city force who will be compelled to leave their suburban residences and live in the new police dwellings in Rose Alley, Middlesex street, are severely criticising an order of the commissioner prohibiting the use of carpets or linoleum in the dwellings.

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**III. HAPPY THOUGHT.**  
 Belgrade, April 11.—At a banquet in Belgrade, M. Uzunovitch, a prominent supporter of the government, excused himself from proceeding to toast—but when a friend called out encouragingly "Say the first stupid thing that comes into your head," he jumped up and cried: "I have one recent wise ruler, King Peter!" He has been requested to resign his seat.

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CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS—W. Lang, Contractor and Builder, jobbing and repairing, 27 Avalon road, James Bay. Phone 4912.

CHAS. A. MCGREGOR, 907 Wharf St. Jobbing trade a specialty. Twenty years' experience. Orders promptly filled. Phone 4160.

DINSDALE & MALCOLM, Builders and Contractors, BRICK AND STONE BUILDINGS, A SPECIALTY.

DINSDALE, MALCOLM, 300 Quadra St., 32 Hillside Ave.

NOTICE—ROCK BLASTED. Rock for sale for building and concrete. J. R. Williams, 408 Michigan street. Phone 1343.

THE B. F. GRAHAM LUMBER COMPANY, LTD., is a new business enterprise striving for the patronage of the citizens of Victoria. It wants to help build up the city, and can do so if given a share of the patronage of builders and contractors. The Company will spare no effort to please all its customers. Give us a trial order and be convinced. Small orders as carefully filled as large ones. Mills and yards, Garbally road, Victoria Arm. Tel. No. 964.

## Bottle Washing

Wine, whiskey, brandy and all other bottles washed for the trade. Washed bottles always ready for saloons and hotels. Prices moderate. Phone 1336. Victoria Junk Agency, 1620 Store St.

## Chimney Sweeping

LOYD & CO., Practical Chimney Cleaners, 716 Pandora street. If you want your chimneys cleaned without a mess call, write or ring up A-76. Nuff Sed.

CHIMNEYS CLEANED—Defective flues fixed, etc. Wm. Neal, 22 Quadra street. Phone 1018.

## Chinese Goods and Labor

PORCELAIN, brassware, silks and services, extensive assortment. All kinds of Chinese labor supplied. Tim Kee, 1609 Government street.

## Cleaning and Tailoring Works

GENTS' CLOTHES pressed and kept in thorough repair, by the job or month, called for and delivered. G. W. Walker, 73 Johnson St., just east of Douglas. Phone 4127.

LASTS, (Sanitary) 245 View street, Phone A-1207. Ladies' and Children's garments cleaned, pressed, altered and repaired; good work; lowest prices. No injurious chemicals used.

## Cuts

LETTER HEADS, BILL HEADS, bird's eye views, and all classes of engravings for newspaper or catalogue work, at the B. C. Engraving Co., Times Building, Victoria.

## Cut Flowers

HEAP EASTER FLOWERS—Tulips, daffodils and narcissi, in quantity, 35c. per doz.; hyacinths, any color, a doz.; special double sulphur daffodils, 50c. doz. Flew's Gardens, 80 Heywood Ave.

## Dry Goods

JUST ARRIVED—Scarves, neckwear, whitewash and millinery, complete. Cor. Cook and North Park Sts. R. J. Soper.

## Dyeing and Cleaning

VICTORIA STEAM DYE WORKS—215 Yates street, Tel. 117. All descriptions of ladies' and gentlemen's garments cleaned or dyed and pressed to new.

J. S. DYEING AND CLEANING WORKS, 120 Fort street, Tel. 62.

J. C. STEAM DYEWORKS—Largest dyeing and cleaning establishment in the province. Country orders solicited. Phone 36. Heine & Heine.

## BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

## Employment Agencies

JAMES GREEN, 55 Yates St. Male and Female Employment Agency. Real Estate and General Business Office. WANTED—Employers to let me know their wants.

WANTED—POSITIONS for cooks, house maids, generalists, and day work, store and office business, nurse and stenographer.

WANTED—Positions for miners, loggers, bookers, cooks, drivers, waiters, gardeners, farm hands, canvassers, shopmen, rough carpenters, railway men and laborers of all kinds. Phone 1088.

THE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY—MRS. P. K. TURNER, 63 (40) Fort St. Hours, 10 to 5. Phone 1552.

THE DEVEREUX EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, REAL ESTATE AND GENERAL AGENCY, Rae St., Victoria, B. C. Hours, 10.30 to 5.

JAPANESE AND CHINESE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE—All kinds of labor supplied and short notice. 1601 Government street, Tel. 1620.

ALL KINDS of Chinese labor supplied. Yin Thom, 1630 Government street, Phone 4127.

WING ON EMPLOYMENT OFFICE will remove from 530 Cormorant street to 100 Government street, opposite Gim Fook Yuen's, on 30th April.

ALL KINDS of work found; also two houses for sale cheap. General Employment Bureau, 1124 Quadra, cor. View.

## Engravers

GENERAL ENGRAVER, Stencil Cutter and Seal Engraver, Geo. Cuthbert, 112 Wharf street, opp. Post Office.

BOARDS OF TRADE, Tourist Associations, etc., should consult us when preparing guide books, advertising literature, and all kinds of illustrated folders. We group photos artistically and guarantee satisfaction. Photo-Engraving Co., 1124 Broad street.

## Furrier

FRED. FOSTER, Taxidermist and Furrier, 414 Johnson street.

## Hotels

PANDORA HOTEL—Corner Pandora and Blanchard. Re-decorated and re-furnished. Electric light, spacious bed and reception rooms. Fully licensed. On car line. Phone 1437.

THE "ABERDEEN"—A high-class private hotel for tourists and residents in Victoria; all white labor employed; table board given; terms moderate. Apply to Mrs. J. Aberdeen Gordon, late of Gordon Hotel. Phone 1018.

## Machinists

L. HAFER, General Machinist, No. 16, Government street. Tel. 380.

## Medium

H. H. KNEESHAW, Medium and Healer, 175 Chesham street. Sittings daily. Test circle, Thursday night.

## Merchant Tailors

CREDIT ON CLOTHING—We have a large stock of fine imported woolsens, by hand, if you need an up-to-date suit in fit and style please call on our place and we will fix you out on very easy terms. J. Soper, 14 Johnson street, Government street, opposite Troncade avenue (up-stairs).

## Millinery

FOR EASTER—Fancy belts and collars, latest styles of millinery, hats remodelled. The Garrauche Block, Yates street, R. J. Soper.

## Nursing Home

MISS E. H. JONES, 731 Vancouver St.

## Painter and Decorator

PAINTER AND DECORATOR FRANK MELLOR, Phone 1564, 301 YATES ST.

## Pottery Ware, Etc.

SEWER PIPE, Field Tile, Ground Fire Clay, Flower Pots, etc. B. C. Pottery Co., Ltd., corner Pandora and Pandora streets, Victoria, B. C.

## Scavenging

WING ON & SON—Yards, etc., cleaned. Office, 530 Cormorant St. Phone 3112.

## Second-Hand Goods

WANTED—Old coats and vests, pants, boots and shoes, trunks, valises, shotguns, revolvers, overcoats, etc. Highest cash prices paid. Will call at any address. Jacob Aaronson's new and second-hand store, 14 Johnson street, two doors below Government street.

WANTED—Scrap brass, copper, zinc, lead, cast iron, and all kinds of bottles and rubber; highest cash prices paid. Victoria Junk Agency, 1620 Store street. Phone 1336.

MISFIT and second-hand clothing bought and sold. "Lash's" Cleaning, Tailoring and Repairing Co., 843 View street. Phone A-1207.

## Stump Pulling

TO FARMERS—The Stump Puller recently invented, is the most powerful and powerful than any other ever made, catches from one to twenty stumps in the pull. Most surprising to all who have seen it work and is just what the farmer and contractor needs. Will clear up a radius of 200 feet round without moving; can be removed with ease in thirty minutes; it doesn't matter whether your land is busy or covered with green or old stumps. Those having land to clear should have one of these. Apply 466 Burnside Road.

## Teaming

TRIMBLE & SON, general teaming, hauling and excavating, 11 Pinnar street. Phone 4133.

## To Users of Metal Polish

USE THE ACME. It's the brightest, lasts longest, cleans faster than any imported. Try it. A free sample at Fletcher's Main Store.

## Truck and Dray

TRUCKING—Quick service, reasonable charges. I. Walsh & Sons, Baker's Feed Store, 540 Yates street.

VICTORIA TRUCK AND DRAY CO.—Telephone 13, Stable Phone 3.

## Watch Repairing

A. PETCH, 80 Douglas street. Specialty of English watch repairing, all kinds of clocks and watches repaired.

## Help Wanted—Male

MACHINIST and Engineer's Mate of U. S. standard steam, gas, water pipes and all kinds of illustrated folders. Shop agents wanted. E. E. Meyer, Allegheny, Pa.

WANTED—A first-class furniture finisher—must be experienced in hardwood finishing. Apply personally or by letter to Weller Bros., Victoria, B. C.

WANTED—Two strong boys to learn a trade. Apply Victoria Machinery Depot Co.

RESPECTABLE BOY WANTED for delivering parcels. Apply Mrs. M. A. Vigor, 64 Douglas street.

## Houses to Rent

WELL FURNISHED COTTAGE TO RENT. Apply 571 John street.

TO RENT—Five roomed furnished cottage, with bath, etc., central. Apply 114 Quadra street.

TO RENT—Thoroughly modern 8 room house on car line, partially furnished, immediate possession. Bond & Clark, 614 Troncade Ave.

TO TRADE—For six months or longer, a well furnished six roomed house, with bathroom and greenhouse, heated with hot water, modern in every particular. Good location. \$50 per month. Apply 1221 Pandora Ave., or Phone 1307.

## Houses for Sale

FOR SALE OR RENT—Six roomed house, on brick foundation, large, airy, modern. Apply premises, first house on left from Douglas street car terminus.

SIX ROOM HOUSE—On Cook street, near Port, electric light, hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences, price \$3,575. Reid & Maysmith, Mahon Bldg.

FURNISHED HOUSE FOR SALE—Five rooms, pleasant corner lot, near car; a snap. Owner, Box 82, city.

FOR SALE—Five roomed house, furnished, on two large lots, with good barn, close to car. Apply to Owner, 466 Burnside road; easy terms.

A BEAUTIFUL HOME for sale cheap and on exceptionally easy terms. A situated amid rural surroundings on one of the most desirable residential streets of the city; house contains 11 rooms and is thoroughly well built; grounds include fine lawns with handsome shrubbery and garden with 24 fruit trees in good bearing. Apply 191 Belmont Ave.

FOR SALE—A snap, 4 roomed cottage, in splendid condition, beautiful garden and full sized lot, 200 cash and balance on terms to suit. Apply 248 View street.

## Houses Wanted

WANTED—With early possession, for year or longer, a well furnished house, in good locality. Victoria or Esquimalt, four or five roomed modern cottage; a snap. Where situated, number of rooms, rent, etc. "House," P. O. Box 965, city.

## Lots for Sale

FOR SALE—Snap, lot, corner Henry and May streets; good view of harbor and straits; good surroundings. Inquire of Hinkson Siddall & Son.

FIVE ACRES—On Glenford avenue, all under cultivation, four miles from City Hall, price \$1,800. Reid & Maysmith, Mahon Bldg.

FOR SALE—Lots 5, 6, 7 Monterey Ave., near Maddock's Lawn. Apply 466 Burnside Road.

FOR SALE—1 corner lot on Prior street, a snap at \$450 cash. Reid & Maysmith, Mahon Building.

FOR SALE—Government and Niagara, best stand for grocery in city, store, 26x28, also 3 roomed modern cottage; a snap. C. H. Revercomb & Co., 613 Troncade Ave.

PLANS OF SUBDIVISIONS for use on advertising streets or in newspapers, quickly and cheaply executed. B. C. Engraving Co., Times Building, Victoria.

SIDNEY—Owner wishes to sell 10 acres good land, all clear, fenced with wire, 1/2 mile from Sidney station, 1/2 mile from school, cheap for immediate sale. Apply Box 438, P. O. Victoria.

## Lost and Found

LOST—Last night, either in Victoria theatre or on George car, a gold handle for opera glasses, with initials M. R. Finder kindly return to this office.

MISCELLANEOUS GOODS FOR SALE

FOR SALE—A good little grocery business, satisfactory reasons for selling. Apply Box 235, Times Office.

FOR SALE—Two wheeled cart, cheap. West. 715 Catherine street, Victoria West.

STRAWBERRY PLANTS (Magoon's)—Only a few thousand left. Phone P. C. Nivin, A329, for price.

FOR SALE—Lathes, in good order, in store of Harris & Smith, Broad street.

BICYCLE FOR SALE—Gent's Singer, in good order, free wheel and rim brakes. Pinnley Auto Co., cycle department, 813 Government St., opposite P. O.

FOR SALE—Horse, buggy and harness. Mrs. Bailey, Old Esquimalt road, Victoria West.

## Miscellaneous

NOW IS THE TIME to plant Knight's beautiful climatis and dahlias; all grow in pots and sure to grow when planted in the ground; catalogue free. Mt. Tolmie Nursery, Victoria.

THE LATEST sheet metal electric signs. J. Market, maker, Victoria, B. C.

100,000 HARDY CABBAGE PLANTS—Plant now and get ahead of insects, 50c. per 100; 31c. per 200; \$3 per 1,000. Mt. Tolmie Nursery, Victoria.

FOR SALE OR RENT—1/4 acre of land and substantial brick building with cement floor, Victoria Y. Carey road, and lately occupied by the Victoria Creamery Association also 15 h. p. boiler and 20 light engine in first-class condition, for sale. Apply A. G. Shellington, Victoria Creamery, Johnson St., Victoria.

TIMBER—Before buying or selling timber in B. C. call and see my list, comprising more than 100 of the best properties, aggregating a total cut of twenty-five million cubic feet. Apply to T. P. Thompson, Mahon Bldg., Victoria. Phone 1568.

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## HEISTERMAN &amp; CO.

1207 Government Street.

## OWN YOUR OWN HOME

## THREE GOOD BUYS.

\$2,100—FIRST STREET, FIVE ROOM COTTAGE, in first-class repair, with lot 5x150, and modern conveniences, easy terms if required; the best buy in town at the price.

\$3,300—



## What is Your Favorite SPRING TONIC?

Some folks swear by sarsaparilla, etc. Others (perhaps the wisest ones) take the great dramatist's advice, "Throw physic to the dogs," and choose either of these valuable preparations:

GUINNESS' STOUT, Splitts (half-pints), per dozen \$1.50; Pints, per doz. \$2.25; Quarts, per doz. \$3.00.  
VICTORIA PHOENIX STOUT AND ALE, Pints, per doz. \$2.00; Quarts, \$2.75; Silver Spring Ale and Stout, Pints, per doz. \$2.00; Quarts, \$2.75.  
VIN MARIANI, per bottle \$1.50.  
GILBEY'S INVALID PORT, per bottle \$1.25.  
PARROT MALT EXTRACT, three bottles for \$1.00.  
AROMATIC SCHNAPPS, distilled from Juniper, recommended by leading physicians for diseases of the Kidneys, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, etc., per bottle \$1.25.

## DIXIE H. ROSS & CO.

UP-TO-DATE GROCERS,

1317 GOVERNMENT STREET.

## EXCHANGE

IF YOU HAVE  
ANYTHING YOU WANT  
EXCHANGED SEE THE

JOHN BROWN TRADING  
COMPANY

718 Fort Street

Messrs. Williams & Janion  
AUCTIONEERS

Duly instructed will sell by  
PUBLIC AUCTION  
AT THEIR MART

TO-MORROW

At 2.30.

A QUANTITY OF

FURNITURE, ETC.

Comprising Incubator, Baby's Cradle, Child's Stroller, Small Bookcase, Doll's House, 2 Desks, Office Desk, Child's Chair, Range, Refrigerator, Occasional Table, Croquet Set, Lawn Mowers, 2 Children's Cots, Stove, Washstand, Chinaware, Ornaments, Curate, Baby Buggies, Folding Chair, Arm Chair, Upholstered in Tapestry, Fire Screens, Single Iron Bed and Mattress, Lamp, Carpets, etc., etc.

The Auctioneer, Stewart Williams

Maynard & Son  
AUCTIONEERS

From now on our weekly sales at sale-rooms will be held on Friday (instead of Thursday) of each week, commencing with a sale of  
Horses, Wagons, Buggies, Incubators, Etc., Furniture and Effects

FRIDAY, 24th, 2 p. m.

Those wishing to enter any of the above should call on us before the 20th, when a complete list will be published.

MAYNARD & SON, Auctioneers

Messrs. Williams & Janion

AUCTIONEERS

Duly instructed by C. H. Arundell will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION

At his residence, 950 ST. CHARLES ST.

THURSDAY, APRIL 23rd

At 2 p. m.

THE WHOLE OF HIS

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND EFFECTS

Particulars Later.

The Auctioneer, Stewart Williams

TO THE THRIFTY BUYER

We are offering some exceptional Bargains in General House Furnishings. Get our prices first.

We are open to buy for spot cash.

WANTED—Some good second-hand cook-stoves. Highest prices paid.

W. C. KERR, 710 Yates St.

Est. 1886 3 Doors Above Douglas.

## SUGAR WHITE GRANULATED SUGAR

10 lbs. for \$1.30; 100 lbs. for \$12.00  
HUNGARIAN FLOUR, free delivery, per sack \$1.75

Sylvester's Feed Company, 709 Yates Street.

## Going to Paint?

Then use

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINT

MADE TO PAINT BUILDINGS WITH OUTSIDE AND INSIDE

and you'll get satisfaction. It's the best protection you can give your house. It's made from pure white lead, pure zinc white, and pure linseed oil. It does not powder, flake off or crack. It forms a tough, durable film that wears and looks well for the longest time. Its colors are clear, bright and lasting. It costs less by the job than any other paint made. The full color card shows 48 handsome shades. S. W. P. is put up full measure, always.

SOLD BY

PETER McQUADE & SON

1214 (78) Wharf Street, Victoria. B. C.

## DISCUSSED THE CITY BY-LAWS

(Continued from page 8).

manual training room, where hammering and sawing was going on all day. Under such circumstances it was impossible for any teacher to do his or her duty to those entrusted to their care. The North Ward school was also full, and permission to enter the school was being denied children. Some of the schools were most unsanitary. Among these was the Hildebrand school, to which in shape for even temporary use \$300 had been spent last year. It would have been better to have spent 500 cents for coal and matches with which to burn it up. It was cheaper to put up new buildings than continue spending large amounts on repairs every year. One of the first questions asked a real estate man by interlocking residents was regarding schools, and it was with a blush of shame that they had to point to some of Victoria's buildings. He hoped everyone would do everything possible to secure the passage of the by-law.

In reply to a question regarding the fair wage clause, he said the terms of the Municipal Clauses Act would govern. Ex-Mayor Morley. Ex-Mayor Morley was next called upon. He said the reason he had asked about whether Mr. Adams' advice had been asked was that the two systems might not interfere. One point Mr. Hutchison had perhaps not considered was whether the one set of mains could not be used for both systems, thus effecting a big saving. He did not know whether Mr. Adams would recommend this, but he should have been asked his opinion concerning the matter seeing that he was the council's adviser regarding water works matters. It would only be once in a long while the salt water system would be used, and it would not hurt the pipes for the length of time the salt water would be in them. By running fresh water through them they could be made as clean as ever.

Mayor Hall pointed out that they were not interfering with Mr. Adams' work. They were merely calling in a man to take up a totally different work. Mr. Gonnason asked what the effect of putting a high pressure on the domestic service would be, and the mayor said the result would be that the plumbing would go to pieces. Mr. McNeil—"It might be necessary to keep the salt water in the pipes for 24 or 36 hours, and what would the people do in that time?" Mr. Morley reiterated his complaint about Mr. Adams not having been consulted.

Mayor Hall—"You are doing the best you can to kill this by-law." Mr. Morley—"You are killing it by not getting Mr. Adams' advice." Mayor Hall—"You appear to have implicit faith in Mr. Adams' ability now, but you hadn't two years ago when you refused to follow it." In reply to Mr. Bowen, Mayor Hall said that in other places separate sets of pipes were used for the two systems. Mr. Hutchison explained that it would be impossible to turn on a high pressure unless there was some sort of adjusting apparatus on the house plumbing. Otherwise it would be badly damaged.

Supports By-laws.

Ald. Hall warmly supported both the school and the high pressure system. The complaint that the high pressure system would serve only a small portion of the city was absurd. A serious fire loss in the business district would affect the whole city, and would tend to demoralize property values all over the city. The congested district which it was proposed to serve was the heaviest taxing portion of the city. The money from that district went to all other portions of the city, and there should, therefore, be no narrow spirit in connection with this by-law. The salt water was meant to prevent a big conflagration. The fire insurance companies were not afraid of the indi-

vidual fire, but of the conflagration, and on this basis arranged their rates. Anything that would mean the prevention of a conflagration would mean also reduced rates.

In reply to a question, he said that he expected that the reduction promised by the underwriters meant that the penalty imposed after the fire of last summer would be withdrawn. The reservoir on Smith's hill and an improved domestic supply were conditions of this reduction, as well as the high pressure system. The penalty imposed last summer amounted to \$30,000 per year.

W. W. Bowen, the questioner, said the system would therefore pay for itself in a little over two years.

Plea For All By-laws.

Ald. Cameron put forth a strong plea for the passing of all the by-laws, but particularly the sewer and school measures. There should be no question about the latter, for he thought the trustees had been exceedingly modest in their demands. They might with reason have asked for a great deal more. Nothing was too good for the children of Victoria in the matter of education. It was a shame that the trustees should be forced to plead with people to vote for this by-law. The people should appreciate the necessity for ample school accommodation.

In connection with the sewer system he wanted to impress upon the people that the city as a whole was not being fixed for it, but it was only the owners of property that would be benefited who would be called upon to pay. Since sewerage had been introduced the health of the city had improved wonderfully, and it was only fair that the newer sections should have the protection in this matter that others now enjoyed, especially as they were paying for it themselves.

He asked every one present to go out and do what they could to secure the passage of all the by-laws.

The meeting closed with cheers for the chairman.

CONGO TRYING TO

HOODWINK PUBLIC

Governor of State Says British

Consular Reports Are

False.

Brussels, April 15.—The governor of the Congo independent state has issued a reply to the British white book, containing reports from British consuls in the Congo. The reports, the reply states, are untrue particularly the affirmation with respect to the execution of taxes in labor instead of money, the statements that transportation on the upper part of the Congo river is a state monopoly, that the collection of taxes in the Katanaga region is framed out, and that a commercial agent sentenced to death for murder had been released are declared to be equally false.

The document goes fully into the questions, relating to commerce and duties that the state has placed obstacles in the way of private traders.

CALL THEM SPECIAL ORDERS.

Suits Made to Measure in Four Days by the Semi-ready.

Every Semi-ready store carries a large stock of fine clothes that can be finished to measure in two hours, but in addition they carry 235 different patterns of of tailors' work, serge and tweeds. From any of these they can have suits made to one's exact physique type in four days at the factory. They are guaranteed better tailoring than any custom tailor can possibly produce.

VON BUELOW AT VATICAN.

Rome, April 15.—The Pope received today in private audience Prince Von Buelow, the Imperial German Chancellor, and Princess Von Buelow. The Pontiff said he hoped that the sojourn here of the chancellor and his conference with Cardinal Merry Del Val, the papal secretary of state, would bring about an understanding in regard to the Catholic questions in Germany.

## Go-Carts for Easter

Don't forget to treat baby to the new Go-Cart for Easter. With the new Spring Millinery and fashion's efforts in the way of dainty, chic, costumes delighting the grown folk, baby should also be in "style." We are to-day showing a splendid range of styles in our Broughton street windows. Come and see these, and others on the Fourth Floor. Ask for the Go-Cart catalogue. Here are a half-dozen excellent values:



Reclining Folding Go-Cart

No. K. 37, C. & P.—Body is steel and hardwood, reed front and wood back, varnished; mattress cushion; lace parasol. Gear is all steel, four 10-in. rubber tire wheels, patent wheel fastener. Dark green enamel finish.

Price, \$9.50



Collapsible Go-Cart

No. S. 24—Body wood frame and handle. Upholstering, green leather cloth. Gear is all steel; four 10-in. rubber tire wheels. Green enamel finish. Same as cut.

LET US DEMONSTRATE THESE USEFUL CARTS

Price, \$9.00



Reclining Go-Cart

No. K. 2, U. & P.—Body is reed, varnished; sides upholstered, has mattress cushion, lace parasol. Gearing is all steel, four 16-in. rubber tire wheels, Whitney patent anti-friction wheel fastener, and foot brake. Carmine enamel finish.

Price, \$15.00



Pullman Sleeper

No. 824—Body is reed, varnished; sides upholstered; has mattress cushion; lace parasol. Gear is all steel; four 16-in. rubber tire wheels; Whitney patent anti-friction wheel fastener; foot brake. Green enamel finish.

Price, \$18.00



Pullman Sleeper

No. 827—Body is reed, varnished; sides upholstered; has mattress cushion; lace parasol. Gear is English strap, four 16½-in. rubber tire wheels, Whitney patent anti-friction wheel fastener; foot brake. Green enamel finish; Enamelled push bar.

Price, \$25.00



Pullman Sleeper

No. 851—Body is reed, varnished; sides upholstered, tapestry or velvet; hood is reed, varnished, upholstered like body. Gear is steel tubular; four 16½-in. rubber tire wheels, Whitney patent anti-friction wheel fastener; foot brake. Carmine enamel finish. Enamelled push bar.

Price, \$32.50

The Pullman Sleeper is a combination of carriage and go-cart. The body is smaller than that of a carriage, size of base being 22 x 15 inches. It also has adjustable reclining back, and foot-well with sliding cover.

## Splendid Showing of Easter Flower Holders

Large Shipment of New British Flower Holders Monday

Easter means a gorgeous floral decoration in your home. You need some new flower holders—that's certain—and you are surely interested in knowing the best place to fill such wants. We show by far the most complete and splendid range of suitable flower holders shown in the city. Some of the most interesting of the new Spring productions are shown—the finest creations of foreign and domestic makers. Long and narrow, short and broad—for lilies and roses, for pansies or violets. Yes! To suit any and all of the beauties of the floral kingdom that bloom at gladsome Eastertide. The prices for simple styles begin as low as ten cents—and you'll be surprised to see what this small sum will buy this season. More money buys larger sizes and more elaborateness—the variety also widens. Come in to-day.

Just See What We Can Offer at 10c and Other Little Prices

**WEILER BROS.**  
HOME, HOTEL AND CLUB FURNISHERS—VICTORIA, B. C.

BILL DEALS WITH  
G. T. P. BRANCH LINES

Company Will Be Allowed Five  
Years to Complete Sub-  
sidiary Roads.

(Special to the Times).

Ottawa, April 14.—The railway committee of the Commons passed the Grand Trunk Pacific Branch Lines Bill to-day. This was for an extension of time. Two years were granted to begin and five years to complete.

These branch lines from the main line are to Ottawa, Orillia, Hudson's Bay, Regina, Calgary, and Prince Albert, Battleford, Vancouver, Dawson, St. John and other points.

Mr. Biggar, counsel for the company, said that a number of the western branches would be left until next summer. Colonel Tisdale, who has been for many years an active member of the committee, announced that he was in all probability attending the committee for the last session, meaning that he would not again be a candidate for parliament.

## The Maple Syrup Season IS ON

There is one line of Maple Syrup that leads all others in public favor each season. This year, as for many years it's

**RAMSAY'S  
IMPERIAL BRAND**

Its marked superiority of flavor places it in a class by itself.

FOR SALE BY ALL GOOD GROCERS.

Subscribe for The Times

## YOU NEED NEW HOSE

The city already finds it necessary to sprinkle the streets. How about the garden?

We have a large assortment of hose, 3 and 4 ply rubber and canvas.  
½-in. garden Rubber Hose, 50 ft. lengths. Couplings free..... \$5.50  
¾-in. garden Rubber Hose, 50 ft. lengths. Couplings free..... \$6.00  
½-in. garden Rubber Hose, 50 ft. lengths. Couplings free..... \$7.25  
¾-in. garden Rubber Hose, 50 ft. lengths. Couplings free..... \$8.00  
Canvas Hose, 50 ft. lengths. Couplings free..... \$6.50  
Phone 82 and get prompt delivery. P. O. Box 682

B. C. HARDWARE CO., LTD.

## An Extra Special Easter Value

Here you almost invariably find luxuries on a price-level with necessities. This is one of our Easter "specials."

MENIER COCOA

REGULAR PRICE, 90c. SPECIAL PRICE, per 1 lb. tin..... 50c.

FRESH VEGETABLES.

We please those who want the best in New Potatoes, Asparagus, Cauliflower, Cabbage, Rhubarb, Radishes, Spring Onions, Lettuce, Celery, Beet, etc. Popular prices.

The West End Grocery Co. Ltd.

42 Government St. Phone 88.